

USER MANUAL FOR STREAMTUBE CURVATURE ANALYSIS

NASA-CR-112239-3) USER MANUAL FOR
STREAMTUBE CURVATURE ANALYSIS: ANALYTICAL
METHOD FOR PREDICTING THE PRESSURE
DISTRIBUTION ABOUT A NACELLE AT (General
Electric Co.) 304 p HC ~~44788~~ CSCL 20D

N73-24315

Unclas
G3/12 03966

ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR PREDICTING THE PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION ABOUT A NACELLE AT TRANSONIC SPEEDS

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Langley Research Center
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NAS1-10804

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SPRINGFIELD, VA. 22161

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This appendix to the User Manual for the Streamtube Curvature Analysis contains the computer program listing. It should be noted that the listing includes explanatory statements and titles so that the program flow is readily discernable. The computer program listing is in CDC Fortran 2.3 source language form, except for three subroutines, GETIX, GETRLX, and SAVIX, which are in Compose 1.1 language.

```

- *DECK MAIN
  OVERLAY(STC,0,0)
  PROGRAM STCA(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE5,TAPE6=OUTPUT,
- * TAPE1,TAPE2,TAPE4=TAPE2)
  COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT,REF(5),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
    LOGICAL TAPIN,TAPOT, FILIN,FILOT
- EQUIVALENCE (IPROGM,PROGM)
  COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
  COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,DUM1(2),ENDCRD
    LOGICAL ENDJOB, ENDCRD
- COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
  EQUIVALENCE (IBLANK,BLANK)
- COMMON /CNTRL / K5(8),CARRY,ICHN
  LOGICAL CARRY
  COMMON /IXORIG/ IIDUM(21),NM,IIIDUM(11)
  COMMON /KEYS / KEYA(11),KEYB(11),KODA(22)
    DIMENSION XKEYA(11)
- EQUIVALENCE (XKEYA(1),KEYA(1))
  COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
    LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
- C
  COMMON /CINNER/ INRCR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
  COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
    LOGICAL GREFIN
- COMMON /CPRINT/ PPDUM(6),PDUM(20)
  COMMON /CTAPUS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
    LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
- COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLES2,NSWP,
  * DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,ES2MX,DS1RMO
  *, SG1MIN,TOLINK
- COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO,NTAPN
  DIMENSION AA(8)
C DS1DMP= DAMPING FACTOR ON DS1, =0 FOR NO DAMPING, =1 FOR NOMINAL
- C DS1MXA= MAX-DS1
C DS1MXB= MAX CALCULATED DS1 BEFORE DAMPING
C DS1RMS= RMS OF THE CALCULATED DS1-S
- C ES2MX = MAX SL POSITION ERROR AS DETERMINED BY THE FLOW BALANCE
C DS2MX = MAX CALCULATED SL ADJUSTMENT
C NSWP = NUMBER OF LRELAX SWEEPS
- COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
  DATA KA/1HA/, KBDY/3HBDY/, STC/3HSTC/
  DATA ITRUE/1HT/

- NTAPO = 1
  NTAPN = 2
  WRITE (6,7760)
- 7760 FORMAT(1H1,22X,2BH* * C A R D I N P U T * */)
C INITIALIZE--- AFTER READING NAMELISTS ID,DIP
  ENDFILE 5
  REWIND 5
- 7777 FORMAT(1H1)
  7778 FORMAT(8A10)
  7775 READ (5,7778) AA
- IF( EOF,5 ) 7781,7776
  7776 WRITE (6,7778) AA
  GO TO 7775
- 7781 REWIND 5
  READ(5,1001) NAME

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      READ(5,1001) ADDRESS
      READ(5,1001) IDENT
1001  FORMAT (1X,6A10)
      READ (5,1002) IN1,PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1002  FORMAT (12,1X,A10,L1,9X,L1)
      11 WRITE (6,1100) PROGM,TAPIN,TAPOT
1100  FORMAT (1H1,10X,16HEXECUTING PROGM=,A6/10X,6HTAPIN=,L2,5X,
* 6HTAPOT=,L2/)
      XKEYA(4)= PROGM
      PROGSV= PROGM
      ENDCRD= .FALSE.
      ERRMAJ= .FALSE.
      PRERR = .FALSE.
      DO 2 I=1,3
      KEYA(I)= IBLANK
2  KEYH(I)= IBLANK
3  FILIN = TAPIN
      FILOT = TAPOT
      TAPIN = .FALSE.
      TAPOT = .FALSE.
      ERR   = .FALSE.
      DATA IBDY/3HBDY/
      K5    = IBDY
4  PROGM = BITS
8  K5    = KA
      GO TO 12
C    CONSECUTIVE DIP LIST READ
      5 READ (5,1003) IN1,IN2,IN3,IN4
1003  FORMAT(12,1X,3A10)
      IF(EOF,5) 19,7

      7 GO TO (20,9,10),IN1
      9 K5    = KBDY
      K5(2) = IN3
      ICHN  = IN4
      GO TO 12
10  K5    = IN2
      K5(2) = IN3

C    INPUT SECTION----- ENTRY STCN TO (1,0)
12  LENTRY= 1
      LOVER = 1
      CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
      IF((.NOT.INERR) .AND. (.NOT.ERR) ) GO TO 5
15  WRITE (6,1004) LOVER,LENTY
1004  FORMAT (//2X,9HERR = T,5X,7HERRCOD=,12,5X,7HLENTY=,12)
      CALL ERRORK(6HERR=T )
      WRITE (6,1000)
1000  FORMAT(1H1//10X,26H***** JOB TERMINATED ***** )
      STOP
19  ENDJOB= .TRUE.

C    INPUT PROCESSING COMPLETE-- BUILD TABLES
20  LENTRY= 2
      LOVER = 1
      CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,0,6HRECALL)
      IF(ERR) GO TO 15
      WRITE (6,1140)

```



```

1140 FORMAT(1H1//17X,3H***,17X,19HSOLUTION    HISTORY,20X,3H***/
1      7X,103HGRID      +      INNER      +      ORTHOGONALIZAT
2ION      +      FLOW      +      MATRIX SOLUTION /
3      4X,10HREFINEMENT,9X,10HITERATIONS,41X,7HBALANCE//
4      2X,106HNREFIN GRID INRCTR CNVF RMS-DS1 MAX-D
551 MAX-DS1 LIM-ES2 MAX-ES2 MAX-DS2 NSWEEPS /13X,3HPTS
6      ,23X,16H(BEFORE DAMPING),4X,7H(AFTER))

```

C INITIAL CALCULATION OF DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE GE 205

```

205 LENTRY= 1
LOVER = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERK) GO TO 15
IF(.NOT.RESTRT) GO TO 210
RESTRT= .FALSE.
GREFIN= .TRUE.
LENTY= 5
GO TO 216

```

C REFINE GRID-- ON FIRST ENTRY INSERT BOWSHOCK GE 210

```

210 LENTRY= 2
LOVER = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
IF( .NOT. GREFIN ) GO TO 2511
MAJCTR= MAJCTR+1
INRCTR= 0
DS2MX = 0.
NSWP = 0

```

C CALCULATE CURV,PHI,DS1-S.-- ORTHOGONALIZE. ADJUST FLOWS GE 215

```

215 LENTRY= 3
216 LOVER = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERR) GO TO 15

```

C CALCULATE B,RHS-- FLOW BALANCE-- STATION LOOP-- ENTRY-STCB

```

225 LENTRY= 1
LOVER = 2
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
IF(ERK) GO TO 15
ES2LIM= SG1MIN*TOLINR
WRITE (6,1010) MAJCTR,NM,INRCTR,CNVF(MAJCTR),DS1RMS,DS1MXB,DS1MXA,
1      ES2LIM,ES2MX,DS2MX,NSWP
1010 FORMAT(16,I10,I9,F9.2,F12.6,2F10.6,3F11.6,16)
IF(INRCTR.EQ.0 .OR. (ES2MX.GE.ES2LIM.AND.INRCTR.LT.NINNER(MAJCTR))
1      ) GO TO 240
IF(MAJCTR.LT.MAXIT .AND. GREFIN) GO TO 210
2511 IF(ES2MX.LT.(CLEN*TOLES2) .OR. INRCTR.GE.NINNER(MAJCTR)) GO TO 300

```

C CALCULATE POINT MOVEMENT (LRELAX) GE 240

```

240 LOVER = 4
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,4,0)
IF(ERK) GO TO 15

```

C ADJUST STREAMLINES, CALCULATE FAR FIELD VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION 250

```

250 LENTRY= 4
LOVER = 3
CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,3,0,6HRECALL)

```

```
IF(ERR) GO TO 15
INRCTR= INRCTR+1
GO TO 215
```

C WRITE OUTPUT

GE 300

```
300 LENTRY= 2
    LOVER = 2
    CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,0,6HRECALL)
    IF(PDUM(10).EQ.2.) CALL EDUMPS
    IF(ERR) GO TO 15
    IF(ENDJOB) GO TO 100
    IF( IN3.EQ.ITRUE ) TAPIN=.TRUE.
    IF( IN4.EQ.ITRUE ) TAPOT=.TRUE.
    IPRGM= IN2
    GO TO 11
```

C

```
100 WRITE (6,2000)
2000 FORMAT (1H1//10X,26H***** ENDJOB ***** )
    STOP
    END
```

*DECK USECDG
BLOCK DATA USECDG
*USECDG REPLACE LFIELD USE CARDS
COMMON /ALLCOM/ C1(24)
COMMON /CPRINT/ C32(26)
COMMON /CTHICK/ C7(120)
COMMON /CIDEX / C5(6)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ C3(6)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ C30(20)

COMMON /CDS2 / C12(900)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(768)

COMMON /CHDATA/ C9(2200)
COMMON /CEND / C2(2)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(768)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(768)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(768)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(768)
COMMON /SLTAB / C8(384)
COMMON /CM / JMS(768)

COMMON /CB / B(768)
COMMON /CZ / Z(768)
COMMON /CR / R(768)
COMMON /CVM / VM(768)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ C4(830)
COMMON /ERASE2/ C31(1536)
END

5

*DECK STCBLK

BLOCK DATA STCBLK

*STCBLK STC BLOCK DATA

-STCBLK-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CBEND / NBCR(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CGRV / CG
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PPK(26)
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CBOW / BSHOCK,DUMBS(8)
LOGICAL BSHOCK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
DIMENSION CRX(6)
EQUIVALENCE (CRX,CRXSL)
C CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
C CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
C CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1
LOGICAL PASS1
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1 ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
INTEGER FARFLD,FREE,PRES
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM
COMMON /CLBL / LBL,LSS(2),LBLCTR,MAXLBL,TOLLBL,ES2LBL,SSOL
LOGICAL LBL, SSOL
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CREFIN/ SLS,SG21,VMG1,VMG2, NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
1 SGZ(10),GZ(10)
DIMENSION G40(40)
EQUIVALENCE (G40,SGR)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
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C   SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C   SSDF  = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C   SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C   SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C   SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C   A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C   BRLX  = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C   CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /CSLC / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLES2,NSWP,
1      DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,ES2MX,DS1RMO
*,      SG1MIN,TOLINR
COMMON /SLTAB2/ PTR(128)
COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX

DATA MACHA/1.E+15/,PSA,PTA/2*14.696/,TSA,TTA/2*518.7/,
1  RGA/1716.2/, GAMA/1.4/,      AXIA/.TRUE./
DATA CHOTST/.TRUE./, SCALEA/1./, TTE/0./
DATA NBCIN/2,2/

DATA LHD,LHE/1,0/
DATA LEO,LEE/1,0/, LRO,LRE/1,0/,MO,NM/1,0/
DATA MAXNJ/128/, MAXOL/96/, NFCOLS/20/

DATA BITS/1.E+15/,BLANK/1H /
DATA PI/3.14159265/, TWOPI/6.2831853/, PIQ2/1.57079632/,
1  PIQ4/.78539816/, TODEG/57.2957795/, TORAD/.0174532925/

DATA CG/32.174/
DATA (PTITLE(I),I=1,6)/6H      ,6H  STRE,6HAMTUBE,6H CURVA,
* 6HTURE P,6HROGRAM/
DATA PPK/26*0./

DATA BSHOCK/F/
DATA CRX/.375,.375,.125,0.,0.,0./

DATA NINNER/16*10/,CNVF/16*1./
DATA (FARFLD(I),I=1,2)/10HFF      ,10H      /
DATA (FREE(I),I=1,2)/10H      ,10H      /
DATA (PRES(I),I=1,2)/10H      ,10H      /
DATA A1,A2/2.,8./,ADUM/.25,5*0./
DATA RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM/.5,.5,0/
DATA PASS1/.TRUE./
DATA LBL/.FALSE./, MAXLBL/5/, TOLLBL/.01/
DATA RN/0./
DATA RHL/1./, RM/1./
DATA PRPRN/0/
DATA VELPOT/F/,ICOB/0/, NODENS/0/
DATA G40/40*1.E+15/,NGR,NGZ/1,0/
DATA VMG1,VMG2/.1,.1/, SGR/10.,9*0./, SLS,SG21/.01,1./
DATA SGZ/10*0./

DATA SSFML/1/, SSEF/.FALSE./, SSEANG/0./, SSDF/.FALSE./
1,  SSFEND,SSFND1/.75,.75/
2,  SSDLE/F/, A4FACT/.3/, BRLX,CURRLX/1.,1./, TSIC/2./
3,  RHOC,RHOCSS/1.,1./
DATA BRANCH/4*999./

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7

DATA TOLRL/1.E-3/, MAXSWP/200/ , TOLES2/1.E-3/
DATA SG1MIN/10.E06/, TOLINR/.05/
DATA DS1DMP/.02/, DS1RMO/0./
DATA PTR/128*1./

DATA LMAX/64/
DATA PSA,PTA,TSA,TTA,RGA/5*1./
END

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*DECK EDUMPS
  SUBROUTINE EDUMPS
*EDUMPS      NORMAL TERM. EDUMP
  COMMON /CHDATA/ X1F(1)
  DIMENSION    X1(1)
  EQUIVALENCE  (X1F,X1)
  COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LD,LESTA,LSO,LSE,LDUM(6),
*              MU,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
  DIMENSION    LIMITS(24)
  EQUIVALENCE  (LIMITS,LHO)
  COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
  I1TAB = LFO
  CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
  I1TAB = LD
  CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
  RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK ERRORK
SUBROUTINE ERRORK(NAME)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1 MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96), AREA0(96), DISP(96), PT(96), LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96), SQRTVV(96), TS(96), TT(96), VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
2 WQA(96), WSTA(96), RG(96), C2CP(96), FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96), SDNQRM(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2, VVKQKP), (SDNQRM, RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU, LAMBDA)
C FIELD TABLES
C INDEX- M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDU, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

C STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
DIMENSION BDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT, CHNAME, BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

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C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C NCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
C LOGICAL PRIM
C DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
C EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

C EQUIVALENCE (BDT,X1F,X1), (LBNEXT,X2F,LNEXT), (LBZ1,X1BF,MLB)
C EQUIVALENCE (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB), (UP,S1F,PRIM)
C EQUIVALENCE (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB), (ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
C EQUIVALENCE (RBT,JORDER,ILB), (ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB

WRITE (6,100) NAME
100 FORMAT(/2X,13HERRORK CALL--,1A6//)

CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
I1TAB = LHDO
CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,BDT,LBDE,3)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

CALL JMSPT
CALL TABPRT(2HS1,S1,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(2HS2,S2,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HZ,Z,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HR,R,NM,10)

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CALL TABPRT(4HPHI1,PHI1,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(4HCURV,CURV,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(2HVM,VM,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HB,B,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(6HERASE2,AREA,1536,8)
160 WRITE (6,1160) NQ
1160 FORMAT(///4H NQ=,I4)
CALL TABPRT(2HZQ,ZQ,NQ,10)
CALL TABPRT(2HRQ,RQ,NQ,10)
CALL TABPRT(5HCURVQ,CURVQ,NQ,10)
CALL TABPRT(5HPHI1Q,PHI1Q,NQ,10)
CALL TABPRT(3HX2Q,X2Q,NQ,10)
CALL TABPRT(5HKCHNQ,KCHNQ,NQ,10)

LSTOP = 5
IF(LSTOP.EQ.5) STOP
RETURN
1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE-/17X32HJ      X2      SLCHN
*      W/(118,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,),)
END

```

*DECK ATAN3

FUNCTION ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGREF)

*ATAN3- ARCTAN FUNCTION WITH REFERENCE ANGLE

-ATAN3-

C LIMITS ARE- $(-PI) .LE. (ATAN3-ANGREF) .LT. (+PI)$

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG

COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI

DATA KNAME/6HATAN3 /

ANG = ATAN2(DY,DX)

N = 20

50 N = N-1

IF(N.EQ.0) CALL ERRORR(KNAME)

DANG = ANG-ANGREF

IF(PI-DANG) 60,70,70

60 ANG = ANG-TWOPI

GO TO 50

70 IF(DANG+PI) 80,90,90

80 ANG = ANG+TWOPI

GO TO 50

90 ATAN3 = ANG

RETURN

END

*DECK BARC

SUBROUTINE BARC(I)

*BARC-- BOUNDARY INTERVAL CURVALINEAR DIST

-BARC-

```
C INPUT-
C BDY = BOUNDARY TABLE OF Z,R,ANG
C I = INDEX OF COOR-Z RELATIVE TO BDY-TABLE ORIGIN

C OUTPUT-
C DR = DELTA-R = R(IV+1)-R(IV)
C DZ = DELTA-Z = Z(IV+1)-Z(IV)
C DX = CHORD CONNECTING THE POINTS OF THE INTERVAL
C ANGCHD= ANGLE OF THE CHORD
C YPA = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV
C YPB = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-IV+1
C SINTVL= CURVALINEAR DISTANCE BETWEEN POINTS IV,IV+1
C (ALSO-YPASQ,YPBSQ,YPAB)

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
LOGICAL RZONLY

DZ = ZBT(I+3)-ZBT(I)
DR = RBT(I+3)-RBT(I)
DX = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF(DX.EQ.0.) GO TO 90
ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANGBT(I))
YPA = ANGBT(I)-ANGCHD
YPB = ANGBT(I+3)-ANGCHD
YPASQ = YPA*YPA
YPAB = YPA*YPB
YPBSQ = YPB*YPB
90 SINTVL= DX*(1. + (YPASQ-.5*YPAB+YPBSQ)/15.)

RETURN
END
```

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```

*DECK BEAM
      SUBROUTINE BEAM(X,Y,ANG,N)
*BEAM--      ROTATED CUBICS SIMILATING A BEAM          -BEAM-
C            FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS

      DIMENSION X(100),Y(100),ANG(100)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      = COORDINATES OF POINTS
C  ANG      = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE GIVEN POINTS, RADIAN (MA=1)
C  ANG(1)   = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  N        = NUMBER OF POINTS
C  MA       = 0 IF THE VALUES OF ANGLES ARE NOT ESTIMATED,
C            = 1 IF ESTIMATED ANGLES ARE GIVEN
C  MB       = NO OF ITERATIONS
C  KD       = STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG
C  KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C            = -1 TO SKIP THE POINT ORDER CHECK
C            = .GE.1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C            (IF NOT INPUT MA=0, MB=1, KD=1, AND KORDER=0)
C  SUBROUTINE HEND MUST BE PROVIDED TO CALCULATE THE FOLLOWING COEFFI
C            A(2,1),A(3,1),B(1), A(1,N),A(2,N),B(N)

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      = CALCULATED VALUE OF THE CURVE ANGLE, RADIAN
C  R        = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, LEFT END OF SEGMENT
C  YPB      = SLOPE IN ROTATED COORDINATES, RIGHT END OF SEGMENT
C  ACHD     = ANGLE (RELATIVE TO HORIZONTAL) OF THE LINE SEGMENTS, RADIA
C  CHD      = LENGTHS OF THE LINE SEGMENTS BETWEEN THE INPUT POINTS, CHD
C  KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

C  NOTE-COMMON /ERASE/ MUST BE 8*N IN LENGTH. ITS LENGTH MAY BE CHANG
C  BY A $USE CARD WITHOUT PROGRAM RECOMPILE.

C  ORDER OF STORAGE IN COMMON /ERASE/ IS - A(1,3),A(1,1),A(1,2),B(1),
C  YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(1), A(2,1),A(2,2),A(2,3),B(2),YPB(2),DA(

      COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG
      COMMON /CREAM / MA,MB,KD
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)
      DIMENSION      YPA(100)
      EQUIVALENCE     (YPA,B)

      IF(N.LE.1) CALL ERROR1
      M      = MA
      N8     = 8*N-7

C  CALCULATE THE CHORDS CONNECTING THE GIVEN POINTS
C  AND CALC THE TURNING ANGLES BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE CHORDS
      K      = 1
      I      = 1
      IM8    = 1
      ACHD(1)=ANG(1)
100  KP     = K+KD
      SX     = X(KP)-X(K)
      SY     = Y(KP)-Y(K)
      B(1)   = ANG(K)
      CHD(1) = SQRT(SX*SX+SY*SY)

```

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```

      ACHD(I)=ATAN3(SY, SX, ACHD(IM8))
      DA(I) = DANG
      IF(I.GT.9 .AND. (ABS(DA(I))+ABS(DA(IM8))).GT.PI .AND.
* KORDER.NE.(-1)) GO TO 800
130 IM8 = I
    I = I+8
    K = K+KD
    IF(I-N8) 100,140,140
140 ACHD(I)=ACHD(I-8)
    DA(I) = 0.
    B(I) = ANG(K)

C   SLOPES IN THE ROTATED COORDINATE SYSTEM
C   FROM THE ESTIMATED INPUT ANGLES
    I = 1
    IF(M) 160,180,160
160 YPA(I)= TAN(B(I)-ACHD(I))
    YPB(I)= TAN(B(I+8)-ACHD(I))
    I = I+8
    IF(I-N8) 160,200,200

C   SLOPES EQUAL TO A FRACTION OF THE LINE SEGMENT TURNING
180 YPA(I)= -.2*DA(9)
    I = 9
185 YPB(I-8)=.4*DA(I)
    YPA(I)= -YPB(I-8)
    I = I+8
    IF(I-N8) 185,190,190
190 YPB(I-8)=.2*DA(I-8)

C   END EQUATIONS
200 CALL BEND(N)

C   MATCHING ANGLE AND CURVATURE EQUATIONS
    IF(N-2) 250,300,250
250 I = 9
    GO TO 260
255 A(I) = CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*YPA(I)*YPA(I))
    A(I+2)= CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))
    A(I+1)= 2.*(A(I)+A(I+2))
    B(I) = -2.*A(I)*DA(I) - A(I+2)*DA(I+8)
    I = I+8
260 IF(I-N8) 255,300,300

C   ROUTINE TDSEQ - TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
C   SOLUTION TO AX=B. ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B
300 A(3) = A(3)/A(2)
    B(1) = B(1)/A(2)
    I = 9

C   SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(1,3)
    A(1) = A(1)/A(2)
    A(10) = A(10)-A(9)*A(3)
    A(11) = (A(11)-A(9)*A(1))/A(10)
    GO TO 312
310 A(I+1)= A(I+1)-A(I)*A(I-6)
    A(I+2)= A(I+2)/A(I+1)
312 B(I) = (B(I)-A(I)*B(I-8)) / A(I+1)
    I = I+8

```

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-      IF(I-N8) 310,320,340
C      SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(N,N-2)
- 320      A(I) = A(I)-A(I+2)*A(I-14)
          B(I) = B(I)-A(I+2)*B(I-16)
          GO TO 310
-  C      BACK SUBSTITUTION
340 I      = N8
350 I      = I-8
      IF(I-1) 400,355,360
-  C      SPECIAL LOGIC FOR A(1,I)
355      B(I) = B(I)-A(I)*B(17)
360 B(I) = B(I)-A(I+2)*B(I+8)
      GO TO 350

-  C      REEVALUATE YPB
400 I      = 9
405 YPB(I-8)= B(I)+DA(I)
      I      = I+8
      IF(I-N8) 405,405,450

-  C      RETURN FOR ANOTHER ITERATION
450 M      = M+1
      IF(M-MB) 200,200,500

-  C      ANGLES
500 I      = 1
      K      = 1
505 ANG(K)= ACHD(I)+ATAN(B(I))
      I      = I+8
      K      = K+KD
      IF(I-N8)505,505,530
530 KORDER= 0
      GO TO 900

-  C      ERROR - OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 IF(KORDER.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      KORDER= K

- 900 RETURN
      END

```

*DECK CBEAM
BLOCK DATA BEAMBK
*CBEAM- DATA FOR /CBEAM /
COMMON /CREAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
DATA MA,MB,KD,KORDER/0.1,1,0/
END

-CBEAM-

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*DECK BEND

SUBROUTINE BEND(NN)

*BEND-- END CONDITIONS FOR THE BEAM FIT

-BEND-

C ON ENTRY -

C N = NUMBER OF POINTS

C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY - IN COMMON/CBEND/ -

C NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)

C = 0, 1, OR 2

C ANGE(L)=ANGLE IN DEGREES IF NBC(L)=1

C CURVE(L)=CURVATURE IF NBC(L)=2

C FEND(L)= RATIO OF SHEAR OF THE END TO NEXT TO END INTERVAL, NBC(L)

C ON RETURN-

C COEFFICIENTS - A(2),A(3),B(1) AND A(N8),A(N8+1),B(N8)

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)

COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD

COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

C INITIALIZE

N = NN

C N8 = INDEX FOR RIGHT END POINT

N8 = 8*N-7

A(1) = 0.

A(2) = 1.

A(3) = 0.

A(N8) = 0.

A(N8+1)=1.

A(N8+2)=0.

C A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0.

NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)

IF(N.GT.2 .OR. NBCS.GT.0) GO TO 80

B(1) = 0.

B(2) = 0.

GO TO 900

C CHECK IF PARABOLA (F=0) SHOULD BE USED

80 IF(N.EQ.3 .AND. NBCS.EQ.0) GO TO 90

F1 = FEND(1)

F2 = FEND(2)

GO TO 110

90 F1 = 0.

F2 = 0.

C NBC=01, Y AND ANGLE SPECIFIED

C LEFT END

110 IF(NBC(1).NE.01) GO TO 120

B(1) = TAN(TORAD*ANGE(1)-ACHD(1))

C RIGHT END

120 IF(NBC(2).NE.01) GO TO 210

B(N8) = TAN(TORAD*ANGE(2)-ACHD(N8))

C NBC=02, Y AND CURVATURE SPECIFIED

C LEFT END

210 IF(NBC(1).NE.02) GO TO 220

A(2) = 4.

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```

      A(3) = 2.
      B(1) = -2.*DA(9)+CHD(1)*CURVE(1)*(1.+1.5*B(1)*B(1))
C      RIGHT END
220  IF(NBC(2).NE.02) GO TO 310
      A(N8) = 2.
      A(N8+1)=4.
      B(N8) = -CHD(N8-8)*CURVE(2)*(1.+1.5*YPB(N8-8)*YPB(N8-8))

C      NBC=0,      YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C      LEFT END
310  IF(NBC(1).NE.0) GO TO 320
      IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 315
      DX1SQ = CHD(1)*CHD(1)
      DX2SQ = CHD(9)*CHD(9)
      A(2) = DX2SQ
      A(1) = -F1*DX1SQ
      A(3) = A(2)+A(1)
      B(1) = F1*DA(17)*DX1SQ - DA(9)*DX2SQ
      GO TO 320
315  A(3) = 1.
      B(1) = 0.

C      RIGHT END
320  IF(NBC(2).NE.0) GO TO 900
      IF(N.EQ.2) GO TO 325
      DXNSQ = CHD(N8-8)*CHD(N8-8)
      DXMSQ = CHD(N8-16)*CHD(N8-16)
      A(N8+2)=-F2*DXNSQ
      A(N8+1)=DXMSQ
      A(N8) = A(N8+1)+A(N8+2)
      B(N8) = F2*DA(N8-8)*DXNSQ
      GO TO 900
325  A(N8) = 1.
      B(N8) = 0.

900  RETURN
      END

```

*DECK CHEND

BLOCK DATA BENDBK

*CBEND- DATA FOR /CBEND /

-CBEND-

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)

DATA NBC,ANGE,CURVE,FEND/2*0,6*0./

END

*DECK BFI

SUBROUTINE BFI

*BFI--- BEAM FIT INTERPOLATION.

-BFI-

```
C      INPUT-
C      DR      = R(I+1)-R(I)
C      DZ      = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
C      YPA     = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-I
C      YPB     = ANGLE RELATIVE TO THE CHORD, POINT-I+1
C      F       = X/DX
C      G       = (DX-X)/DX
C      RZONLY = T IF YQDX, RM AND ZM ONLY ARE TO BE COMPUTED

C      OUTPUT DATA AT THE INTERMEDIATE POINT WITHIN THE INTERVAL
C      YQDX    = Y/DX, DISTANCE NORMAL TO THE CHORD
C      ZM      = Z-Z(I)
C      RM      = R-R(I)
C      DX      = LENGTH OF THE CHORD
C      ANGM    = ANG-ANGCHD
C      CURVM   = CURVATURE
C      SIM     = CURVALINEAR DISTANCE FROM POINT-I

C      NOTES-
C      CHORD = LINE BETWEEN POINTS I AND I+1

COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,
1      RZONLY
      LOGICAL      RZONLY

      DOUBLE PRECISION C1,C2,C3,C4,C5

      YQDX = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
      RM   = YQDX*DZ+F*DR
      ZM   = F*DZ-YQDX*DR
      IF (RZONLY) GO TO 990
      DX   = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
      ANGM = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
      CURVM = (YPA*(6.*G-2.)+YPB*(-6.*F+2.))/(DX*(1.+1.5*ANGM*ANGM))
      YPASQ = YPA*YPA
      YPAB  = YPA*YPB
      YPBSQ = YPB*YPB
      C1    = 1.+5*YPASQ
      C2    = -2.*YPASQ-YPAB
      C3    = (11.*(YPASQ+YPAB) + YPBSQ+YPBSQ)/3.
      C4    = -3.*YPASQ - 4.5*YPAB - 1.5*YPBSQ
      C5    = 9.*(YPASQ+YPAB+YPAB+YPBSQ)/10.
      SIM   = DX*(F*(C1+F*(C2+F*(C3+F*(C4+F*(C5))))))
990 RETURN
      END
```

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```
*DECK CBFI
BLOCK DATA BFIBLK
*CBFI--      BLOCK DATA FOR BFI      -CBFI-
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,
1           RZONLY
LOGICAL      RZONLY
DATA RZONLY/.FALSE./
END
```

```

*DECK FHEAD
      SUBROUTINE FHEAD(LA1)
C+HEAD----- CDC VERSION
      COMMON /ADAM01/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
      COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
      COMMON /LINMAX/ LMAX

      LA    = LA1

C      ADJUST LINE COUNT
5     LINTOT= LINES+LA
      IF( LINTOT.GT.LMAX ) GO TO 8
      LINES = LINTOT
6     RETURN
C      RESTORE AND PRINT IDENTIFICATION IF LINE COUNT.GT.LMAX
8     WRITE (6,810) TITLE,PTITLE,IDENT
      LINES = LA+3
      GO TO 6
810  FORMAT(1H1,6A10,33X,6A6/1X,6A10)
      END

```

```

*      DECK GETIX
      IDENT  GETIX
      ENTRY  GETIX, SAVIX
*
*      SUBROUTINE GETIX
*
*      COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
*      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
*      INPUT-
*      JMS   = ARRAY CONTAINING PACKED INDICES J,MU,MD,ISTAG
*      M     = INDEX OF -JMS- ARRAY
*
*      OUTPUT-
*      J     = STREAMLINE NUMBER
*      MU    = M- UPSTREAM
*      MD    = M- DOWNSTREAM
*      ISTAG = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.
*

```

```

GETIX      BSSZ      1
          SA1        M           CONTENTS OF M IN X1
          SA2        X1+JMS-1    JMS(M) IN X2
          SB3        0           INITIALIZE
          SB4        3
LOOPG      SA3        MASK1+B3    LOAD MASK
          BX6        X2*X3       AND TO MASK
          SA1        SHIFT+B3    SHIFT BITS IN X1
          SB5        X1          MOVE TO B5
          AX6        X6,B5       SHIFT
          SA6        J+B3        STORE
          SB3        B3+1
          LE         B3,B4,LOOPG
          JP         GETIX      TRA FOR RETURN

```

```

*
*      SUBROUTINE SAVIX
*      INPUT-
*      M     = INDEX OF JMS ARRAY
*      J     = STREAMLINE NUMBER
*      MU    = M- UPSTREAM
*      MD    = M- DOWNSTREAM
*      ISTAG = INDICATOR FOR STAGNATION POINT, ETC.
*      OUTPUT-
*      JMS(M)= PACKED J,MU,MD,ISTAG
*

```

```

SAVIX      BSSZ      1
          MX3        0
          SB3        0           INITIALIZE
          SB4        3
LOOPS      SA2        B3+J       J IN X2
          SA1        SHIFT+B3
          SB5        X1
          LX2        X2,B5       SHIFT LEFT
          BX3        X3+X2       OR TO X3
          SB3        B3+1
          LE         B3,B4,LOOPS
          SA1        M
          BX6        X3          MOVE TO X6
          SA6        X1+JMS-1    STORE JMS(M)
          JP         SAVIX      TRA FOR RETURN
MASK1      DATA     000000000776000000000
          DATA     000000000001777700000
          DATA     000000000000000077774

```

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	DATA	000000000000000000000003
SHIFT	DATA	28
	DATA	15
	DATA	2
	DATA	0
	USE	/CM/
JMS	BSS	300
	USE	/CIDEX/
M	BSS	1
J	BSS	1
MU	BSS	1
MD	BSS	1
ISTAG	BSS	1
*		
	END	

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*DECK GETRLX

IDENT	GETRLX	GETRLX
ENTRY		

* GETRLX	BSSZ	1	
	SB4	25	INITIALIZE REGISTERS
	SB7	-5	
LOOP	SB7	B7+5	INDEX B7
	GE	B7,B4,GETRLX	
LOOP2	SA1	B7+M	CONTENTS OF M IN X1
	SA2	X1+JMS-1	JMS(M) IN X2
	SA3	MASK1	MU-MASK IN X3
	BX6	X2*X3	EXTRACT MU
	SA1	SHIFT	
	SB3	X1	SHIFT BITS
	AX6	X6,B3	SHIFT RIGHT
	NZ	X6,UPO	TEST FOR STREAMLINE ORIGIN
	SA4	M	M- TO X4
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
UPO	SA6	B7+MU	STORE CURRENT MU
	SA3	MASK1+1	MD-MASK IN X3
	BX6	X2*X3	EXTRACT MD
	SA1	SHIFT+1	
	SB3	X1	SHIFT BITS
	AX6	X6,B3	SHIFT RIGHT
	NZ	X6,DNO	TEST FOR STREAMLINE TERMINATION
	SA4	M	M- TO X4
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
DNO	SA6	B7+MD	STORE CURRENT MD
	SA3	MASK1+2	ISTAG-MASK IN X3
	BX6	X2*X3	EXTRACT ISTAG
	SB6	3	
	SB3	X6	MOVE LOW ORDER BITS TO B3
	NE	B3,B6,NOTPO	TEST FOR PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL
	ZR	B7,NOTPO	BRANCH IF MID-POINT
	SB3	5	
	LQ	B3,B7,UPPO	
	SB3	15	
	EQ	B3,B7,UPPO	
	SA4	B7+MD	CURRENT MD IN X4
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	B7+M	RESET M TO MOVE RIGHT
	JP	LOOP2	
* UPPO	SA4	B7+MU	CURRENT MU IN X4
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	B7+M	RESET M TO MOVE LEFT
	JP	LOOP2	
* NOTPO	SB3	15	
	GE	B7,B3,LOOP	CONTINUE IF ON EXTREME(M2,M6) POINTS
	NZ	B7,TEST1	CONTINUE CHECK
	SA4	MU	MU IN X4
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M+5	SET UP FOR M3,M5
	SA4	MD	
	BX6	X4	MOVE TO X6
	SA6	M+10	

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```

      JP      LOOP
*
TEST1  SB3    5
      NE      B7,B3,TEST2
      SA4     B7+MU      SET UP M2 POINT
      BX6     X4         MOVE TO X6
      SA6     M+15
      JP      LOOP
TEST2  SA4     B7+MD      SET UP M6 POINT
      BX6     X4         MOVE TO X6
      SA6     M+20
      JP      LOOP
MASK1  DATA   000000000000177700000
      DATA   0000000000000000077774
      DATA   0000000000000000000003
SHIFT  DATA   15
      DATA   2
      USE     /CM/
JMS     BSS    300
      USE     /CIDEXR/
M       BSS    2
MU      BSS    1
MD      BSS    1
ISTAG   BSS    21
      END

```

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*DECK JMSPT

SUBROUTINE JMSPT

*JMSPT PRINT INDEX ARRAY, JMS

-JMSPT-

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /ERASE / IOUT(800)

C RESTOR PAGE

WRITE (6,1000)

M = 1

IS = 30

40 I = 1

MA = M

50 CALL GETIX

IOUT(I)=J

IOUT(I+1)=MU

IOUT(I+2)=MD

IF(ISTAG .EQ. 0) GO TO 60

IOUT(IS+1) = M

IOUT(IS+2) = ISTAG

IS = IS + 2

60 I = I+3

M = M+1

IF(I.LT.30 .AND. M.LE.NM) GO TO 50

IB = I-1

WRITE (6,1002) MA,(IOUT(L),L=1,IB)

IF(M.LE.NM) GO TO 40

WRITE (6,1004) (IOUT(I),I=31,IS)

1000 FORMAT(8H1J-MU-MD)

1002 FORMAT(1X,15,30I4)

1004 FORMAT(18H M-ISTAG/(6X,20I5))

RETURN

END

*DECK LBF

FUNCTION LBF(BDYNAM)

*LBF--- BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX FROM BDY NAME

-LBF-

```
      INTEGER BLANK,BDYNAM
C     BOUNDARY TABLE
C     INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C     LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C     LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C     CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C     UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C     LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C            CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C     BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C            DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                     CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                     ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL          UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
      DIMENSION        BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                     LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*                     MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                     LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION        LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

C     SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME
      LB = LBDO
60  IF(BDT(LB).EQ.BLANK .OR. LB.GE.LBDE) GO TO 80
      IF(BDT(LB).EQ.BDYNAM) GO TO 70
      LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
      GO TO 60
70  LBF = LB
      RETURN
80  LBF = 0
      RETURN
      END
```

30

```

- *DECK LFIT1
-   SUBROUTINE LFIT1(X,Y,NPTS, XC,YC,NXC)
- *LFIT1      LINEAR FIT INTERPOLATION                      -LFIT1-
-           DIMENSION      X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10)

C   INPUT-
C   X,Y      = LIST OF COORDINATES DESCRIBING THE INPUT FUNCTION
-  C   NPTS   = NUMBER OF X,Y POINTS
C   XC       = LIST OF X-S AT WHICH INTERPOLATION IS TO BE PERFORMED
C   NXC      = NUMBER OF XC-VALUES

-  C   OUTPUT-
C   YC       = LIST OF VALUES INTERPOLATED AT XC(IC),IC=1,NXC

-  C   NOTES-
C   IF XC IS OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE OF X, THE END VALUE OF Y IS SU
C   FOR YC.
-  C   X MUST BE LISTED FROM SMALLEST TO LARGEST.
C   DOUBLE X-POINTS ARE ALLOWED FOR A FUNCTION DISCONTINUITY.

-           N      = NPTS
-           I      = 1

-  C   BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC),IC=1,NXC
-           IC     = 1
- 60  XCIC = XC(IC)
-           IF(N.GT.1) GO TO 100
-           YC(IC)=Y(1)
-           GO TO 190

- 100  XG    = X(I+1)-XCIC
-           IF(XG) 114,114,102
- 102  XF    = XCIC-X(I)
-           IF(XF) 110,120,120

-           C   F.LT.0. (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)
- 110  I     = I-1
-           IF(I) 100,111,100
- 111  I     = 1
-           YC(IC)= Y(1)
-           GO TO 190

-           C   F.GE.1.
- 114  I     = I+1
-           IF(I-N) 100,115,100
- 115  I     = N-1
-           YC(IC)= Y(N)
-           GO TO 190

-  C   INTERPOLATE
- 120  YC(IC)= (Y(1)*XG+Y(I+1)*XF)/(XG+XF)

-  C   INDEX TO NEXT XC(IC)
- 190  IC    = IC+1
-           IF(IC.LE.NXC) GO TO 60

-           RETURN
-           END

```

31

```
*DECK LOC2
      FUNCTION LOC2(IA,IB)
CLOC2--- CDC VERSION
C      IABS( ADDRESS(IB)-ADDRESS(IA) )
      LOC2 = IABS( LOCF(IB)-LOCF(IA) )
      RETURN
      END
```

```

*DECK LSPFIT
      SUBROUTINE LSPFIT(X,Y,NPTS, XC,YC,NXC,ND)
*LSPLIT      INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE                                -LSPLIT-
C      INTEGRATE OR INTERPOLATE USING A PARABOLA WHICH PASSED THROUGH THE
C      AND (I+1) POINTS BUT MISSES THE (I-1) AND (I+2) POINTS (IF THEY BO
C      EXIST) SUCH THAT THE SQUARE OF THE DEVIATION IS A MINIMUM. NOTE
C      THAT I IS GENERALLY SELECTED SUCH THAT
C      X(I).LE.XC.LT.X(I+1)
C      THE EQUATION FOR THE PARABOLA IS
C      Y-Y(I) = B*(X-X(I)) + C*(X-X(I))**2

      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10)
C      NOTE. THE DIMENSION -10- DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

C      INPUT-
C      X, Y      PTS. ON CURVE
C      NPTS      NO. OF X
C      XC        LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C      YC(1)     INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C      NXC       NO. OF XC
C      ND        =0 TO GET COORD, =1 TO GET 1ST DERIVATIVE,
C               =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C      LEND      = LINEAR FIT IN END INTERVAL, T OR F

C      OUTPUT
C      YC        COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC      OR
C               YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC

C      NOTES-
C      -X- MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER.
C      FOR INTEGRATION -XC- MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS -X-. FOR INTERP
C      NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED.

      COMMON /CLSPF / I,LEND
      LOGICAL          LEND

      LOGICAL          WITHIN
      DATA KNAME/6HLSPLIT/

      N      = NPTS-1
      IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) I=1
      ISAVE  = 0
      SGN    = SIGN(1.,X(N+1)-X(1))

C      BEGIN INTERPOLATION LOOP FOR XC(IC) IC=1,NXC
      IC     = 1

C      LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
100 I      = MAX(1,MIN(I,N))
      WITHIN=.FALSE.
      NCOUNT= N
102 IF(NCOUNT) 119,103,103
103 NCOUNT= NCOUNT-1

      XI     = X(I)
      XD     = XC(IC)-XI
      IF(N) 104,120,104
104 IF(SGN*XD) 105,107,110

```

```

C      F.LT.0. (F IS THE FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL)
105 IF(I.IQ.1)      GO TO 120
      IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 119
      I      = I-1
      GO TO 102

C      F.EQ.0
107 IF(X(I+1).NE.XI) GO TO 120
      IF(I.GE.N) GO TO 105
      GO TO 116

C      F.GT.0.
110 IF(SGN*(XC(IC)-X(I+1))) 120,112,114

C      F.EQ.1.0, CHECK FOR INTEGRATION AND DOUBLE POINT BEFORE INCREMEN
112 IF((ND.EQ.(-1)) .OR. (I.NE.N .AND. X(I+1).EQ.X(I+2))) GO TO 120

C      F.GT.1.0
114 IF(I.EQ.N) GO TO 120
      IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 122
116 I      = I+1
      GO TO 102

119 CALL ERRORK(KNAME)

C      PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
120 WITHIN=.TRUE.
122 IF(I-ISAVE) 124,129,124
124 ISAVE = I
      YI      = Y(I)
      X3      = X(I+1)-XI
      Y3      = Y(I+1)-YI
      C      = 0.
      TOP     = 0.
      BOT     = 0.
      IF(LEND .AND. (I.EQ.1 .OR. I.EQ.N)) GO TO 128
      IF(I.LE.1) GO TO 127
      X1      = X(I-1)-XI
      X13     = X(I-1)-X(I+1)
      TOP     = X1*(Y3*X1-(Y(I-1)-YI)*X3)*X13
      BOT     = X1*X1*X13*X13*X3
127 IF(I.GE.N .OR. (XD.EQ.0..AND.BOT.NE.0.)) GO TO 128
      X4      = X(I+2)-XI
      X43     = X(I+2)-X(I+1)
      Y4      = Y(I+2)-YI
      TOP     = TOP + X4*(Y3*X4-Y4*X3)*X43
      BOT     = BOT + X4*X4*X43*X43*X3
128 IF(BOT.NE.0.) C = -TOP/BOT
      B      = 0.
      IF(N.GT.0 .AND. X3.NE.0.) B = (Y(I+1)-YI)/X3 - C*X3
129 IF(ND) 130,140,141

C      ND=-1, INTEGRATE
130 IF(.NOT.WITHIN) XD=X3
      S1      = (YI + (H/2. + C/3.*XD)*XD)*XD
      IF(WITHIN) GO TO 135

C      -I- IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL.  HENCE,

```

3A


```

C      CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL.
      SA = SA + S1
      GO TO 116
C      APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND.  X(I)-XC(IC)-X(I+1)
135  IF(IC.EQ.1) SA=YC(IC)-S1
      IF(IC.NE.1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
      GO TO 150

C      ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140  YC(IC)= YI + (B + C*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C      ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141  YC(IC)= B + 2.*C*XD
      GO TO 150

150  IC = IC+1
      IF(NXC-IC) 900,160,160
160  IF(ND.NF.(-1).AND.XC(IC).EQ.XC(IC-1)) I=I+1
      GO TO 100

900  RETURN
      END

```

35

*DECK LSUM

SUBROUTINE LSUM(X,Y,N, S)

*LSUM-- CUMULATIVE TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION

-LSUM-

DIMENSION X(9),Y(9),S(9)

DO 90 I=2,N

90 S(I) = .5*(Y(I)+Y(I-1))*(X(I)-X(I-1)) +S(I-1)

RETURN

END

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```

*DECK MBEGIN
      FUNCTION MBEGIN(J2)
*MBEGIN      FIND FIRST FIELD POINT
C            FOR A GIVEN STREAMLINE
                        -MBEGIN-

C      INPUT
C      J2      = STREAMLINE INDEX
C      OUTPUT-
C      MBEGIN= FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT ON THE SL

      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LIMITS,LHO)

      COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      DATA KNAME/6HMBEGIN/

C      SEARCH FOR FIRST POINT ON STREAMLINE J
101 M      = 1
105 CALL GETIX
      IF (J.EQ.J2 .AND. MU.EQ.0) GO TO 115
110 IF(M.EQ.NM) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
112 M      = M+1
      GO TO 105

115 MBEGIN= M
      RETURN
      END

```

```
*DECK MOVE
SUBROUTINE MOVE(NR,X1,Y1,N1,ND1,X2,Y2,N2,ND2,X3,Y3,N3,ND3)
CMOVE ---- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF MOVE (CDC)
DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
DO 100 L=1,NR
GO TO (5,10,15) , L
5 N = IABS(N1)
ND = ND1
IF( N1.LT.0 ) ND=-1
NS = N1
GO TO 40
10 N = IABS(N2)
ND = ND2
IF( N2.LT.0 ) ND=-1
NS = N2
GO TO 40
15 N = IABS(N3)
ND = ND3
IF( N3.LT.0 ) ND=-1
NS = N3
40 K = 1
IF(NS)401,100,41
401 K = N
41 IF( (K.LE.0) .OR. (K.GT.N) .OR. NS.EQ.0 ) GO TO 100
GO TO (45,50,55) , L
45 Y1(K) = X1(K)
GO TO 80
50 Y2(K) = X2(K)
GO TO 80
55 Y3(K) = X3(K)
80 K = K+ND
GO TO 41
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```

*DECK SETM
SUBROUTINE SETM(NR,VAL,X1,N1,X2,N2,X3,N3)
DIMENSION X1(1),X2(1),X3(1)
CSETM ---- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF SETM(CDC)
DO 200 L=1,NR
GO TO (105,110,115) , L
105 NS = N1
GO TO 140
110 NS = N2
GO TO 140
115 NS = N3
140 DO 180 K=1,NS
GO TO (145,150,155) , L
145 X1(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
150 X2(K) = VAL
GO TO 180
155 X3(K) = VAL
180 CONTINUE
200 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```
*DECK FMPYC
      SUBROUTINE FMPYC(NR,C,X1,Y1,N1,X2,Y2,N2,X3,Y3,N3)
      DIMENSION X1(1),Y1(1),X2(1),Y2(1),X3(1),Y3(1)
CFMPYC ---- FORTRAN SIMULATION OF FMPYC (CDC)
      DO 300 L=1,NR
      GO TO (205,210,215) , L
205   NS      = N1
      GO TO 240
210   NS      = N2
      GO TO 240
215   NS      = N3
240   DO 280 K=1,NS
      GO TO (245,250,255) , L
245   Y1(K) = C*X1(K)
      GO TO 280
250   Y2(K) = C*X2(K)
      GO TO 280
255   Y3(K) = C*X3(K)
280   CONTINUE
300   CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

41

*DECK QIREM

SUBROUTINE QIREM(X,Y, XJP, QV)

*QIREM- QUADRATIC INTERPOLATION ROOT EVALUATION
C FOR FUNCTIONS WITH MAXIMUMS

-QIREM-

DIMENSION QV(8)
DATA KNAME/6HQIREM /

C INPUT-

C X = ABSCISSA
C Y = ORDINATE (OR ERROR)
C XJP = X-JUMP TO BE TAKEN BEFORE ROOT/MAX IS SPANNED, THE SIGN I
C A POSITIVE ERROR
C QV = STORAGE FOR EIGHT ELEMENT QIRE VECTOR
C QV(1) = CTR = 0. (FIRST ENTRY ONLY)
C YTOL = TOLERANCE ON THE ERROR
C YO = ORDINATE TO BE OBTAINED (OPTIONAL)
C DYDX = ESTIMATE OF SLOPE FOR 2ND GUESS (OPTIONAL)
C CTRMAX = MAXIMUM NO. OF ITERATIONS (=25 IF NOT SPECIFIED)

C OUTPUT-

C X = NEXT X ESTIMATE
C QV(1) = 0. IF YTOL HAS BEEN SATISFIED
C QV(5) = 0. IF MAX PT HAS BEEN FOUND WITHIN YTOL,
C AND ABS(E).GT.YTOL.

C NOTES-

C C = THIRD COEFFICIENT IN THE EQUATION- $Y=A+B*X+C*X**2$
C = D12 IN QIRE NOTATION
C N1 = EXIT VALUE OF QV(5), N1=4 IF X IS THE PRECICTED MAX PT,
C N1=+5(-5) IF X IS JUST TO THE LEFT(RIGHT) OF THE PREVIOUSL
C PREDICTED MAX PT, N1=6 IF X IS THE SECOND PT CLOSE TO THE
C OTHERWISE N1=N.
C M = ENTRY VALUE OF QV(5)
C SGM = SIGN OF M IF ABS(M)≠5
C SDYDX = SIGN OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE
C XJ = JUMP TO BE TAKEN FROM LAST X
C XJA = ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MAXIMUM JUMP = ABS(XJP)
C XM = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO MAX/MIN OF PARABOLA, =XMAX-XX(1)
C OR = DISTANCE FROM CENTRAL PT TO THE ROOT, =XROOT-XX(2)
C X1 = INPUT (OR LAST) X VALUE

COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX

COMMON /ERASE / BOT,C,DYDX,E,I,II,IN,ISPAN,M,N,RADICL,SDYDX,SGN,

1 TOP,X1,X13,X13P,XJ,XJA,XM, DX(3),DY(3),QV(10)

DIMENSION XX(4),YY(4)

EQUIVALENCE (CTR,QV(1)), (N1,QIND,QV(5)),

1 (XX,QV(2)), (YY,QV(6))

C INITIALIZING AND PRELIMINARY CHECKING

IF(CTRMAX.EQ.0.) CTRMAX=25.

DO 30 I=1,8

30 QV(I)= QV(1)

N1 = IFIX(QV(5))

E = Y-YO

M = N1

IF(CTR.EQ.0.) M=0

SGM = 1.

42

```

-      IF(M.GE.0) GO TO 36
-      M      = 5
-      SGM     = -1.
- 36 N      = MIN0(M,3)
-  C      SDYDX = SIGN(1.,-XJP)
-  C      (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
-      IF(XJP) 41,42,42
- 41 SDYDX = 1.
-      GO TO 43
- 42 SDYDX = -1.
- 43 XJA     = ABS(XJP)
-      X1     = X
-      IF(M-5) 44,45,46
- 44 IF(ABS(E).LE.YTOL) GO TO 800
-      IF(M.EQ.4 .AND. ABS(E-YY(2)).LE.YTOL) GO TO 700
-      IF(CTR.GE.CTRMAX) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)
-      GO TO 50
- 46 M      = 3
- 45 X13P    = XX(3)-XX(1)

-  C      DETERMINE INDEX FOR INSERTING CURRENT X,E INTO XX,YY TABLE WHICH IS
-  C      ORDERED ACCORDING TO X.
- 50 IN      = 1
-      IF(N.EQ.0)      GO TO 90
- 60 IF(XX(IN).GT.X1) GO TO 70
-      IN      = IN+1
-      IF(IN.LE.N)      GO TO 60
-      GO TO 90

-  C      RELOCATE IN PREPARATION FOR INSERTING X,E
- 70 II      = N+1
- 80 XX(II)= XX(II-1)
-      YY(II)= YY(II-1)
-      II     = II-1
-      IF(II.NE.IN) GO TO 80

-  C      INSERT NEW POINT
- 90 N      = N+1
-      XX(IN)= X1
-      YY(IN)= E

-  C      LOCATE INTERVAL WHICH SPANS ROOT
-      ISPAN = 0
-      IF(N.EQ.1) GO TO 200
-      DO 110 I=2,N
-      IF(SDYDX*YY(I).GT.0. .AND. SDYDX*YY(I-1).LT.0.) ISPAN=I
- 110 CONTINUE

-  C      REDUCE XX,YY TABLE TO THREE POINTS
-      IF(N.LE.3)      GO TO 200
-      IF(ISPAN.EQ.0) GO TO 140
-  C      (ROOT HAS BEEN SPANNED)
- 122 IF(ISPAN.EQ.N) GO TO 150
-      IF(ISPAN.EQ.2) GO TO 175
-      IF(ABS(YY(1)).GT.ABS(YY(4))) GO TO 150
-      GO TO 175

-  C      (ROOT HAS NOT BEEN SPANNED)

```

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```

140 IF(IN.LE.2)      GO TO 175

C      DELETE FIRST POINT
150 DO 160 I=1,N
      XX(I) = XX(I+1)
160 YY(I) = YY(I+1)
      ISPAN = ISPAN-1
C      DELETE FOURTH POINT
175 N      = N-1

C      SIMPLE X-JUMP PREDICTION
200 N1     = N
      IF(ISPAN.GT.0 .OR. DYDX.NE.0.) GO TO 205
C      XJ      = SDYDX*SIGN(XJA,-E)
C      (ALTERNATE CALC TO CIRCUMVENT COMPILER ERROR)
      XJ      = XJP
      IF(E.LT.0.) XJ=-XJ
      GO TO 900

C      CURVE FIT PREDICTIONS
205 IF(N-2) 210,220,300

C      ONE POINT PREDICTION BASED ON INPUT VALUE OF DXDY
210 XJ      = -E/DYDX
      GO TO 900

C      TWO POINT STRAIGHT LINE PREDICTION
220 BOT     = YY(2)-YY(1)
      IF(BOT.EQ.0.) GO TO 230
      DXDY   = (XX(2)-XX(1))/BOT
      IF(DXDY*SDYDX.GT.0.) GO TO 240
C      (CURVE SLOPE IS WRONG - MOVE TOWARD MAXIMUM POINT)
230 XJ      = -3.*SDYDX*XJA
      GO TO 900
C      (CURVE SLOPE IS CORRECT)
240 XJ      = -E*DXDY
      GO TO 900

C      PARABOLIC CURVE FIT PREDICTION
300 DX(1)   = XX(1)-XX(2)
      DX(3)   = XX(3)-XX(2)
      DY(1)   = YY(1)-YY(2)
      DY(3)   = YY(3)-YY(2)
      BOT     = DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DY(1)
      IF(ABS(BOT).LT.1.E-12) GO TO 600
      TOP     = DX(1)*DX(1)*DY(3) - DX(3)*DX(3)*DY(1)
      XM      = .5*TOP/BOT
      X13     = XX(3)-XX(1)
      IF(ABS(XM).GT.ABS(1.E3*X13)) GO TO 600
C      = BOT/(DX(1)*DX(3)*X13)
      RADICL = XM*XM - YY(2)/C
      IF(RADICL.LE.0.) GO TO 360
      SGN     = SIGN(1.,SDYDX*C)
      XM      = XM + SGN*SQRT(RADICL)
      GO TO 890
C      (IMAGINARY ROOT, HENCE WE ARE LOOKING FOR THE MAXIMUM POINT,
C      PREDICT MAX PT IF M=3, SELECT PTS ON LEFT/RIGHT SIDE OF PREVIOUSLY
C      PREDICTED PT IF M=4/5)

```

```

360 IF(M-4) 363,364,365
363 IF(ABS(XM).LT.XJA) N1=4
   GO TO 890
364 XJ      = -X13/8.
   N1      = 5
   IF(IN.GT.2) GO TO 900
   XJ      = -XJ
   N1      = -5
   GO TO 900
365 XJ      = SGM*X13P/4.
   N1      = 6
   GO TO 900

```

C RETREAT TO LINEAR INTERPOLATION

```

600 IF(ISPAN.GT.0) GO TO 122
   GO TO 140

```

C MAXIMUM FOUND

```

700 QIND = 0.
   GO TO 930

```

C SOLUTION FOUND

```

800 CTR = 0.
   GO TO 930

```

C FINIS

```

890 X1      = XX(2)+XM
   GO TO 910
900 X1      = X1+XJ
910 CONTINUE
   X        = AMAX1(XX(1)-XJA,AMIN1(X1,XX(N)+XJA))
   CTR      = CTR+1.
930 DO 950 I=1,8
950 QV(I) = QV1(I)
   QV(5) = FLOAT(N1)
999 RETURN
   END

```

45

```

*DECK TABPRI
SUBROUTINE TABPRI(NAME, A, NA, NCOL1)
CTABPRI--- CDC VERSION
  DIMENSION A(10)
C  INPUT-
C  NAME  = ARRAY NAME TO BE PRINTED
C  A      = ARRAY TO BE PRINTED
C  NA     = NUMBER OF ELEMENTS
C  NCOL1  = NUMBER OF COLS. TO BE USED IN PRINT FORMAT
C  $$$$   (MAXIMUM = NA )
C  IITAB  = LOC. OF FIRST ELEMENT IN A TO BE PRINTED
C
  COMMON /CBITS / IBITS, BLANK
  COMMON /CTABPR/ IITAB
  EQUIVALENCE      (LSPACE, ASPALL) , (IB, B)
  DIMENSION FMT(12)
  REAL I12
  INTEGER HOLL, HTEST
  DATA IBCI/00100000000000/
  DATA (FMT(J), J=1, 12)/10H(1X, 15      , 10H      , 10H      ,
*10H      , 10H      , 10H      , 10H      ,
*10H      , 10H      , 10H      , 10H      ,
*10H      )/
  DATA
* F1,      F3,      F6,      E5,      BCD,      OCT,      I12/
*6H,F12.1, 6H,F12.3, 6H,F12.6, 6H,E12.4, 6H,6X,A6, 6H,8X,D4, 4H,I12
*/
  DATA HMASK/000000000000007777777777/ , HTEST/000000000000005555555555/,
*      INMASK/037777777700000000000000/
  DATA NINMSK/077770000000000000000000/

  NCOL  = MIN0(NCOL1, 10)
  NB    = NA

C  WRITE HEADING
  WRITE (6, 1000) NAME

45  I1    = IITAB
    I     = I1
    I2    = 0

C  WRITE LINE SPACE
47  WRITE (6, 1002)
C  LOCATION OF NEXT LINE SPACE IS GIVEN BY A(I+1)
    ASPACE= A(I+1)
    IF( LSPACE.LE.1 .OR. LSPACE.GE.IBCI ) LSPACE=IBCI
    LSPACE= LSPACE+I-1
    GO TO 110

C  BEGIN LOOP TO DEFINE LINE FORMAT
48  I1    = 1
C
50  B      = A(I)

C  SPECIAL NUMBERS
    NN     = NINMSK.AND.B
    IF( NN.EQ.NINMSK ) GO TO 82
C  TEST FOR HOLLERITH (6H----- MAX.)

```

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```

      HOLL = HMASK.AND.B
      IF( HOLL.EQ.HTEST ) GO TO 80
C     TEST FOR INTEGER (BITS 36-58=0 FOR MAX 635 INTEGER
C     FLOATING POINT NUMBERS NORMALIZED
      IF( IB.EQ.IBITS ) GO TO 85
      INTGR = INMASK.AND.IB
      IF( INTGR.EQ.0 ) GO TO 82
C     REAL NUMBER -- NORMALIZED
      B = ABS(B)
      FMT(II+1)= E5
      IF( B.LT.1.E-3 .OR. B.GE.1.E8 ) GO TO 90
65  FMT(II+1)= F6
      IF( B.GE.1.E3 ) FMT(II+1)=F3
      IF( B.GE.1.E5 ) FMT(II+1)=F1
      GO TO 90

C     BCD
80  FMT(II+1)= BCD
      GO TO 90

C     INTEGER
82  FMT(II+1)= I12
      GO TO 90

C     OCTAL
85  FMT(II+1)= OCT
90  II = II+1
      I = I+1
      IF( I.GT.LSPACE ) GO TO 100
      IF( II.LE.NCOL .AND. I.LE.NB ) GO TO 50
100 I2 = I-1
      WRITE (6,FMT) II,(A(I),I=II,I2)
      II = I
110 IF( I.GE.NB ) GO TO 990
      IF( I.GT.LSPACE ) GO TO 47
      GO TO 48
990 IITAB = 1
1000 FORMAT(/2X,A6)
1002 FORMAT(1H )
      RETURN

      END

```

```
*DECK TAN
  FUNCTION TAN(X)
*TAN---
  TAN  = SIN(X)/COS(X)
  RETURN
  END
```

-TAN-

```

*DECK SS5PT
SUBROUTINE SS5PT
*SS5PT      SUPERSONIC 5-PT FORMULA

```

-SS5PT-

```

C INPUT-
C X(1-4)= POINT SPACING FROM POINT ZERO
C A4FACT= 1 FOR CUBIC, =0 FOR SAME A4 AS A PARABOLA

C OUTPUT-
C A0,A1,A2,A3,A4= INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS FOR D2Y/DX2 AT X(4)

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

COMMON /CSS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

X43 = X(4)-X(3)
X42 = X(4)-X(2)
X41 = X(4)-X(1)
X32 = X(3)-X(2)
X31 = X(3)-X(1)
X21 = X(2)-X(1)

A4 = 2./(X42*X43)*(1.+A4FACT*(X42+X43)/X41)
A1 = (-A4*X(4)*X42*X43 + 2.*(X(4)+X42+X43))/
1 (X(1)*X21*X31)
A2 = (+A4*X(4)*X41*X43 - 2.*(X(4)+X41+X43))/
1 (X(2)*X21*X32)
A3 = (-A4*X(4)*X41*X42 + 2.*(X(4)+X41+X42))/
1 (X(3)*X31*X32)
A0 = -(A1+A2+A3+A4)

RETURN
END

```

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*DECK STANO

SUBROUTINE STANO(M,LR,UPPER)

*STANO- STATION INDEX FROM FIELD POINT
LOGICAL UPPER

-STANO-

C INPUT-

C M = FIELD PT INDEX

C LR = 0 FOR FIRST ENTRY OTHERWISE LR.NE.0

C OUTPUT-

C LR = STATION TABLE INDEX

C UPPER = T IF M IS AN UPPER BOUNDARY POINT, =F OTHERWISE

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),

1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),

3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

LOGICAL PRIM

INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB

DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)

EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

DATA KNAME/6HSTANO /

L = LR

IF(L.EQ.0) L = LO

UPPER = .FALSE.

LSAV = L

LSTOP = 999999

120 IF(L.GE.LSTOP) CALL ERRORK(KNAME)

IF(MUB(L).EQ.M) GO TO 150

IF(M.GE.MLB(L) .AND. M.LE.MUB(L)) GO TO 160

L = L+LNEXT(L)

IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 120

L = LO

LSTOP = LSAV

GO TO 120

150 UPPER = .TRUE.

160 LR = L

RETURN

END

50

*DECK STAX1

SUBROUTINE STAX1(X1FIND,X2B,X2A,LXB,LXA)

*STAX1- STATION INDEX FROM X1 AND X2-COORDINATES -STAX1-

C INPUT-

C X1FIND= X1-COORDINATE

C X2B = X2-COORDINATE OF UPPER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION BELOW THE 80

C X2A = X2-COORDINATE OF LOWER BOUNDARY (I.E. STATION ABOVE THE 80

C OUTPUT-

C LXB = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES-X1FIND,X2B

C LXA = INDEX OF STATION WHICH CONTAINS COORDINATES-X1FIND,X2A

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

STATION TABLE

INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

SCHOKE= STATION CHOKe INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),

1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),

3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

LOGICAL PRIM

INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB

DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)

EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

DATA KNAME/6HSTAX1 /

NFOUND= 0

IF(X2B.GE.0.) NFOUND=1

IF(X2A.GE.0.) NFOUND=NFOUND+1

L = LO

110 IF(X1(L).NE.X1FIND) GO TO 120

M = MUB(L)

CALL GETIX

IF(X2(J).NE.X2B) GO TO 115

LXB = L

NFOUND= NFOUND-1

GO TO 120

115 M = MLB(L)

CALL GETIX

IF(X2(J).NE.X2A) GO TO 120

LXA = L

NFOUND= NFOUND-1

120 L = L+LNEXT(L)

IF(NFOUND.EQ.0) GO TO 130

IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 110

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```

*DECK STCN
  PROGRAM STCN
  COMMON /CTAPOS/  RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
  LOGICAL          RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
  COMMON /SELECT/  LENTRY
1 GO TO (5,10) , LENTRY
C READ INPUT
5 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,1,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C BUILD TABLES
10 IF(RESTRT) GO TO 15
  LENTRY= 1
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 2
12 CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,2,6HRECALL)
  GO TO 20
C RESTRT CASE
15 LENTRY= 2
  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,1,3,6HRECALL)
  LENTRY= 3
  GO TO 12
20 RETURN
  END

```

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*DECK ERRORN

SUBROUTINE ERROR1

CEDUMPN STC EDUMP - INPUT LINK

-EDUMPN-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX- LH=LHO,LHE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4 BB(75)
LOGICAL VARY
INTEGER CHNAM
DIMENSION VO(1)
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
DIMENSION BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
```

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      DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C     TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C     INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C     CH      = CHANNELNAME
C     LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C     LPSI   = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C     NPT    = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C     LTT    = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C     LPT    = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C     LRCU   = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
C     DIMENSION      CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1      LRCU(1),
2      CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3      FGR(1),AREATB(485)

      INTEGER CH
      DIMENSION XCH(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
C     STREAMLINE TABLE
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
C     STATION TABLE
C     INDEX- L=L0,LESTA
C     SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C     MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C     MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C     DIMENSION      X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1      TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1      TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3      VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV)
C     TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C     INDEX- LW=LWO,LWE
C     DIMENSION      X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
C     DIMENSION      DST(1)
C     EQUIVALENCE      (DST,S1W)
C     SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-
C     X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...DST(N)
C     X2W    = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C     S1W    = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C     DST    = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W

C     FIELD TABLES
C     INDEX- M=MO,NM
      COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
      COMMON /CR      / R(300)
      COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
      COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
      COMMON /CPH11   / PH11(300)
      COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
      COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
      COMMON /CB      / B(300)
      COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C     TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

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*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
C  TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C  INDEX- LE=LEO,LEE,LO
C  NLE,NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS, RESPECTIVELY
C  CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT, RESPECTIVELY
C  BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C  NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1          CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
      INTEGER      CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU
C  TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C  INDEX- LR=LRO,LRE,LRD
C  LRD = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE, LR INDEX INCREMENT
C  LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C  LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN-TABLE
C  CHNA = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1),LRPREV(1),CHNA(479)
      INTEGER CHNA
      DIMENSION      JCHNA(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (JCHNA,CHNA)

      EQUIVALENCE      (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
      EQUIVALENCE      (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGP,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(1),AREATH,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),VCL), (TAB(6),MCL)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS,RTRANS,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,SCALE,NB,TBB(9)
      EQUIVALENCE      (XTRANS,ZTRANS),(YTRANS,RTRANS),(XPIVOT,ZPIVOT),
1          (YPIVOT,RPIVOT)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB

COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1          N,NSEG, NI,NIM
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
COMMON /CSMOOC/ DUM1(200),ANG(100),DUM2(400),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DATA TXA/2HXA/,TZA/2HZA/

IGGO = 1
GO TO 1777
ENTRY EDUMP
IGGO = 2
1777 CONTINUE
1100 FORMAT(///1X36HCHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE, /CHDATA/ -)
      WRITE (6,1100)
      I1TAB = LHO
      NCX = NC
      IF(NCX.LT.3) NCX=5

```

5b

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CHNAM,LHE,NCX)

1120 FORMAT(///1X54HBOUNDARY COORDINATES AND ANGLES IN RADIAN, /BDYTAB
*/ -)

WRITE (6,1120)

I1TAB = LBD0

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,BDT,LBDE,3)

1110 FORMAT(///1X41HTABLE OF CONVCTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/ -)

WRITE (6,1110)

I1TAB = LTO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,CH,LTE,7)

IF(LEE.LT.LEO) GO TO 140

1130 FORMAT(///1X125HORDERED LIST OF UPSTREAM BOUNDARY PNTS, L.E. PNTS,
* T.E. PNTS, AND DOWNSTREAM PNTS WITH REFERENCES TO CHANNELS AND BO
*UNDARIES./1X10H/LETEPT/ -//4X2HLE6X,2HXE10X,15HYE ANGE12X,
*3HNLE9X,12HNTE CHL9X,3HCHU9X,3HBDL9X,3HBDU10X,5HNUSED)

WRITE (6,1130)

I1TAB = LEO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,XE,LEE,10)

140 IF(LRE.LT.LRD) GO TO 150

1140 FORMAT(///1X98HTABULATION OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY THE ORTHOGONALS
*WHICH PASS THROUGH THE ABOVE POINTS, /ORTCHN/ -//4X26HLR

*LE LR-PRV)

WRITE (6,1140)

I1TAB = LRO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,LEDGE,LRE,LRO)

1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE-/17X32HJ

X2

SLCHN

* W/(118,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,),)

150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

1190 FORMAT(///1X37HWAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, /WAKETB///11X19HX2W/S1

*W DST)

WRITE (6,1190)

I1TAB = LWO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X2W,LWE,2)

1180 FORMAT(///1X43HTABLE OF FLOW ADJUSTMENT STATIONS, /CAJWF///15X3HX

*1F9X,3HX2F8X,4HX1RF8X,4HX1AF9X,3HS1F8X,4HNCHB8X,16HNCHA

JORDE

*R)

WRITE (6,1180)

I1TAB = LFO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1F,LFE,NFCOLS)

1160 FORMAT(///1X25HSTATION TABLE, /STATAB/ -)

WRITE (6,1160)

I1TAB = LO

CALL TABPRT(BLANK,X1,LESTA,5)

CALL JMSPT

1170 FORMAT(///1X19HFIELD COORDINATES -)

WRITE (6,1170)

CALL TABPRT(1HZ,2,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(1HR,R,NM,10)

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C PRINT OVERALL DATA
CALL TARPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)

IF(IGGO.EQ.2) RETURN
LSTOP = 5
GO TO (900,1777) , LSTOP
900 RETURN
END

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```

*DECK DBSRT1
      SUBROUTINE DBSRT1( F,M,INTR1,INTR2,A,N,II )
*DBSRT1
C   DATE OF THIS VERSION - SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C   SINGLE PRECISION DOUBLE BACK SUBSTITUTION SUBROUTINE USED WITH
C   LRMD51 SUBROUTINE TO SOLVE SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS
      DIMENSION F(II,1),A(II,II),INTR1(1)
      NN=N
      NM1=NN-1
      MM=M
      IF(INTR1(1)) 10,140,10
10   IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 40
      DO 30 K=1,NM1
      I1=INTR1(K+1)
      IF(I1) 15,30,15
15   DO 20 J=1,MM
      X=F(K,J)
      F(K,J)=F(I1,J)
20   F(I1,J)=X
30   CONTINUE
40   DO 90 J=1,MM
      DO 80 L=1,NN
      IF(F(L,J)) 50,80,50
50   F(L,J)=F(L,J)/A(L,L)
      IF(L.EQ.NN) GO TO 80
      DO 70 I=L,NM1
      IF(A(I+1,L)) 60,70,60
60   F(I+1,J)=F(I+1,J)-A(I+1,L)*F(L,J)
70   CONTINUE
80   CONTINUE
90   CONTINUE
      IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 140
100  DO 130 J=1,MM
      IF(F(NM1+1,J)) 110,130,110
110  DO 120 I=1,NM1
120  F(I,J)=F(I,J)-A(I,NM1+1)*F(NM1+1,J)
130  CONTINUE
      NM1=NM1-1
      IF(NM1) 100,140,100
140  RETURN
      END

```

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```

*DECK ISORT
      SUBROUTINE ISORT(X,Y,Z,B,LB,KGO)
CISORT--- CDC VERSION --MOVE COLUMN DATA TO ARRAYS
      COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
      DIMENSION X(1),Y(1),Z(1), B(1)
C      INPUT-
C      X,Y,Z      = NEW COLUMNS OF DATA
C      B          = LOCATION OF COLUMN DATA TO BE RELOCATED
C      LB         = 3*COLUMN LENGTH

      K          = 1
      I          = 1
      GO TO ( 10,30 ) , KGO
10  IF( B(1).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 20
      X(K)      = B(I)
      Y(K)      = B(I+1)
      Z(K)      = B(I+2)
20  I          = I+3
      K          = K+1
      IF( I.LT.LB ) GO TO 10
      GO TO 50

30  IF(B(1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 40
      X(K)      = B(I)
      Y(K)      = B(I+1)
40  I          = I+2
      K          = K+1
      IF(I.LT.LB) GO TO 30
50  RETURN
      END

```

66


```
*DECK LOOP
SUBROUTINE LOOP(A,B,C,N)
*LOOP
C THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED BY SUBROUTINE LRMSI
  DIMENSION A(1),B(1)
  DO 10 I=1,N
    10 A(I)=A(I)+B(I)*C
  RETURN
  END
```

Q1

```

*DECK LRMD51
      SUBROUTINE LRMD51(A,N,INTR1,INTR2,DET,IFACTR,III)
*LRMD51
C   DATE OF THIS VERSION -- SEPTEMBER 20,1965
C   SINGLE PRECISION LEFT RIGHT MATRIX DECOMPOSITION SUBROUTINE
C   DETERMINANT = DET*(2.0**IFACTR)
C   WHERE (.5) LESS THAN (ABS(DET)) LESS THAN OR EQUAL (1.0)
      DIMENSION A(1),INTR1(1)
      IDIM=III
      NN=N
      NBASE=(NN-1)*IDIM
      NTR=1
      IF(NN.LE.1) GO TO 30
      DO 25 K=2,NN
        INTR1(K)=0
      D=0.0
      M=K
      KM1=K-1
      L=KM1
      JSTOP=KM1+NBASE
      KBASE=(KM1-1)*IDIM
      KKM1=K+KBASE
      KK=KM1+KBASE
      ISTOP=NN+KBASE
      DO 6 I=KK,ISTOP
        B=A(I)
        IKBASE=I-KBASE
*
*   MODIFICATION TO SELECT THE PIVOT ELEMENT AS 1.0 IF PRESENT...
*
*   DAVE FERGUSON      10/18/66
*
      IF(B.NE.1.) GO TO 70
      D=1.
      L=IKBASE
      M=IKBASE
      GO TO 80
70 CONTINUE
*
*
      IF(ABS(B).LE.ABS(D) ) GO TO 3
      D=B
      L=IKBASE
3 IF(B)4,6,4
4 M=IKBASE
6 CONTINUE
80 CONTINUE
      KM=K-M
      KSTOP=M-KM1
      IF(D) 8,7,8
7 NTR=0
      INTR2=KM1
      GO TO 60
8 LKM1=L-KM1
      IF(LKM1) 10,17,10
10 DO 11 J=KM1,JSTOP,IDIM
      LJ=J+LKM1
      X=A(J)

```

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```

      A(J)=A(LJ)
11  A(LJ)=X
      INTR1(K)=L
      NTR=-NTR
17  KK=KK+IDIM
      DO 22 I=KK,JSTOP,IDIM
         IF(A(I)) 19,22,19
19  A(I)=A(I)/D
         IF(KM) 20,20,22
20  Q=-A(I)
      CALL LOOP(A(I+1),A(KKM1),Q,KSTOP)
22  CONTINUE
25  CONTINUE
30  D=0.0
      KM1=NN
      KSTOP=NN+NBASE
      IF(A(KSTOP)) 40,7,40
40  IFAC=0
      D=1.0
      IDIM1=IDIM+1
      DO 55 K=1,KSTOP,IDIM1
         IF(ABS(A(K)).GE.1.0) GO TO 51
         D=D*2.0
         IFAC=IFAC-1
51  D=D*A(K)
52  IF(ABS(D)-1.0) 53,55,54
53  D=D*2.0
         IFAC=IFAC-1
         GO TO 52
54  D=D/2.0
         IFAC=IFAC+1
         IF(ABS(D).GT.1.0) GO TO 54
55  CONTINUE
      IFACR=IFAC
      IF(NTR.EQ.1) GO TO 60
      D=-D
60  DET=D
      INTR1(1)=NTR
      RETURN
      END

```

*DECK REDBLK

BLOCK DATA REDBLK

*REDBLK REDINP BLOCK DATA

-REDBLK-

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW

COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV

COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV

LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL

DATA MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW/400,200,200,200/

END

OVERLAY(STC,1,1)

64

*DECK STCNR
PROGRAM STCNR
CALL REDINP
RETURN
END

65

```

*DECK BACES
SUBROUTINE BACES(X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S,KA,KB)
*BFACES      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      -BFACES-
C            E AND S
C            DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),E(10),S(10)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      - COORDINATES
C  ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C  ANG(1) = ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  KA,KB    - FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C  KD       - STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C  KORDER = 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C           = NON ZERO IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS
C  CURV     - CURVATURE
C  E        - APPLIED FORCES = F/EI (UNITS ARE 1./L**2)
C  S        - ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C  KORDER = INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS, NOT=0 ON ENTRY

COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD
COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

NK      = KB

CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
IF(KORDER.NE.0) GO TO 800

C  (K=KA)
C  I      = 1
C  K      = KA
C  SK     = S(K)
C  E(K)   = 6.*(B(I)+YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*CHD(I))
C  (K=KA,KB-1)
60 CURV(K) = (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
   IF(KA-K) 65,80,80
C  (K=KA+1,KB-1)
65 E(K)   = 6.*((B(I)+YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*CHD(I))
1         - (B(I-8)+YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*CHD(I-8)))
C  (K=KA+1,KB)
70 SK     = SK + CHD(I-8)*(1.+(B(I-8)*B(I-8)-.5*B(I-8)*YPB(I-8)+
1         YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))/15.)
   S(K)    = SK
   IF(K-NK) 80,90,90
80 I      = I+8
   K      = K+KD
   IF(K-NK) 60,70,70

C  (K=KB)
90 CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)-4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-
1         8)))
   E(K)    = -6.*(B(I-8)+YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*CHD(I-8))
   GO TO 900

C  OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER = KA+KORDER-KD

```

900 RETURN

END

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```

*DECK ELLIP
      SUBROUTINE ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1,X2,Y2,ANG2,ALPHAD)
*ELLIP      ELLIP AND OTHER SMOOTH DUMMY SUBROUTINES
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE GIVEN TWO POINTS AND THE ORIENTATION

      ENTRY ELLIPT
C  SUBROUTINE TO FIT AN ELLIPSE WHOSE ORIGIN AND DIMENSION ARE GIVEN IN
C  A ROTATED AND TRANSLATED COORDINATE SYSTEM

      ENTRY XTRUNC
C  FUNCTION TO TRUNCATE XX TO AN EVEN MULTIPLE OF DX

      ENTRY ATDMR
C  SUBROUTINE FOR AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION

      ENTRY BAD
C  SUBROUTINE TO DELETE BAD DATA BY ADJUSTING DATA LISTS

      ENTRY CUBER
C  SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE YPP IN TERMS OF Y FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS
C  WITH ARBITRARY END CONDITIONS

      ENTRY SMULTI
C  SUBROUTINE TO MULTIPLY TRIADIAGONAL AND SQUARE MATRIX

      ENTRY HYPTS
      ENTRY HYPER1
      ENTRY HYPER2
      RETURN
      END

```

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*DECK RBD

SUBROUTINE RBD

*RBD--- READ IN BOUNDARY DATA

-RBD-

C INPUT-

C ENDBOT= END OF BDY/STC TAPE RECORDS, T OR F

C ENDCRD= END OF ALL STC CARD INPUT, T OR F

C K6SV = VALUE OF KEY(6) OF LAST RECORD READ FROM TAPE

C RESTR1= RESTART (WITH EXISTING TABLES) IS TRUE ONLY
C IF CARD BDY-DATA HAS NOT YET BEEN ENCOUNTERED

C STCFIL= T IF A STC-SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF.

C OUTPUT-

C ENDBOT=

C K6SV =

C RESTR1=

INTEGER REFS,BDY,CHN

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)

LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,

1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,

2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST

REAL MACHA(1),MACHC

LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE

C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY

C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO

C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED

C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),

1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),

2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP

INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM

DIMENSION BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /ADAM02/ ENDJOB,NUMPLT,PLOTE,ENDCRD

LOGICAL ENDJOB, PLOTE,ENDCRD

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)

LOGICAL OMITFK

COMMON /CNTRL / K5,BDY(6),INSRT,CARRY,CHN

EQUIVALENCE (BDY,IBDY)

COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD

COMMON /CREDIN/ ZTRANS,RTRANS,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,SCALE,NR,TAB(9)

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```

EQUIVALENCE (XTRANS,ZTRANS),(YTRANS,RTRANS),(XPIVOT,ZPIVOT),
1 (YPIVOT,RPIVOT)
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RE STRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RE STRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /ERASE / B(800)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

C SMOOTH COMMONS

```

COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCPT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CELLPT / DZETA
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),N,NSEG,
1 NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),S(100),
1 FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION Z(100),R(100),DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE (Z,X),(R,Y),(DUM,CURVB)

```

LOGICAL DATAIN,ENDBDC,UPPER,ZRONLY

DATA KBDY/3HBDY/, KHIGH/6H /

	NAMelist /A/	B,	NB,	TAB,	DBLPTS,	ZRONLY,
1	BDY,	CHN,	UPPER,	X,Z,	Y,R,	ANGD,
2	ROTATE,	ZPIVOT,	RPIVOT,	ZTRANS,	RTRANS,	SCALE,
3	FLIP,	XPIVOT,	YPIVOT,	XTRANS,	YTRANS,	DUM
4,	IDENT,	DX,	XMOD,	DEVA,	FENDA,	ANGA,
5	CURVA,	ZA,XA,	RA,YA,	DEVI,	NII,	DEV,
6	ANG,	CURV,	CURVB,	FQK,	S,	NIM,
7	UPPER					

C DEFINITE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL
DPTOL = 1.E-5

C INITIALIZE

C ENDBDC= END OF BDY CARD INPUT, T OR F
ENDBDC= .FALSE.
IF(K5.NE.KBDY .OR. ENDCRD) ENDBDC=.TRUE.

15 DATAIN= .FALSE.
DBLPTS= .01
JFOUND= 0

C READ BDY INPUT CARDS

35 IF(ENDBDC) GO TO 40
FLIP = 1.
ROTATE= 0.
ZPIVOT= 0.
RPIVOT= 0.
SCALE = SCALEA
ZTRANS= 0.
RTRANS= 0.
ZRONLY= .FALSE.

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```

CALL SETM(1,.1, DEVI,100)
CALL SETM(3,BITS,XA,200,DEVA,80,B,300)
CALL SETM(1,BITS,X,200)
READ (5,A)
IF(ZONLY) CALL ISORT(XA,YA,DUM,B,200,2)
IF(.NOT.ZONLY) CALL ISORT(X,Y,ANGD,B,300,1)
IF(.NOT.ZONLY) CALL ISORT(X,Y,ANGA, B,300)
IF(INERR) ERRMAJ=.TRUE.
DATAIN= .TRUE.
RESTR= .FALSE.

```

C COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE Z-LIST

```

40 IF(.NOT.DATAIN) GO TO 900
   IF( JFOUND .EQ.1 ) GO TO 43
   NI = 0
   DO 41 I=1,100
     IF(XA(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 42
41 NI = I
42 IF(NI .EQ. 0) GO TO 43
   LINES = 64
   CALL SMOTH
   JFOUND= 1
43 NZ = 0
   DO 45 I=1,100
     IF(Z(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
45 NZ = I
50 IF(NZ-2) 55,100,100
55 WRITE (6,1055) BDY(1)
   ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
   RETURN

```

C DELETE DOUBLE POINTS FROM SMOOTH BOUNDARY RECORDS

```

100 OMITFK= .TRUE.
   CALL FHEAD(NZ+10)
   WRITE (6,1090) 1BDY,CHN,UPPER
   IF(JFOUND.NE.1 .OR. DBLPPTS.EQ.0. .OR. NZ.LE.2) GO TO 150
   WRITE (6,1100) DBLPPTS,DBLPPTS
   I = 1
110 I = I+1
   IF(I.GT.NZ) GO TO 150
   IF(ABS(Z(I)-Z(I-1)).GE.DPTOL .OR.
1 ABS(R(I)-R(I-1)).GE.DPTOL) GO TO 110
   ANGDIFF= ABS(ANGD(I)-ANGD(I-1))
   IF (ANGDIFF.GE.DBLPTS) GO TO 110
   NMOVE = NZ-I
   ANGSV = .5*(ANGD(I)+ANGD(I-1))
   IF(ANGD(I)*ANGD(I-1).EQ.0. .AND. ANGDIFF.LE..0005) ANGSV=0.
   ANGDI(I-1)=ANGSV
   CALL MOVE(3, Z(I+1),Z(I),NMOVE,1,
1 R(I+1),R(I),NMOVE,1,
2 ANGDI(I+1),ANGDI(I),NMOVE,1)
   NZ = NZ-1
   GO TO 110

```

C CALCULATE CURVATURES FOR PRINTOUT

```

150 I = 1
   CURV(1)=0.0
155 CURVB(I)=BITS

```

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```

CURV(I+1)=CURV(I)
DX      = Z(I+1)-Z(I)
DY      = R(I+1)-R(I)
CHD     = SQRT(DX*DX+DY*DY)
IF(CHD.LT..00001) GO TO 160
ACHD    = ATAN3(DY,DX,ANGD(I)*TORAD)
YPA     = ANG(I)*TORAD-ACHD
YPB     = ANG(I+1)*TORAD-ACHD
CURVB(I)=(4.*YPA+2.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPA*YPA))
CURV(I+1)=(-2.*YPA-4.*YPB)/(CHD*(1.+1.5*YPB*YPB))
GO TO 165
160 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 165
    IF(CURVB(I-1).EQ.BITS) CURVB(I-1)=CURVB(I)
165 I      = I+1
    IF(I.LT.NZ) GO TO 155
    CURVB(I)=0.0
*RELO13      RELOCATE FROM A ONE TO A THREE DIMENSIONED ARRAY -RELO13-
C            SUBROUTINE RELO13

C            INPUT-
C            Z,R      = BOUNDARY COORDINATES
C            ANGD     = ANGLE OF THE BOUNDARY (DEGREES)
C            NZ       = NUMBER OF BOUNDARY COORDINATE POINTS
C            FLIP     = SCALER ON R(I) BEFORE ROTATION OR TRANSLATION
C            ROTATE    = ANGULAR ROTATION IN DEGREES
C            ZPIVOT,RPIVOT=PIVOT POINT FOR ROTATION BEFORE SCALING
C            SCALE    = MULTIPLICATIVE CONSTANT ON INPUT COORDINATES
C            ZTRANS    = Z-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C            RTRANS    = R-TRANSLATION AFTER SCALING
C            BDY      = BOUNDARY NAME
C            UPPER    = T IF UPPER BOUNDARY, = F IF LOWER BOUNDARY
C            CHN      = CHANNEL NAME
C            LBDE     = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

C            OUTPUT-
C            BDT      = TABLE OF Z,R,ANG IN 3-D ARRAY FORM
C            LBDE     = NEXT AVAILABLE LOCATION IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

    IF(FLIP.NE.1..OR. ROTATE.NE.0. .OR. SCALE.NE.1. .OR. ZTRANS.NE.0.
1    .OR. RTRANS.NE.0.) WRITE (6,1151) FLIP,ROTATE,ZPIVOT,RPIVOT,
2    SCALE,ZTRANS,RTRANS
    WRITE (6,1152)
    LB1    = LBDE
    LB2    = LB1+3*(NZ-1)
    LB     = LB1
    BDT(LB)=BDY
    CHNAME(LB)=CHN
    LBZ1(LB)=0
    UP(LB)= UPPER
    LEDEX(LB)=0
    I      = 1
    LBDEL  = 3
    ADDPI  = 0.
    IF(.NOT.UPPER) GO TO 240
    LB     = LB2
    LBDEL  = -3
    ADDPI  = PI
240 ROTAT = ROTATE*TORAD

```

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```

      SN      = SIN(ROTAT)
      CS      = COS(ROTAT)
250  IF(ROTATE.NE.0.) GO TO 260
      ZBT(LB)=Z(I)*SCALE + ZTRANS
      RBT(LB)=R(I)*FLIP*SCALE + RTRANS
      GO TO 270
260  RFLP     = R(I)*FLIP
      ZBT(LB)=(ZPIVOT+CS*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT)-SN*(RFLP-RPIVOT))*SCALE + ZTRANS
      RBT(LB)=(RPIVOT+CS*(RFLP-RPIVOT)+SN*(Z(I)-ZPIVOT))*SCALE + RTRANS
270  ANGDI(I)=ANGDI(I)*FLIP + ROTATE
      ANGDI(LB)=ANGDI(I)*TORAD + ADDPI
      WRITE (6,1280) I,ZBT(LB),RBT(LB),ANGDI(I),CURV(I),CURVB(I)
      IF(I.GE.NZ) GO TO 300
      I      = I+1
      LB     = LB+LBDEL
      GO TO 250
300  LBDE    = LB2+9
      LBNEXT(LB1)=LBDE-LB1
      BDT(LBDE)=BLANK
C    END SUBROUTINE RELO13

```

```

900 RETURN

```

```

1055 FORMAT(//1X43H** NO COORDINATE INPUT WAS FOUND FOR BDY=A6,/)
1090 FORMAT(///1X,45HB O U N D A R Y C O C R D I N A T E S, BDY=A6,
* 5X4HCHN=A6,5X6HUPPER=
*L2, )
1100 FORMAT(/6X46HDOUBLE POINTS WITH ANGLE DIFFERENCES LESS THANF6.3,1X
*24HARE ELIMINATED (DBLPTS=F5.3,2H).)
1151 FORMAT(/6X5HFLIP=F7.3,3X7HROTATE=F8.3,3X7HZPIVOT=F10.5,3X7HRPIVOT=
*F11.5,3X5HSCALEF7.3,3X7HZTRANS=F10.5,3X7HRTRANS=F10.5,)
1152 FORMAT/9X48HI X,Z Y,R ANGDI CURV- CURV+)
1280 FORMAT(110,2F10.5,F10.3,2F10.4)
END

```

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*DECK CRBD

BLOCK DATA RBD BLK

*CRBD-- BLOCK DATA FOR RBD ROUTINE

-CRBD-

*SMOBLK SMOOTH BLOCK COMMON

-SMOBLK-

COMMON /CSMOUD/ SGAMMA, SZETA1, SZETAN

DATA SGAMMA, SZETA1, SZETAN/ 1., 1.E2, 1.E2/

END

*DECK RCD

SUBROUTINE RCD

*RCD--- READ IN CHANNEL DATA

-RCD-

C INPUT-

C CHDATA- CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE

C LHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE

C OUTPUT-

C LCHE = NEXT AVAILABL LOCATION IN CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE

C CHDATA- CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE INCLUDING NEW INPUT VALUES

COMMON PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)

LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CNTRL / K5,CHN(6),INSERT

INTEGER CHN

EQUIVALENCE (ICHN,CHN)

COMMON /CTABPR/ IITAB

COMMON /CTAPUS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV

LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW

COMMON /TROUHL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

LOGICAL LRR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE

C INDEX- LH=LHO,LHE

COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),

1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AQ(1),VARY(1),

2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),

4 BB(75)

LOGICAL VARY

INTEGER CHNAM

DIMENSION VO(1)

REAL MACHO

EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LD,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /ERASE / DUM(16),B(784)

NAMelist /A/ CHN,WTFLOW,TTO,TT,PTO,PT,

1 TSO,PSO,MACHO,AU,VARY,

2 GAM,RG,

3 NR,NB,TAB,B

C RESTART CASE WITH CHANNEL FLOW DATA REVISIONS

C RELOCATE CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHN INTO FIRST POSITION

C FIRST FIND INDEX LH FOR CHNAM=CHN

LH = LHO

12 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 20

IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHN) GO TO 14

LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)

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```

      GO TO 12
14  IF(LH.EQ.LHD) GO TO 16
      LNG = LHNEXT(LH)
      LH1 = LHD+LNG
      LH2 = LH+LNG
      LH3 = LH2+LNG
      CALL MOVE(3, CHNAM(LH0),CHNAM(LH1),LHD-LHE-1,1,
1      CHNAM(LH2),CHNAM(LHD),LNG,1,
2      CHNAM(LH3),CHNAM(LH2),LHE+LNG-LH3+1,1)
16  LHNXT = LHD+LHNEXT(LHD)
      GO TO 30

20  CALL MOVE(1, CHNAM,CHNAM(21),LHD-LHE-1,1)
      LHNEXT= 20
      LHNXT = 21
      LHE = LHE+20

C    INITIALIZE
      CALL SETM(1,BITS,WTFLOW,10)
      VARY = .TRUE.

C    READ CHN INPUT CARDS
30  CALL SETM(1,BITS, B,400)
      READ (5,A)
      IF(INERR) ERRMAJ=.TRUE.

C    RESET CHNAM IF CHANNEL NAME HAS BEEN REDEFINED
      CHNAM = CHN

C    COUNT THE LENGTH OF THE B-ARRAY
      NR = 0
      NC1 = NC
      DO 40 I=1,400,NC1
      IF(B(I).EQ.BITS) GO TO 50
40  NR = NR+1
50  NCR = NC*NR

C    RELOCATE AND INSERT B-ARRAY INTO CHDATA-TABLE
      IF(NCR.EQ.0) GO TO 950
      LHNXTT= LHD+20+NCR
      NMOVE = LHE-LHNXT+1
      IF(LHNXTT.GT.LHNXT) NMOVE=-NMOVE
      CALL MOVE(2, CHNAM(LHNXT),CHNAM(LHNXTT),NMOVE,1, B,BB,NCR,1)
      LHE = LHE+LHNXTT-LHNXT
      LHNEXT= 20+NCR

950  IF(LHE.LT.LBDD) GO TO 980
      WRITE (6,1960) LHD,LHE,MAXLH,LBDD
      CALL ERROR1
980  RETURN
1960  FORMAT(/1X81H*** THE CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE HAS EXCEEDED ALLOTT
      *ED MEMORY. INCREASE MAXLH./6X4HLHD=14,3X4HLHE=14,3X6HMAXLH=14,3X
      *5HLBDD=14, )
      END

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*DECK REDINP
 SUBROUTINE REDINP
 *REDINP STC READ INPUT

-REDINP-

```

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT
  LOGICAL          FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRESS(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /ADAMO2/ ENDJOB,NUMPLT,PLOTE,ENDCRD
  LOGICAL          ENDJOB,      PLOTE,ENDCRD
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1                MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2                DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
  REAL            MACHA(1),MACHC
  LOGICAL         AXIA,AXIC
  LOGICAL         CHOTST
  LOGICAL         AXI
  REAL            MACHO(1)
  EQUIVALENCE     (MACHO,MACHC),(PSO,PSC),(TSO,TSC),(PTO,PTC),
1                (TTO,TTT),(AXI,AXIC),(RG,RGC),(GAM,GAMC)
COMMON /CSS      / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1                ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
  INTEGER         SSFML
  LOGICAL         SSEF,      SSDF,      SSDLE
C  SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C  SSEF  = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C  SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C  SSDF  = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C  SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C  SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C  SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C  A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C  BRLX  = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C  CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
C  RHOC  = ACCELERATION FACTOR ON CURVATURE ITERATION AT
C          SUBSONIC POINTS
C  RHOCSS= ACCELERATION FACTOR ON CURVATURE AT SUPERSONIC POINTS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
*                MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
  DIMENSION       LIMITS(24)
  EQUIVALENCE     (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
  INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
  DIMENSION       CRX(6)
  EQUIVALENCE     (CRX,CRXSL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ TABLES(2046)
COMMON /CEND / TBLEND(2)
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHODAMP,IADM
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1                ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
  INTEGER         FARFLD,FREE,PRES
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)

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COMMON /CLWDSV/ LWDSV
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL                                GREFIN
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(6),INSERT
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER                                PRPRN
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
LOGICAL                                VELPOT
COMMON /CR      / RF(300)
COMMON /CREFIN/ SLS,SG21,VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR(10),GR(10),
1 SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL                                RESTRT,ENDBDT,STCFIL
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THIK2D(78)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLES2,NSWP,
1 DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,ES2MX
* DS1RMO,SG1MIN,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM     / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ      / ZF(300)
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL                                ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO,NTAPN

```

LOGICAL FIRST

DATA KA/1HA/, KBDY/3HBDY/, KCHN/3HCHN/, KSTA/3HSTA/
DATA FIRST/.TRUE./

C ENDCRD= T IF END OF CARD INPUT
C ENDBDT= T IF END OF BOUNDARY DATA ON TAPE
C STCFIL= T IF A STC-SUBFILE EXISTS ON TAPE=ORGF.

```

NAMelist /A/ IDENT, AX1, RG,GAM, MACHO,PSO,TSO, PTO,TTD, PRPRN,
1 INRCTR,TTE,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR,NINNER,VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,RN,
2 VMG1,VMG2,NGR,NGZ,SGR,GR,SGZ,GZ,SLS,SG21,
3 NBCIN,ACF,SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1,
4 SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS,
5 FARFLD,FREE,PRES,RFF,NZP,ZP,PPS,A1,A2,ADUM,
6 LIMITS,TABLES,B,JMS,S1,S2,ZF,RF,VMF,W,X2,SLCHN,
8 TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,TOLINR,SG1MIN,DS1DMP,DS1RMO,
9 CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRX,
* PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM,
* MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW,KEYB,RDUM,CNVF,
* PLOT,ILOT,SAMEXY,XSCALE,YSCALE,
A RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,
B NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX,THKY,THIK2D,
C LBL,MAXLBL,TOLLBL

```

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C** INITIALIZE AND READ OVERALL (A) INPUT DATA
IF(.NOT.FIRST .AND. (K5.NE.KA .OR. ENDCRD)) GO TO 200
IF(FIRST .AND. K5.EQ.KA) GO TO 100

WRITE (6,1000)
ERR = .TRUE.
PROGSV= 0.
GO TO 200

100 PROGSV= 0.
ENDBDT= .FALSE.
FIRST = .FALSE.
LINES = 64
MAJCTR= 0
RESTRT= .TRUE.
STCFIL= .FALSE.
CALL SETM(1,BITS, MACH0,8)

C DETERMINE FIELD ARRAY SIZE
MAXLE = LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)
MAXNM = LOC2(RF,ZF)
GO TO 120

C READ CARD INPUT
130 READ (5,A)
DO 135 I=1,8
135 IF(MACH0(I).NE.BITS) MACHA(I)=MACH0(I)
DATA A00000/6HA00000/
K6SV = A00000

C DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH, CLEN
CLEN = SGR
IF(NGR.LE.1) GO TO 146
DO 144 I=2,NGR
144 CLEN = CLEN+SGR(I)
146 IF(NGZ.LE.0) GO TO 149
DO 148 I=1,NGZ
148 CLEN = CLEN+SGZ(I)
149 CLEN = CLEN/FLOAT(NGR+NGZ)

C SET UP INDEX-ORIGIN TABLE IF THERE IS NO STC-TAPE INPUT
C ORDER OF TABLES IN BLOCK COMMON
C LH /CHDATA/
C LB /BODYTAB/
C LT /CONVTB/
C LW /WAKETB/
C LF /CADJWF/
C L /STATAB/
IF(STCFIL) RETURN
RESTRT= .FALSE.
LBDO = LHO+MAXLH
LBDE = LBDO
C (OTHER INDEX LIMITS ARE SET IN SUBROUTINE BLDTBS)
RETURN

C READ INPUT FILE
120 IF(.NOT.FILIN) GO TO 130
REWIND NTAPO
READ (NTAPO) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
LWOSV = LWO
IF(STCFIL) GO TO 125
ENDBDT= .TRUE.

79

WRITE (6,1120)
GO TO 130

```
125 READ (NTAPO) ((IDENT(I),I=1,6),AX1,RG,GAM,MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO,TTO,
1 PRPRN,TTE,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR,(NINNER(I),I=1,16),VELPOT,ICOB,
2 NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2,INRCTR,SLS,SG21,
3 NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2),SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
4 SSFND1,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,(FARFLD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
5 (ZP(I),I=1,28),(TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA),(B(I),I=1,NM),(JMS(I),
6 I=1,NM),(S1(I),I=1,NM),(S2(I),I=1,NM),(ZF(I),I=1,NM),(RF(I),
7 I=1,NM),(VMF(I),I=1,NM),(W(I),I=1,NJ),(X2(I),I=1,NJ),
8 (SLCHN(I),I=1,NJ),TOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,TOLINR,SG1MIN,DS1DMP,
A DS1RMO,(CRX(I),I=1,6),RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKX,NTHKY,
B (THKX(I),I=1,118) )
```

```
C CHECK TO SEE IF STC-A INPUT DATA EXCEEDED DIMENSIONS
IF(NM.GT.LOC2(RF,ZF).OR.LESTA.GT.LOC2(TABLES,TBLEND)) ERR=.TRUE.
GO TO 130
```

```
C READ BOUNDARY DATA
200 CALL RBD
IF(ENDCRD) GO TO 700
IF(K5.EQ.KBDY) RETURN
```

```
C READ CHANNEL DATA
300 IF(K5.NE.KCHN) GO TO 400
C IF RESTRT, UNPACK TABLES TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW CHDATA AND CONVTB.
IF(.NOT.RESTRT .OR. LBDO.GT.(LHE+1)) GO TO 350
MOVE1 = LOC2(TABLES,S1)-LESTA
MOVE2 = MOVE1/2
LWTO = LWO+MOVE1
LBTO = LBDO+MOVE2
CALL MOVE(2, TABLES(LWO),TABLES(LWTO),LWO-LESTA-1,1,
1 TABLES(LBDO),TABLES(LBTO),LBDO-LTE-1,1)
LBDO = LBDO+MOVE2
LTE = LTE+MOVE2
LBDE = LBDE+MOVE2
LTO = LTO+MOVE2
LWO = LWO+MOVE1
350 CALL RCD
RETURN
```

```
400 WRITE (6,1690)
ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
RETURN
```

```
C CONSTRUCT LETEPT, ORTCHN, CONVTB, SLTAB, STATAB AND THE FIELD TABLE
700 IF(ERRMAJ .OR. LBDE.EQ.LBDO) ERR=.TRUE.
900 RETURN
1000 FORMAT(/1X73HERROR- THE K5=A INPUT DATA DOES NOT IMMEDIATELY FOLLO
*W THE PROGM=STC CARD)
1120 FORMAT(/1X43H*** NO STC DATA FOUND ON THE INPUT TAPE.//)
1690 FORMAT(/1X44H** PLEASE CHECK THE INPUT VALUE OF K5 (K5=A6,18H).
* IT MUST BE ONE/6X37HOF THE FOLLOWING- A, BDY, CHN, STA.//)
END
```

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```

*DECK RELOXY
SUBROUTINE RELOXY(I1,I2, NPTS, IM1,IM2)
*RELOXY      RELOCATE X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S,FQK      -RELOXY-

C  INPUT-
C  I1,I2 = INDEX RANGE OF SEGMENT DATA IN XA,YA-ARRAYS
C  NPTS  = NO OF PTS REQD FOR SEGMENT DEFINITION IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C  IM1   = INDEX OF FIRST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C  IM2   = INDEX OF LAST POINT OF THE SEGMENT IN X,Y-ARRAYS
C  NIM   = LENGTH OF X,Y-ARRAYS
C  N     = SEGMENT INDEX

C  OUTPUT-
C  IM2   = INDEX OF LAST POINT IN RELOCATED X,Y-ARRAYS
C  RELOCATED X,Y,..-ARRAYS
C  ADJUSTED IMA,IMB INDEX LIMIT VALUES

COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1              N,NSEG, NI,NIM
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1              S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
              LOGICAL      ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

NADD = NPTS - (I2-I1+1)
IF    = IM2+1
IT    = IF+NADD
NMOVE = NIM-IM2
IF(NADD.GE.0) NMOVE=-NMOVE
NIM    = NIM+NADD
IF(NIM.LE.100) GO TO 30
ERR    = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1030)
RETURN

1030 FORMAT(/IX67HSORRY - THE NO. OF OUTPUT PTS. EXCEEDS THE ALLOCATED
*STORAGE (200).)
30 IF(NMOVE*NADD.EQ.0) GO TO 50
CALL MOVE(3, X(IF),X(IT),NMOVE,1,
1          Y(IF),Y(IT),NMOVE,1,
2          ANG(IF),ANG(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, ANGD(IF),ANGD(IT),NMOVE,1,
4          CURV(IF),CURV(IT),NMOVE,1,
5          S(IF),S(IT),NMOVE,1)
CALL MOVE(3, FQK(IF),FQK(IT),NMOVE,1,
7          DEV(IF),DEV(IT),NMOVE,1,
8          CURVB(IF),CURVB(IT),NMOVE,1)
50 IM2 = IM1 + NPTS-1
IF(IM2.LT.IM1) GO TO 70
DO 60 I=IM1,IM2
DEV(I)= 0.
CURVB(I)=0.
60 FQK(I)= 0.
70 IMB(N)= IM2
NP1 = N+1
IF(NP1.GT.NSEG) GO TO 900
DO 80 NN=NP1,NSEG
IMA(NN)=IMA(NN)+NADD
80 IMB(NN)=IMB(NN)+NADD

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*DECK SERS1
SUBROUTINE SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2, A)
*SERS1-          NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR                      -SERS1-

C    INPUT-
C    X1,Y1 = COORDINATES AT HIGHLIGHT
C    X2,Y2 = COORDINATES ON COWL SURFACE
C    A      = X/X LIMIT POINT

C    OUTPUT-
C    CALC VALUES OF X,Y,ANG,ANGD,CURV,S

COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CPI   / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1              N,NSEG, NI,NIM
COMMON /CDS2  / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1              S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
      DIMENSION      ANGB(100)
      EQUIVALENCE      (ANGB,CURVB)

      DIMENSION      XS1(40),YS1(40),TS1(40)

      DATA XS1/
*0.,.000106,.0003062,.0006461,.0012998,.0020031,.0039664,.006002,
*.008,.01,.015,.02,.025,.03,.035,.04,
*.045,.05,.06,.07,.08,.09,.1,.12,
*.14,.16,.18,.20,.22,.25,.3,.35,
*.4,.45,.5,.6,.7,.8,.9,1.0/
      DATA YS1/
*0.,.0112,.019,.0275,.0388,.047969,.066707,.08117,
*.093118,.10386,.127271,.147458,.165786,.182977,.199304,.214829,
*.229594,.243677,.270135,.29478,.318041,.340196,.361381,.40087,
*.43654,.468883,.498788,.526959,.553714,.591484,.648994,.700757,
*.74746,.789479,.827209,.89087,.939554,.973716,.993649,1./
      DATA TS1/
*0.,.52.52592,30.79679,21.04343,14.69820,
*11.71671,7.996274,6.397164,5.618328,5.133687,
*4.308968,3.821510,3.533277,3.342515,3.183152,
*3.029897,2.884790,2.755270,2.545330,2.388930,
*2.268497,2.165982,2.068093,1.875127,1.697514,
*1.552614,1.446208,1.368108,1.303797,1.217213,
*1.090491,.981545,.885102,.797345,.715438,
*.560407,.412448,.269017,.13063,0./

C    DETERMINE CUT-OFF POINT, NPTS
      IF(.05.LE.A .AND. A.LE.1.) GO TO 50
      WRITE (6,1050) A
      CALL ERROR1
50  DO 60 K=17,40
      IF(XS1(K).GT.A) GO TO 70
60  NPTS = K

C    RELOCATE ARRAYS
70  I1 = IA(N)
      I2 = IB(N)
      IM1 = IMA(N)
      IM2 = IMB(N)

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CALL RELOXY(I1,I2, NPTS, IM1,IM2)
XR    = X2-X1
YR    = Y2-Y1
AR    = YR/XR

K      = 1
DO 120 I=IM1,IM2
X(I)  = X1+XR*XS1(K)
Y(I)  = Y1+YR*YS1(K)
IF(I.EQ.IM1) GO TO 115
ANG(I)= ATAN(AR*TS1(K))
GO TO 118
115 ANG(I)=PIQ2
118 ANG(I)=ANG(I)*TODEG
120 K  = K+1

NBC(1)= 1
NBC(2)= 1
ANGE(1)=ANGD(IM1)
ANGE(2)=ANGD(IM2)
ANGB(IM1)=ANG(IM1)
CALL BFACES(X,Y,ANGB,CURV,FQK,S, IM1,IM2)

CALL FHEAD(51)
WRITE (6,1150) X1,Y1,X2,Y2,A
K      = 1
DO 160 I=IM1,IM2
ANGB(I)=ANGB(I)*TODEG
WRITE (6,1160)
* XS1(K),YS1(K),X(I),Y(I),ANGD(I),ANGB(I),CURV(I),S(I)
160 K  = K+1
CALL MOVE(1,CURV(IM1),CURVB(IM1),K-1,1)
RETURN

1050 FORMAT(/1X70H*** INPUT ERROR, PARAMETER A DOES NOT SATISFY .05-A-
*1.0 CRITERIA, A=F6.3,)
1150 FORMAT(/22X,30H* NACA SERIES-1 COWL CONTOUR *//4X16HINPUT DATA, X
*1=F9.5,3X3HY1=F9.5,/17X3HX2=F9.5,3X3HY2=F9.5,3X2HA=F6.3,///4X16HC()
*ORDINATE DATA-//71X,29H----- BEAM CALCULATED -----/10X3HX/X7X,3H
*Y/Y14X,1HZ14X,1HR9X,35HANGD ANGB CURV S)
1160 FORMAT(7X,F8.6,F10.5,F16.5,F15.5,F11.3,F12.3,F11.6,F10.5,)
END

```

```

*DECK SMOINP
SUBROUTINE SMOINP
*SMOINP      INPUT/OUTPUT AND SPECIAL CONTOUR ROUTINE      -SMOINP-
COMMON      PROGM(8),PROGSV,FILIN,FILOT,REFS(5)
LOGICAL      FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CALCPT/ DX,XMOD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CELLPT/ DZETA
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL      OMITFK
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
LOGICAL      CARRY
EQUIVALENCE  (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CPI   / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1            N,NSEG, NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE  (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20), FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20), NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
DIMENSION    ZA(100),RA(100)
EQUIVALENCE  (ZA,XA),(RA,YA)
COMMON /CDS2  / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1            S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION    DUM(100)
EQUIVALENCE  (DUM,CURVB)
DIMENSION    Z(100),R(100)
EQUIVALENCE  (Z,X),(R,Y)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL      ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR,ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE  (ERRCAS,INERR)

LOGICAL      UPPER

DIMENSION    CNames(4)
DATA CNames/990.,992.,993.,991./

C*** DEFINE THE NUMBER OF SEGMENTS AND THE INDEX LIMITS
C      NSEG = NUMBER OF SEGMENTS
C      N     = SEGMENT INDEX
C      IA(N),IB(N)=LIMITS OF SEGMENT IN THE XA,YA LISTS
C      TYPE(N)=TYPE OF SEGMENT
45  N      = 1
    I      = 1
    IJUNCT= 1
    GO TO 55
50  IF(XA(I).EQ.XA(I-1) .AND. YA(I).EQ.YA(I-1)) GO TO 70
55  IF(I-NI) 60,155,155
60  DO 65 J=1,4
65  IF(XA(I).EQ.CNames(J)) GO TO 75
    IF(I.EQ.IJUNCT) GO TO 70
    I      = I+1
    GO TO 50

C      CONTOUR JUNCTURE
70  J      = 1
75  JTYPE(N)=J
    IA(N) = I

```

95


```

      N      = N+1
      GO TO (110,120,130,140),J

C    ARBITRARY CURVE
110  IB(N-1)=0
      I      = I+1
      GO TO 50

C    ELLIPSE
120  IB(N-1)=I+3
      IF((I+2.EQ.NI) .OR. (XA(I+2).EQ.XA(I+3) .AND. YA(I+2).EQ.YA(I+3)))
      +IB(N-1)=I+2
      GO TO 150

C    SPIRAL
130  IB(N-1)=I+3
      GO TO 150

C    SERIES 1
140  IB(N-1)=I+2
150  I      = IB(N-1)+1
      IJUNCT= I
      GO TO 55

C    END OF INPUT DATA, FILL ZERO IB(N)
155  NSEG  = N-1
      IB(N-1)=NI
      DO 160 N=1,NSEG
160  IF(IB(N).EQ.0) IB(N)=IA(N+1)-1
      RETURN

C*** FIT THE SPECIAL CONTOURS
      ENTRY CONTRS
      DO 195 N=1,NSEG
      IMA(N)= IA(N)
195  IMB(N)= IB(N)
      NIM  = IB(NSEG)
      N    = 1
200  J      = JTYPE(N)
      IF(J.LE.1) GO TO 790
      OMITFK= .TRUE.
      CALL FHEAD(6)
      WRITE (6,1202) N,BDY
      I      = IA(N)
      I2     = IB(N)
      IM     = IMA(N)
      IM2    = IMB(N)
      X1     = XA(I+1)
      Y1     = YA(I+1)
      IF(N.LE.1) GO TO 206
      X1     = X(IM-1)
      Y1     = Y(IM-1)
206  X2     = XA(I+2)
      Y2     = YA(I+2)
      IF(N.EQ.NSEG .OR. JTYPE(N+1).NE.1) GO TO 220
      X2     = X(IM2+1)
      Y2     = Y(IM2+1)
220  IF(IM.LE.1) GO TO 222

```

86

```

-      ANG1 = ANG1(IM-1)
- 222 IF((I2-I).EQ.3 .AND. (XA(I+3).NE.BITS.AND.XA(I+3).NE.999.))
-      *      ANG1=XA(I+3)
-      IF(IM2.GE.NIM) GO TO 224
-      ANG2 = ANG1(IM2+1)
- 224 IF((I2-I).EQ.3 .AND. (YA(I+3).NE.BITS .AND. YA(I+3).NE.999.))
-      *      ANG2=YA(I+3)
-      IF(J-3) 250,300,400
-
- C      FIT THE ELLIPSE
- 250 CALL ELLIP(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2, YA(I))
-      IF(ERR) GO TO 790
-      DZETA = 5.*TORAD
-      CALL ELLIPT
-      GO TO 790
-
- C      FIT THE HYPERBOLIC SPIRAL
- 300 IF(YA(I).EQ.2.) GO TO 320
-      CALL HYPER1(X1,Y1,ANG1, X2,Y2,ANG2)
-      GO TO 350
- 320 CURV1 = YA(I+3)
-      CALL HYPER2(X1,Y1,ANG1,CURV1, X2,Y2)
- 350 IF(ERR) GO TO 790
-      CALL HYPTS
-      GO TO 790
-
- C      SERIES 1 COWL LIP.
- 400 CALL SERS1(X1,Y1, X2,Y2, YA(I))
-
- C      INDEX TO THE NEXT SEGMENT
- 790 IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE.
-      ERR = .FALSE.
-      N = N+1
-      IF(N.LE.NSEG) GO TO 200
-
- C      IF ERR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED, DO NOT WRITE OUTPUT FILE
-      IF(.NOT.ERRCAS) GO TO 800
-      ERRMAJ= .TRUE.
-      ERRCAS= .FALSE.
-      RETURN
-
- C      MAKE THE CURVALINEAR DISTANCE CONTINUOUS
- 800 DS = 0.
-      DO 805 I=2,NIM
-      IF(S(I).EQ.0.) DS=S(I-1)
- 805 S(I) = S(I)+DS
-
- C*** WRITE TOTAL COMPUTED DATA FOR THE BOUNDARY
-      OMITFK= .TRUE.
-      CALL FHEAD(NIM+4)
-      WRITE (6,1800) (I,S(I),X(I),Y(I),ANG1(I),CURVB(I),FQK(I),I=1,NIM)
- 1800 FORMAT(/21X24HCONSOLIDATED OUTPUT DATA//4X59HI S X,Z
-      *      Y,R ANG1 CURV FQK/40X7HDEGREES/(2X,I3,0PF10.5
-      *      ,2F11.5,F9.3,F10.6,F10.5,))
-
-      RETURN

```

87

```
1040 FORMAT(/1X59H*** ERROR - NUMBER OF INPUT POINTS (XA,YA) IS LESS T
      *HAN 2.)
1042 FORMAT(/1X34HINPUT TAPE RETRIEVAL INFORMATION -//2X7HFOUND =L3,I
1202 FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,I3,9H OF BDY=,A6/26H -----
      *)
      END
```

88

*DECK SMOTH

SUBROUTINE SMOTH

*SMOOTH MAIN PROGRAM FOR SMOOTH

-SMOOTH-

C READ INPUT, DETERMINE NUMBER AND TYPE OF SEGMENTS
CALL SMOINP

C SMOOTH ARBITRARY SEGMENTS
CALL SMOXEQ

C CALC SPECIAL-CONTOUR SEGMENTS, WRITE OUTPUT
CALL CONTRS

RETURN
END

89

*DECK SMOEXQ

SUBROUTINE SMOXEQ

*SMOEXQ ARBITRARY SEGMENT SMOOTHING

-SMOEXQ-

```
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CNTRL / K5(1),STA(2),INCLUD(2),DELETE(2),INSERT,CARRY
EQUIVALENCE (BDY,STA)
COMMON /CSEGME/ IA(10),IB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG,NII,NIM
EQUIVALENCE (NI,NII)
COMMON /CSMOOA/ DEVA(20),FENDA(20),ANGA(20),CURVA(20),NARB
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FOK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
LOGICAL OMITFK
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERRCAS
EQUIVALENCE (ERRCAS,INERR)
LOGICAL DONE
```

C*** SMOOTH ARBITRARY CURVES

NSWEEP= 1

170 DONE = .TRUE.

ANGREF= 0.

N = 1

NARB = 1

175 IF(JTYPE(N)-1) 189,176,190

176 I = IA(N)

I2 = IB(N)

C END CONDITIONS

DEVI(1)=0.

DEVI(12)=0.

FLND(1)=0.

FEND(2)=0.

NBC(1)= 0

NBC(2)= 0

L = 0

180 LL = NARB+20*L

IF(FENDA(LL).EQ.BITS) GO TO 181

NBC(1)= L

FEND(1)=FENDA(LL)

181 IF(FENDA(LL+1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 182

NBC(2)= L

FEND(2)=FENDA(LL+1)

182 L = L+1

IF(L.LE.2) GO TO 180

C CHECK FOR UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS

C END-1

IF(FEND(1).NE.999.) GO TO 184

IF(N.EQ.1) GO TO 187

IF(JTYPE(N-1).GE.0) GO TO 187

IF(NBC(1).EQ.1) FEND(1)=ANGD(I-1)

IF(NBC(1).EQ.2) FEND(1)=CURV(I-1)

C END-2

184 IF(FEND(2).NE.999.) GO TO 186

90

```

      IF(N.GF.NSEG) GO TO 200
      IF(JTYPE(N+1).GE.0) GO TO 187
      IF(NBC(2).EQ.1) FEND(2)=ANGD(I2+1)
      IF(NBC(2).EQ.2) FEND(2)=CURV(I2+1)
186  IF(DEVA(NARB).NE.BITS) DEVI(1)=DEVA(NARB)
      IF(DEVA(NARB+1).NE.BITS) DEVI(12)=DEVA(NARB+1)
      OMITFK= .TRUE.
      CALL FHFAD(17+I2-1)
      WRITE (6,1186) N,BDY
      S(1) = 0.
      ANG(1)= ANGREF
      CALL SMOO
      JTYPE(N)=-1
      I2      = IB(N)
      ANGREF=ANG(I2)
      GO TO 188
187  DONE = .FALSE.
188  IF(ERR) ERRCAS=.TRUE.
      ERR = .FALSE.
189  NARB = NARB+2
190  N     = N+1
      IF(N.LE.NSEG) GO TO 175

C     RETURN TO 170 TO LOOP THROUGH SEGMENTS AGAIN
C     TO PICK UP THOSE WHICH HAD UNDEFINED END CONDITIONS
      IF(DONE) RETURN
      NSWEEP= NSWEEP+1
      IF(NSWEEP.LE.10) GO TO 170
200  WRITE (6,1200)
      ERRCAS=.TRUE.
      RETURN

1186  FORMAT(/8H SEGMENT,13,9H OF BDY=,A6/26H -----
*)
1200  FORMAT(1X50H*** ANGA,CURVA = 999 END OPTION USED INCORRECTLY)
      END

```

91

*DECK SMOO

SUBROUTINE SMOO

*SMOO-- ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH -SMOO-
C OF A SMOOTH CURVE PASSING CLOSE TO GIVEN POINTS
C THE SMOOTHING OPTION HAS NOT BEEN INCLUDED. INSTEAD, A
C CURVE IS FITTED TO THE GIVEN X,Y POINTS.

C INPUT-

C NA MEANS NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS VERSION
C IA,IB = RANGE OF INDEX IN LISTS XA,YA,DEVI,DEV,X,Y,ANG,CURV,E,S
C XA = LIST OF INPUT X
C YA = LIST OF INPUT Y
C NA DEVI = LIST OF POINT MOVEMENT PARAMETERS
C NA TORQ1 = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - FIRST END
C NA TORQN = TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCE - SECOND END
C NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR FIRST(L=1) AND SECOND(L=2)
C = 0, 1, OR 2
C ANGE(L)= ANGLE IN DEGREES, IF NBC(L)=1
C CURVE(L)=CURVATURE,IF NBC(L)=2
C FEND(L)=RATIO OF SHEAR FORCE, END/NEXT TO END INTERVAL, IF NBC(L

C NOTES-

C THE UNITS OF XA,YA,DEVI,TORQ1 AND TORQN MUST BE THE SAME,
C FOR EXAMPE, INCHES. DEVI IS PROPORTIONAL TO THE CUBE ROOT OF
C THE SPRING COMPLIANCES. TORQS ARE DIRECTLYPROPORTIONALTO THE
C END TORSIONAL SPRING COMPLIANCES. LARGER VALUES OF DEVI YEILD
C LOWER APPLIED FORCES (AND GREATER DEVIATIONS), LARGER VALUES OF
C TORQ YIELD LOWER APPLIED END MOMENTS.

C OUTPUT BASED ON ADJUSTED POINTS-

C NA DEV=V = DEVIATION FROM THE INPUT POINTS IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION,IN
C X,Y = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C NA ANG = ANGLE IN RADIANS
C NA ANG0 = ANGLE IN DEGREES
C NA CURV = CURVATURE, 1/IN
C NA FQE1 = APPLIED FORCES, DELTA Y---, 1/IN2
C NA S = LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, IN
C NA ED = ENERGY OF EQUIVALENT SPRINGS UNDER DEFLECTION DEV, 1/IN
C NA ET = SPRING ENERGIES, 1/IN
C NA RMSDEV= ROOT MEAN SQUARE DEVIATION OF POINTS WITH DEVI.NE.0
C NA RMSF = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/EI, 1/IN2
C NA RMSF1 = ROOT MEAN SQUARE VALUE OF F/EI FOR UNADJUSTED BEAM

COMMON /CCURV / NN,IDIM,G(2)
COMMON /CB / A(2)
DIMENSION U(2)
EQUIVALENCE (U,G)
DIMENSION V(100),W(100)
EQUIVALENCE (W,V)
COMMON /CBEND / NBC(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FEND(2)
EQUIVALENCE (NBC1,NBC),(NBC2,NBC(2))
COMMON /CCUBE / NBCS(2),SAVS(4),FENDS(2)
COMMON /CSEGME/ IIA(10),IIB(10),IMA(10),IMB(10),JTYPE(10),
1 N,NSEG,NI,NIM
COMMON /CSMOOB/ XA(100),YA(100),DEVI(100)
COMMON /CDS2 / X(100),Y(100),ANG(100),ANGD(100),CURV(100),
1 S(100),FQK(100),DEV(100),CURVB(100)
DIMENSION E(100)

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```

EQUIVALENCE      (E,FQK)
COMMON /CSMOOD/  SGAMMA,SZETA1,SZETAN
COMMON /ERASE /  H(8,100)
DIMENSION        CHD(8,99), G1(100),GN(100), INTER1(100)
EQUIVALENCE      (CHD,H(8,1)), (INTER1,G1,H(1,1)), (GN,H(1,14))
COMMON /CSMOOE/  GAMMA(100)
COMMON /TROUBL/  ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL          ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

DIMENSION        ENDPAR(3)
DATA ENDPAR/5HFENDA,4HANGA,5HCURVA/

```

```

C  WRITE OUT END CONDITIONS

```

```

  ANGE(1)=FEND(1)
  ANGE(2)=FEND(2)
  CURVF(1)=FEND(1)
  CURVE(2)=FEND(2)
  WRITE (6,1020) ENDPAR(NBC1+1),FEND(1), ENDPAR(NBC2+1),FEND(2)

```

```

1020 FORMAT(10X,47H* A CURVE HAS BEEN FITTED TO GIVEN X,Y POINTS *//
  1 6X,18HEND CONDITIONS - , A5,4H(1)=,F9.5, 10X,A5,4H(2)=,F9.5)
  *H(2)=F9.5,)

```

```

  IA      = IIA(N)
  IB      = IIB(N)
  NPTS    = IB-IA+1
  IAB     = NPTS

```

```

C  CALC FORCES, F/EI, APPLIED TO THE BEAM WHICH PASSES THROUGH POINTS

```

```

  CALL BFAVES(XA,YA,ANG,CURVB,E,S,IA,IB)
  CALL MOVE(2,XA(IA),X(IA),IAB,1, YA(IA),Y(IA),IAB,1)

```

```

  I      = IA
  K      = 1

```

```

405 ANGDI(1)=ANG(1)*57.29578

```

```

415 K      = K+1

```

```

  I      = I+1

```

```

  IF(NPTS-K) 430,405,405

```

```

C  SMOOTHING LOGIC HAS BEEN REMOVED

```

```

430 WRITE (6,1100)

```

```

  WRITE (6,1110) (XA(I),YA(I),DEVI(I),DEV(I),X(I),Y(I),ANGDI(I),
  1  CURVB(I),FQK(I),S(I),I=IA,IB)

```

```

1100 FORMAT(72X,10X,15HAPPLIED ARC/6X17HINPUT COORDINATES17X,20HADJ

```

```

  *USTED COORDINATES22X,17HFORCES LENGTH/7X89HXA,ZA YA,RA

```

```

  * DEVI DEV X,Z Y,R ANGDI CURV FQK

```

```

  * S/33X,37H*1000 DEGREES)

```

```

1110 FORMAT(2X,2F11.5,F7.2,3PF7.2,0P2F11.5,F9.3,F10.6,2F10.5,)

```

```

  RETURN

```

```

END

```

```

OVERLAY(STC,1,2)

```

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```

*DECK BUILDT
  PROGRAM BUILDT
  COMMON /CMAXIT/  MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
  LOGICAL                                GREFIN
  COMMON /CPRINT/  PRTE2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(20)
  COMMON /TROUBL/  ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
  LOGICAL                                ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
  COMMON /SELECT/  LENTRY

  GO TO (5,10,15) , LENTRY
  5 CALL BLDTAB
  GO TO 20
  10 CALL BPSORT
  MAJCTR= 0
C  INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES IN THE STATION TABLE
  15 CALL ISBOT
  IF(ERR) CALL ERROR1
  IF(PDUM(10).NE.0.) CALL EDUMP
  20 RETURN
  END

```

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```

*DECK BLDTAB
SUBROUTINE BLDTAB
*BLDTAB COALLATE BDY-TABLE, BUILD LE-TE PT TABLE -BLDTAB-

C INPUT-
C BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C CHANNEL INPUT DATE, /CHDATA/

C OUTPUT-
C CONDENSED BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSa,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTc, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 OAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MU,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C INDEX- LE=LEO,LEE,LO
C NLE,NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS, RESPECTIVELY
C CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT, RESPECTIVELY
C BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
COMMON /LETEPT/ XL(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1 CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
INTEGER CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /ERASE / XX(1),YY,ANGG,NL,NT,CNL,CNU,BNL,BNU,NZERO
DIMENSION IXX(10)
EQUIVALENCE (IXX,XX)
INTEGER CNL,CNU,BNL,BNU
COMMON /TROUHL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

95

INTEGER BD1,BD2,HNAME2,CHN,HLOWER,HUPPER,UPPER
LOGICAL WALL

DATA HLOWER,HUPPER/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/

C RELOCATE BDY-TABLE DOWN AND ADJACENT TO CHDATA-TABLE

NMOVE = LBDE-LBDO+1

CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LBDO),BDT(LHE+1),NMOVE,1)

LBDO = LHE+1

LBDE = LHE+NMOVE

C DEFINE DOUBLE POINT TOLERANCE, DPTOL

DPTOL = 1.E-5

C** BOUNDARY TABLE SORT

C RELOCATE TOGETHER THE BOUNDARIES WHICH BELONG TO THE SAME WALL

LB1 = LBDO

305 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

IF (LB2.GE.LBDE) GO TO 350

C COMPARE CHANNEL NAME AND UPPER(LOWER) WALL

310 IF(CHNAME(LB2).NE.CHNAME(LB1) .OR. (UP(LB2).AND. .NOT.UP(LB1))

* .OR. (UP(LB1).AND. .NOT.UP(LB2))) GO TO 340

C DOES LB2 FOLLOW LB1, COMPARE THE Z,R VALUES OF THE END POINTS

L1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9

IF(ABS(ZBT(LB2)-ZBT(L1)).LT.DPTOL .AND.

1 ABS(RBT(LB2)-RBT(L1)).LT.DPTOL) GO TO 315

C DOES LB2 PRECEED LB1

L2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)-9

IF(ABS(ZBT(L2)-ZBT(LB1)).GE.DPTOL .OR.

1 ABS(RBT(L2)-RBT(LB1)).GE.DPTOL) GO TO 340

LI = LB1

GO TO 316

315 LI = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

316 NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)

LI = LI+NB2

LC = LB2+NB2

L22 = L2+NB2

IF(LB2.EQ.LI)GO TO 340

CALL MOVE(3, BDT(LI),BDT(LT),LI-1-LBDE,1,

1 BDT(L2),BDT(LI),NB2,1,

2 BDT(L22),BDT(L2),LBDE-L2+1,1)

IF(LI.EQ.LB1) GO TO 305

340 LB2 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)

IF(LB2.LT.LBDE) GO TO 310

LB1 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

GO TO 305

C** COALLATE THE BOUNDARIES ALONG ONE WALL INTO ONE CONTOUR

350 LB1 = LBDO

355 NCOAL = 0

CHN = CHNAME(LB1)

WALL = UP(LB1)

360 LB2 = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)

IF(LB2.GE.LBDE .OR. BDT(LB2).EQ.IBLANK) GO TO 400

C IS THIS BOUNDARY CONTINUED

IF(CHNAME(LB2).NE.CHN .OR. (UP(LB2).AND. .NOT.WALL) .OR.

* (WALL .AND. .NOT.UP(LB2))) GO TO 380

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```

-      L1      = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
-      L2      = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)
-      IF(AHS(ZBT(L2)-ZBT(L1)).LT.DPTOL .AND.
1      ABS(RBT(L2)-RBT(L1)).LT.DPTOL) GO TO 365
- C      ERROR- BOUNDARY TABLE NOT CONTINUOUS
-      IUP=HLOWER
-      IF( UP(LB1) ) IUP=UPPER
-      WRITE(6,1365) IUP,CHNAME(LB1),ZBT(L1),RBT(L1),ZBT(L2),
1      RBT(L2)
-      CALL ERROR1

- C      MOVE THE LB1 2,R,ANG-DATA UP 6 SPACES IF THERE EXISTS
C      AN ANGLE DISCONTINUITY, 9 SPACES IF THERE DOES NOT.
C      16 SPACES IS NOW ALWAYS USED SO THAT A PRIMARY ORTHOGONAL WILL BE
- C      GENERATED AT BOUNDARY JUNCTIONS, 4/71)
365 LUP      = 6
C      IF(ANGBT(L2).EQ.ANGBT(L1)) LUP=9
-      LF      = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
-      LT      = LF+LUP
-      NMOVE   = -((LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)) - LF)
-      BNAME2= BDT(LB2)
-      LNEXT2= LBNEXT(LB2)
-      LSTART= LBZ1(LB2)

-      CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)

-      IF(NCOAL.NE.0) GO TO 370
-      NCOAL = 1
-      BDNAM(LB1)=BDT(LB1)
-      LBA(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)
-      LBB(LB1)=LBA(LB1)-NMOVE-3

-      370 L1      = LB1+3*NCOAL
-      BDNAM(L1)=BDNAME2
-      LBA(L1)=LBNEXT(LB1)
-      LBB(L1)=LBA(L1) + (LNEXT2-(6+LSTART)) - 3
-      N      = NCOAL
-      NCOAL = NCOAL+1

-      375 IF(N.LE.0) GO TO 377
-      L1      = LB1+3*(N-1)
-      LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)+LUP
-      LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)+LUP
-      N      = N-1
-      GO TO 375

-      377 LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LNEXT2
-      LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
-      GO TO 360

C      ELIMINATE GAPS
-      380 IF(NCOAL.EQ.0) GO TO 390
-      LDOWN = LBZ1(LB1) - 3*NCOAL
-      IF(LDOWN.LE.0) GO TO 390
-      LF      = LB1+6+LBZ1(LB1)
-      LT      = LF-LDOWN
-      NMOVE = LBDE-LF+1
-      CALL MOVE(1, BDT(LF),BDT(LT),NMOVE,1)

```

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```

      LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)-LDDOWN
      LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)-LDDOWN
      N      = 1
385  L1      = LB1+3*(N-1)
      LBA(L1)=LBA(L1)-LDDOWN
      LBB(L1)=LBB(L1)-LDDOWN
      N      = N+1
      IF(N.LE.NCOAL) GO TO 385
      LBDE   = LBDE-LDDOWN

C      INDEX TO THE NEXT LB1
390  LB1     = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)
      IF(LB1.LT.LBDE) GO TO 355

*      INITIALIZE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY DATA IF REQ-D
400  CALL FFINIT

C**  BUILD LEADING EDGE/TRAILING EDGE POINT TABLE, /LETEPT/
      LEE    = LEO-1
      LB     = LBDO
405  L1      = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      LL     = L1
      L2     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
      GO TO 410

C      SEARCH FOR SHARP CORNERS
407  LL      = LL+3
      IF(ABS(ZBT(LL)-ZBT(LL-3)).LT.DPTOL .AND.
1    ABS(RBT(LL)-RBT(LL-3)).LT.DPTOL) GO TO 408
      IF(LL.LT.L2) GO TO 407
      GO TO 410

C      SHARP CORNER
408  ZBT(LL)=ZBT(LL-3)
      RBT(LL)=RBT(LL-3)
      NZERO = -1
      NL    = 0
      NT    = 0
      ANGG  = .5*(ANGBT(LL)+ANGBT(LL-3))
      GO TO 412
410  NZERO = 0
      ANGG  = ANGBT(LL)
412  CALL SETM(1,IBLANK,CNL,4)
      XX    = ZBT(LL)
      YY    = RBT(LL)
      IF(UP(LB)) GO TO 415

C      LOWER BOUNDARY
      CNL   = CHNAME(LB)
      BNL   = BDT(LB)
      IF(LL.EQ.L1) GO TO 420
      IF(LL.EQ.L2) GO TO 425
      GO TO 435

C      UPPER BOUNDARY
415  CNU    = CHNAME(LB)
      BNU    = BDT(LB)
      ANGG   = ANGG-PI
      IF(LL.EQ.L1) GO TO 425
      IF(LL.EQ.L2) GO TO 420
      GO TO 435

C      LEADING EDGE

```

```

-      420 NL      = 1
-      NT      = 0
-      GO TO 435
C      TRAILING EDGE
-      425 NT      = 1
-      NL      = 0

-      C 435 CALL ESORTP

*ESORTP      PRELIMINARY EDGL POINT SORT      -ESORT-*****
C      SUBROUTINE ESORT

C      INPUT-
C      XX(10)= DATA VECTOR TO BE INSERTED INTO ARRAY-XE
-      C      XE      = ARRAY OF VECTORS SORTED ACCORDING TO FIRST TWO ELEMENTS
C      LEO,LEE=INDEX LIMITS OF THE XE-ARRAY

-      C      OUTPUT-
C      XE      = REVISED ARRAY OF EDGE POINTS
C      LEE      = REVISED UPPER LIMIT OF XE-ARRAY

-      C      SEARCH FOR ORDERED POSITION - J
      435 CONTINUE
-      J      = 0
-      55 I      = 1
-      60 LE      = 10*J + I-1 + LEO
-      IF(LE.GE.LEE) GO TO 80
-      XD      = XX(I)-XE(LE)
-      IF(ABS(XD).LE.(1.1*TTE)) XD=0.
-      IF(XD) 80,70,65
-      65 J      = J+1
-      GO TO 55
-      70 I      = I+1
-      IF(I.LE.2) GO TO 60

-      C      THE NEW POINT IS COINCIDENT WITH POINT-J
-      LE      = 10*J + LEO
-      ANGE(LE)=.5*(ANGE(LE)+ANGG)
-      NLE(LE)=NLE(LE)+NL
-      NTE(LE)=NTE(LE)+NT
-      I      = 6
-      72 LE      = 10*J + I-1 + LEO
-      IF(IXX(I).NE.IBLANK) XE(LE)=XX(I)
-      I      = I+1
-      IF(I.LE.10) GO TO 72
-      C      RETURN
-      GO TO 436

-      C      RELOCATE AND INSERT THE NEW LINE IN LINE-J
-      80 LEF      = 10*J + LEO
-      LET      = LEF+10
-      CALL MOVE(2, XE(LEF),XE(LET),LEF-LEE-1,1,
-      1          XX,XE(LEF),10,1)
-      LEE      = LEE+10
-      C      RETURN
-      C      END

-      436 IF(LL-L2) 407,440,407

```

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```

C      INCREMENT BOUNDARY TABLE INDEX
440 LB      = LB+LBNEXT(LB)
      IF(LB.LT.LBDE) GO TO 405

C      CHECK FOR A MINIMUM OF 4 POINTS IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
      IF((LEE-LEO+1).LT.40) CALL ERROR1

C*     FINAL SORT OF /LETEPT/ BY AVERAGE FLOW ANGLE
      TANG = 92./90.*PIQ2
      LE1 = LEO
454 NCOUNT= (LEE+1-LE1)/10
455 LE2 = LE1
460 LE2 = LE2+10
      IF(LE2.GE.LEE) GO TO 470

C      IS PT2 IN FRONT OF PT1 (VECTOR PT1 TO PT2 GT 90 DEG FROM SL)
      ANGSL = .5*(ANGE(LE1)+ANGE(LE2))
      ANG12 = ATAN3(YE(LE2)-YE(LE1),XE(LE2)-XE(LE1),ANGSL)
      IF(ABS(ANG12-ANGSL).LE.TANG) GO TO 460

C      MOVE PT LE2 IN FRONT OF LE1
      LI = LE1
      LT = LI+10
      L2 = LE2+10
      L22 = L2+10
      CALL MOVE(3, XE(LI),XE(LT),LI-1-LEE,1,
1          XE(L2),XE(LI),10,1,
2          XE(L22),XE(L2),LEE-L2+1,1)
      NCOUNT= NCOUNT-1
      IF(NCOUNT.GE.0) GO TO 455
      WRITE (6,1468)
      CALL ERROR1

C      INDEX LE1
470 LE1 = LE1+10
      IF(LE1.LT.LEE) GO TO 454

C*     COMBINE UPPER AND LOWER CONTOURS CONNECTED BY L.E. IN THE BDY-TABLE
C      LB1 AND LB2 ARE INDICIES OF THE TWO CONTOURS
C      (LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE)
C      LUP = ADDITIONAL SPACE REQD FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES
      LE = LEO
472 IF(NLE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 496
      BD1 = BDU(LE)
      BD2 = BDL(LE)
      LB1 = LBF(BD1)
      LB2 = LBF(BD2)

C      CHECK L.E. ANGLE DISCREPANCY
      LB = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)
      ANG2 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD2 = BDT(LB2)
      LB = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)-9
      ANG1 = ANGBT(LB)*TODEG
      NBD1 = BDT(LB1)
      IF(ABS(ANG2-ANG1).LT..1) GO TO 474
      ANGDAV= .5*(ANG1+ANG2)

```

```

WRITE (6,1473) ZBT(LB ),RBT(LB ),NBD1,NBD2,ANGD1,ANGD2,ANGDAV
1473 FORMAT (/52H *** ERROR - THE BOUNDARY ANGLES AT L.E. POINT Z =,
1      F10.5,4H R =,F10.5//14X,17HARE NOT THE SAME.
2      33H THE AVERAGE VALUE WILL BE USED.//21X,7HBDY = ,A6,6X,
3      7HBDY = ,A6/21X,5HANGD=,F8.3,6X,5HANGD=,F8.3//29X,
4      8HAVG-ANG=,F8.3)
ANGBT(LB)=ANGDAV*TORAD

```

C MAKE ROOM FOR SUBTABLE OF INCLUDED BOUNDARIES

```

474 LUP = MAXO(3,LBZ1(LB1)) + MAXO(3,LBZ1(LB2)) - LBZ1(LB1)
LB = LB1+LBZ1(LB1)
LT = LB+LUP
CALL MOVE(1, ZBT(LB),ZBT(LT),LB+5-LBDE,1)
LBDE = LBDE+LUP
IF(LB2.GE.LB1) LB2=LB2+LUP

```

C INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN COUNTOUR LB1

```

IF(LBZ1(LB1).NE.0) GO TO 475
BDNAME(LB)=BDT(LB)
LBA(LB)= LUP
LBB(LB)= LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB)-9
LB = LB+3
GO TO 480

```

```

475 LBN1 = LB1

```

```

476 LBA(LBN1)=LBA(LBN1)+LUP
LBB(LBN1)=LBB(LBN1)+LUP
LBN1 = LBN1+3
IF(LBN1.LT.LB) GO TO 476

```

C UPPER SURFACE CHANNEL NAME IS STORED ON TOP OF -UP-

C LEDEX = INDEX OF LEADING EDGE PT ON THE CONTOUR

```

480 CHNAME(LB1+1)=CHNAME(LB2)
LEDEX(LB1)=LBB(LB-3)

```

C INCLUDED BOUNDARIES IN CONTOUR LB2

```

IF(LBZ1(LB2).NE.0) GO TO 485
BDNAME(LB)=BDT(LB2)
LBA(LB)=LBB(LB-3)
LBB(LB)=LBA(LB)+LBNEXT(LB2)-9
GO TO 490

```

C RELOCATE INDEX LIMITS OF UPPER BOUNDARIES

```

485 LBN2 = LB2
LBDIF = LBB(LB-3)-LBA(LB2)

```

```

486 BDNAME(LB)=BDNAME(LBN2)
LBA(LB)=LBA(LBN2)+LBDIF
LBB(LB)=LBB(LBN2)+LBDIF
LB = LB+3
LBN2 = LBN2+3
IF(LBN2.LT.(LB2+LBZ1(LB2))) GO TO 486

```

C RELOCATE LB2-COORDINATES INTO LB1-COUNTOUR. NB2=NUMBER OF DATA
C POINTS TO BE MOVED.

```

490 NB2 = LBNEXT(LB2)-LBZ1(LB2)-9
LI = LB1+LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP
LT = LI+NB2
L2 = LB2+LBZ1(LB2)+9
L22 = LB2+LBNEXT(LB2)
IF(LB2.LT.LB1) GO TO 494

```

101


```

LB2    = LB2+NB2
L2     = L2+NB2
L22    = L22+NB2
494 LBZ1(LB1)=LBZ1(LB1)+LUP
    LBNEXT(LB1)=LBNEXT(LB1)+LUP+NB2
    CALL MOVE(3, BDT(L1),BDT(LT),L1-1-LBDE,1,
1      BDT(L2),BDT(L1),NB2,1,
2      BDT(L22),BDT(LB2),LBDE+NB2+1-L22,1)
    LBDE = LBDE+NB2-(L22-LB2)

    DO 495 LEX=LEO,LEE,10
495 IF(BDL(LEX).EQ.BD2) BDL(LEX)=BD1
496 LE = LE+10
    IF(LE.LT.LEE) GO TO 472

```

RETURN

```

1468 FORMAT(/1X70HERROR- THE L.E., T.E. AND BOUNDARY POINTS CAN NOT BE
      *ORDERED ACCORDING/8X64HTO ORTHOGONAL NUMBER. PLEASE CHECK S.L. AN
      *GLES IN TABLE-LETEPT.)
1365 FORMAT(///1X8H** THE3X,A6,1X25HBOUNDARY CONTOUR FOR CHN=A6,1X17H
      *IS NOT CONTINUOUS/6X9HAT POINTSF11.5,1H,F10.5,1X3HANDF11.5,1H,F10.
      *5,1H./6X59HTHE FOLLOWING TABLE CONTAINS THE BOUNDARY COORDINATE IN
      *PUT.)
      END

```

```

Z(M1) = Z(M2)
ILB(L2)=ISV
FLB(L2)=FSV
SILB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 100

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

85 M1 = MLB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMELB(L1)
GO TO 187

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY

```

100 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
165 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 190
IF(NAMEUB(L2).EQ.NAMEUB(L1)) GO TO 170
L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
GO TO 165

```

C NAME AGREEMENT

```

170 IF(FLOAT(IUB(L1))+FUB(L1) - FLOAT(IUB(L2))-FUB(L2)) 180,185,190

```

C SWITCH POINTS

```

180 M1 = MUB(L1)
M2 = MUB(L2)
ISV = IUB(L1)
FSV = FUB(L1)
SSV = SIUB(L1)
RSV = R(M1)
ZSV = Z(M1)
IUB(L1)=IUB(L2)
FUB(L1)=FUB(L2)
SIUB(L1)=SIUB(L2)
R(M1) = R(M2)
Z(M1) = Z(M2)
IUB(L2)=ISV
FUB(L2)=FSV
SIUB(L2)=SSV
R(M2) = RSV
Z(M2) = ZSV
GO TO 190

```

C COINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS

```

185 M1 = MUB(L1)
NAMBDY= NAMEUB(L1)
187 ERR = .TRUE.
WRITE (6,1187) Z(M1),R(M1),NAMBDY

```

C INDEX L1

```

190 L1 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
IF(L1.LT.LESTA) GO TO 60
RETURN

```

```

1187 FORMAT(45H *** ERROR - CUINCIDENT ORTHOGONALS AT POINT,2F10.5,11H
* ALONG BDY=,A6)
END

```

103

*DECK BPSORT
 SUBROUTINE BPSORT
 *BPSORT BOUNDARY POINT SORT

-BPSORT-

```

C FIELD TABLES
C INDEX- M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPH11 / PH11(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LD,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
  DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
  EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
  INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
  LOGICAL PRIM
  INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
  DIMENSION SCHOK(1)
  EQUIVALENCE (SCHOK,DWDV)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
  LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE
  L1 = L0

C LOWER BOUNDARY
60 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
65 IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 100
  IF(NAMELB(L1).EQ.NAMELB(L2)) GO TO 70
  L2 = L2+LNEXT(L2)
  GO TO 65

C NAME AGREEMENT
70 IF(FLOAT(ILB(L2))+FLB(L2) - FLOAT(ILB(L1))-FLB(L1)) 80,85,100

C SWITCH POINTS
80 M1 = MLB(L1)
  M2 = MLB(L2)
  ISV = ILB(L1)
  FSV = FLB(L1)
  SSV = SILB(L1)
  RSV = R(M1)
  ZSV = Z(M1)
  ILB(L1)=ILB(L2)
  FLB(L1)=FLB(L2)
  SILB(L1)=SILB(L2)
  R(M1) = R(M2)

```

104

*DECK FFINIT

SUBROUTINE FFINIT

*FFINIT INITIALIZATION OF FAR FIELD CALC

-FFINIT-

COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1 ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
INTEGER FARFLD,FREE,PRES

RETURN
END

105

*DECK FRFONZ

SUBROUTINE FRFONZ

CFRFONZ GENERATE ZDN, ZIJ MATRIX FOR FAR-FIELD BC. -FRFONZ-

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTT,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBOE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)
COMMON /ERASE2/ WSTA(100),DISP(100),WAKE(100),TT(100),PT(100),
* LAM(100),RGX(100),C2CPX(100),DUM(534),
* IN1(25),IN2(25,2),
* NINT,M(21),EE(21),KK(21),XINT(21),
* YINT(21),ZZ(21)
REAL M , KK
DIMENSION XIJ(25,25),YIJ(25,25)
EQUIVALENCE (WSTA,XIJ),(C2CPX,YIJ)
COMMON /ERASE/ UNIT(25,25)
COMMON /CPI / PI,DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF,MAXFF,ZFF(64),RFF(64),
* ZDN(25),DRDN(25),UDN(25),ZIJ(25,25)
DIMENSION FGRX(100)
EQUIVALENCE (FGRX,ZIJ)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
REAL MINF
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(26)
COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30),ADUM(6)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR / R(300)
EQUIVALENCE (R1,RFFREF),(R25,ADUM(2))
LOGICAL DSIZE
REAL M1,M2,M3,M4
DATA AK1,AK2,AK3,AK4,AK5/
* 1.3862944,.096663443,.035900924,.037425637,.0145119621/
DATA BK1,BK2,BK3,BK4,BK5/
* .5,.12498594,.06880249,.03328355,.00441787/
DATA AE1,AE2,AE3,AE4/
* .44325141,.06260601,.04757384,.01736506/

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```

DATA BE1,BE2,BE3,BE4/
* .24998368,.0920018,.04069698,.005264496/

```

```

C*
C
C INPUT***
C   MINF      = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER .
C   ZDN1,ZDN25= STREAMWISE LIMITS OF FAR FIELD .
C   RFFREF    = NOMINAL RADIUS OF FAR FIELD .
C OUTPUT***
C   ZDN(1-25) = STREAMWISE CO-ORDINATES FOR DN- FAR FIELD SOLUTION .
C   ZIJ(25,25)= Z MATRIX = (INVERSE OF YIJ)*XIJ-
C   EXTENSION FRACTION TO FF= ADUM(1)

      BETA = SQRT(1.-MINF**2)
      OBETA = 1./BETA
C INITIALIZE DZ, ZDN TABLE
C TRANSFORM TO INCOMPRESSIBLE PLANE
      NDENSV= NODENS
      NODENS= -1
1  DZFF = ZDN25-ZDN1
      ZDN1 = ZDN1-ADUM(1)*DZFF
      ZDN25 = ZDN25+ADUM(1)*DZFF
      ZDN(1)= ZDN1*OBETA
      ZDN(25)= ZDN25*OBETA
      DZ = (ZDN(25)-ZDN(1))/24.
      DO 2 K=2,24
2  ZDN(K)= ZDN(K-1)+DZ
C DETERMINE FF CROSS STREAM COORDINATE AT ZDN(25)
      L = LESTA-19
      IF( LNEXT(L).NE.20 ) CALL ERROR1
      MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      CALL TTPT(MA,MB,WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
      NK = MB-MA+1
C ASSUME ISENTROPIC PROCESS TO UNDISTURBED CONDITIONS AT ZDN(25)
      GM2 = .5*(GAMA-1.)
      GM1 = (GAMA-1.)/GAMA
      PSINF = PT(NK)/(1.+GM2*MINF**2)**(1./GM1)
      AREA = 0.
      K = 0
1111 K = K+1
      GMA = (1.+FGRX(K))/FGRX(K)
      GM1 = 1./(GMA*FGRX(K))
      TSQTT = (PSINF/PT(K))**GM1
      V2 = SQRT(C2CPX(K)*TT(K)*(1.-TSQTT))
      RHO2 = PT(K)/(RGX(K)*TT(K))*TSQTT**FGRX(K)
      IF( K.GT.1 ) GO TO 1112
      WQAKM1= RHO2*V2
      GO TO 1111
1112 WQA = RHO2*V2
      AREA = AREA+2.*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1))/(WQAKM1+WQA)
      WQAKM1= WQA
      IF( K.LT.NK ) GO TO 1111
      R25 = AREA+R(MA)
      IF( AXIA ) R25=SQRT(R(MA)**2+AREA/PI)
      IF( .NOT.AXIA ) GO TO 94
      NINT = 11

```

107

C INITIALIZE PARAMETERS FOR INTEGRATION

3 DZZ = DZ/FLOAT(NINT-1)

C NOTE*** RADIAL CO-ORDINATE SCALED*****

DSING = 0.1*RFFREF

DSIZE = .TRUE.

IF(DZZ.LE.DSING) DSIZE=.FALSE.

FA = 4.*RFFREF**2

IF(DSIZE) DELZD=DZZ-DSING

DD = AMIN1(DZZ,DSING)

AL = ALOG(.125*DD)

SINGV = 2.*(-PI+DD*AL)-.125*DD**3*(1.+AL)

C OUTER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES

DO 90 I=1,25

C INNER LOOP FOR CALC. OF XIJ,YIJ TABLES

DO 89 J=1,25

C SECTION TO BUILD TABLES FOR INTEGRATION

C TABLES ARE BUILT IN 2 PASSES

KGO = 1

IF(I.EQ.J) GO TO 10

IF(J.EQ.1) KGO=2

IF(J.EQ.25) KGO=3

GO TO 12

10 KGO = 4

IF(J.EQ.1) KGO=5

IF(J.EQ.25) KGO=6

12 NIN = NINT

IF(KGO.NE.1 .AND. KGO.NE.4) NIN=(NINT-1)/2+1

NMID=0

IF(KGO.EQ.4) NMID=(NINT-1)/2+1

C INITIAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES

K = 0

15 K = K+1

K1 = K-1

C = 1.

GO TO (20,25,20,30,35,40) , KGO

C NORMAL BRANCH--OR (J=25, I.NE.J)

20 IF(K.GT.1) GO TO 22

21 ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)-.5*DZ

GO TO 23

22 ZZ(K) = ZZ(K1)+C*DZZ

23 M(K) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K))**2)

GO TO 50

C *(J=1,I.NEJ)

25 IF(K.GT.1) GO TO 22

ZZ(K) = ZDN(1)

GO TO 23

C NORMAL SINGULARITY BRANCH

30 IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 21

IF(ZZ(K-1).NE.BITS) GO TO 31

K1 = K-2

C = 2.

31 IF(K.NE.NMID) GO TO 22

32 ZZ(K) = BITS

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```

-      M(K) = BITS
-      GO TO 50
C      ** (I=J, J=1)
35 IF( K.GT.2 ) GO TO 22
      GO TO (32,36) , K
36 ZZ(K) = ZDN(J)+DZZ
      GO TO 23
- C      ** (I=J, J=25)
40 IF( K.EQ.1 ) GO TO 21
      IF( K.EQ.NIN ) GO TO 32
      GO TO 22
-      50 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 15

C      FINAL PASS TO BUILD TABLES-- ADJUST FOR SINGULARITIES CLOSER
- C      THAN DZZ

      IF( .NOT. DSIZE ) GO TO 70
      K = 0
--      55 K = K+1
      IF( ZZ(K).NE.BITS ) GO TO 60
      GO TO (60,60,60,56,57,56) , KGO
-      56 ZZ(K-1) = ZZ(K-1)+DELZD
      M(K-1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K-1))**2)
      IF( KGO.EQ.6 ) GO TO 60
-      57 ZZ(K+1) = ZZ(K+1)-DELZD
      M(K+1) = FA/(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K+1))**2)
      60 IF( K.LT.NIN ) GO TO 55

- C      EVALUATE ELLIPTIC INTEGRALS (K(M),E(M))

70 DO 71 L=1,NIN
-      IF( M(L).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 71
      M1 = 1.-M(L)
      IF( M1.EQ.1. .OR. M1.EQ.0. ) CALL ERROR1
-      M2 = M1*M1
      M3 = M2*M1
      M4 = M2*M2
      TLOG = ALOG(1./M1)
- C      EVALUATE KK
C      EVALUATE EE
- C      KK(L) = AK1+AK2*M1+AK3*M2+AK4*M3+AK5*M4
      *      +(BK1+BK2*M1+BK3*M2+BK4*M3+BK5*M4) *TLOG
C      EVALUATE EE
- C      EE(L) = 1.+AE1*M1+AE2*M2+AE3*M3+AE4*M4
      *      +(BE1*M1+BE2*M2+BE3*M3+BE4*M4) *TLOG
- C      71 CONTINUE

- C      CALCULATE INTEGRANDS XINT,Y-NT

      DO 73 K=1,NIN
      IF( ZZ(K).EQ.BITS ) GO TO 73
      DEN = SORT(FA+(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K))**2)
      XINT(K) = -4.*RFFKEF*EE(K)/(DEN*(ZDN(I)-ZZ(K)))
      YINT(K) = -2.*(KK(K)-EE(K))/DEN

```

109

73 CONTINUE

C INTEGRATE

75 XIJI = 0.
YIJI = 0.
K = 1
76 K = K+1
GO TO (77,77,77,78,78,78) , KGO
77 DZK = ZZ(K)-ZZ(K-1)
TERMX = 0.5*(XINT(K)+XINT(K-1))
TERMY = 0.5*(YINT(K)+YINT(K-1))
XIJI = XIJI+TERMX*DZK
YIJI = YIJI+TERMY*DZK
GO TO 80

C

78 IF((ZZ(K).NE.BITS) .AND. (ZZ(K-1).NE.BITS)) GO TO 77
IF(KGO.EQ.6) GO TO 80
IF(KGO.EQ.4) K=K+2
IF(KGO.EQ.5) K=K+1
GO TO 77

C

80 IF(K.LT.NIN) GO TO 76
XIJ(I,J)= XIJI
IF(KGO.GT.3) YIJI=YIJI+SINGV
YIJ(I,J)= YIJI
89 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
IF(PDUM(26).EQ.0.) GO TO 91
CALL TABPRT(3HXIJ,XIJ,625,10)
CALL TABPRT(3HYIJ,YIJ,625,10)
91 CONTINUE

C

DETERMINE INVERSE OF YIJ

CALL MATINV(YIJ,25,UNIT,0,DET,IN1,IN2,25,ISCALE)

DO 93 I=1,25
DO 93 J=1,25
ZIJ(I,J)= 0.
DO 92 K=1,25
92 ZIJ(I,J)= ZIJ(I,J)+XIJI(K)*UNIT(K,J)
93 CONTINUE


C

TRANSFORM BACK TO COMPRESSIBLE PLANE

GO TO 97
94 CALL SETM(1,0.,ZIJ,625)
DO 96 I=1,25
DO 95 J=1,25
IF(I.EQ.J) GO TO 95
DXIJP = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)+.5*DZ)
DXIJM = ZDN(I)-(ZDN(J)-.5*DZ)
ZIJ(I,J)= -1./PI*ALOG(DXIJP/DXIJM)
95 CONTINUE
96 CONTINUE
97 CALL FMPYC(1, BETA,ZDN,ZDN,25)
CALL FMPYC(1,OBETA,ZIJ,ZIJ,625)
IF(PDUM(26).EQ.0.) GO TO 200
CALL TABPRT(5HYIJ-1,UNIT,625,10)

110

```
CALL TABPRT(3HZIJ,ZIJ,625,10)
200 NODENS= NDENSV
WRITE (6,211) ZDN1,R1,ZDN25,R25
211 FORMAT(//6X,29H*EXTENDED FAR FIELD BOUNDARY*/7X,2HZ=,F10.3,3X,
* 2HR=,F10.3/7X,2HZ=,F10.3,3X,2HR=,F10.3/)
RETURN
END
```



*DECK ISBOT

SUBROUTINE ISBOT

*ISBOT- INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

-ISBOT-

```

C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIDUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1                TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1                TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SUB(1),
3                VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION    SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (SCHOKE,DWDV)

C      BOUNDARY TABLE
C      INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C      LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C      LBZ1  = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C      CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C      UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C      LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C              CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C      BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C              DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      DIMENSION    BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL      UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
      DIMENSION    BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

      DIMENSION    CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1)
      INTEGER      CHNAM
      EQUIVALENCE  (X1,BDT,CHNAM), (LNEXT,LBNEXT,LHNEXT), (MLB,LBZ1),
1                (MUB,CHNAME), (PRIM,UP), (TYPELB,LEDEX),
2                (NAMELB,ZBT,BDNAM), (ILB,RBT,LBA), (FLB,ANGBT,
3                LBB)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
      DIMENSION    LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE  (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZON1,ZON25
REAL              MINF
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2),FREE(2),PRES(2),RFF,NZP,
1                ZP(10),PPS(10), A1,A2,ADUM(6)
      INTEGER      FARFLD,FREE,PRES
COMMON /TROUHL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL      ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

*DECK BFAS
      SUBROUTINE BFAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)
*BFAS--      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE AND S      -BFAS-
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),S(10)

C      INPUT-
C      X,Y    - COORDINATES
C      ANG    - ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C      ANG(1)= ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C      KA,KB  - FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C      KD     - STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S
C      KORDER= 0 IF ERROR1 IS TO BE CALLED WHEN PTS ARE OUT OF ORDER
C              = 1 IF RETURN IS TO BE MADE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION
C              = -1 IF POINT ORDER CHECK IS TO BE SKIPPED

C      OUTPUT-
C      ANG    - ANGLE IN RADIANS
C      S      - ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)
C      KORDER= INDEX OF 2ND OF ADJACENT OUT-OF-ORDER PTS (=1 ON ENTRY).

      COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD,KORDER
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

      NK      = KB

      CALL BEAM(X(KA),Y(KA),ANG(KA),(KB-KA+KD)/KD)
      IF(KORDER.NE.0) GO TO 800

C      (K=KA)
      SK      = S(KA)

C      (K=KA+1,KB)
      I       = 9
      K       = KA+KD
70  SK      = SK + CHD(I-8)*(1.+(B(I-8)*B(I-8)-.5*B(I-8)*YPB(I-8)+
1  YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-8))/15.)
      S(K)    = SK
      IF(K-NK) 80,900,900
80  I       = I+8
      K       = K+KD
      GO TO 70

C      OUT OF ORDER POINTS
800 KORDER= KA+KORDER-KD

900 RETURN
      END

```

113

*DECK FARFLD

SUBROUTINE FARFLD

CFARFLD COMPUTATION OF VELOCITY ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY -FARFLD-

```
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LFO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE     (LIMITS,LHO)
```

```
C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3              VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION    SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (SCHOKE,DWDV)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF,MAXFF,ZFF(64),RFF(64),
*              ZDN(25),DRDN(25),UDN(25),ZIJ(25,25)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CPH11 / PH11(300)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDDUM(16),PRFF,PRFFD,PRFFI,PDDUM(7)
COMMON /ERASE / LDUM(711),PHIFF(64),RON(25)
COMMON /CISBOT/ DUMIS(30),ADUM(6)
EQUIVALENCE (R1,RFFREF),(R25,ADUM(2))
EQUIVALENCE (Z1,ZDN1),(Z25,ZDN25)
```

```
C  INPUT***
C  FIELD TABLES R,Z
C  VALUES OF M ON OUTER STREAMLINE
C  Z MATRIX FROM DN SOLUTION OF FAR FIELD
C  OUTPUT***
C  TABLE OF UDN VS ZDN
C  PRFFI=0 USE LFIT1(NORMAL)    PRFFI=1 USE LSPFIT -----FROM PH11
C
C  GET R,Z VALUES FROM FIELD TABLES (OUTER STREAMLINE)
```

```
C
      L      = LO
1  M      = MBEGIN(NJ)
      CALL STAND(M,L,UPPER)
      DATA KFAR/6HFARFLD/
      IF( TYPEUB(L).NE.KFAR ) RETURN
      NF     = 0
2  NF     = NF+1
      RFF(NF)= R(M)
      ZFF(NF)= Z(M)
      PHIFF(NF)= PH11(M)
      CALL GETIX
      M      = MD
      IF( M.NE.0 ) GO TO 2
```

114

```

*DECK BFAC
      SUBROUTINE BFAC(X,Y,ANG,CURV,NK)
*BFAC--      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE      -BFAC-
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)

C      INPUT-
C      X,Y      - COORDINATES
C      ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C      NK       = LENGTH OF X,Y,ANG,CURV-LISTS

C      OUTPUT-
C      ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS
C      CURV     - CURVATURE

      COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

      CALL BEAM(X,Y,ANG,NK)

      I      = 1
C      KA      = 1
      KB      = (NK-1)*KD+1
      K      = 1
C      (K=KA,KB-1)
60  CURV(K) = (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80  I      = I+8
      K      = K+KD
      IF(K-KB) 60,90,90

C      (K=KB)
90  CURV(K) = (-2.*B(I-8)-4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-
1      8)))

      RETURN
      END

```

115

```

*DECK BFACS
      SUBROUTINE BFACS(X,Y,ANG,CURV,S,KA,KB)
*BFACS-      BEAM FIT EVALUATION OF ANGLE, CURVATURE,      -BFACS-
C              AND S
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10),S(10)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y      - COORDINATES
C  ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS (IF MA=1)
C  ANG(1)=  ESTIMATED ANGLE AT THE FIRST POINT (MA=0)
C  KA,KB    - FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF VARIABLES X,Y,ANG,CURV,E AND S
C  KD      - STORAGE INCREMENT OF X,Y,ANG,CURV,E, AND S

C  OUTPUT-
C  ANG      - ANGLE IN RADIANS
C  CURV     - CURVATURE
C  S        - ARC LENGTH ALONG THE CURVE, (L)

      COMMON /CBEAM / MA,MB,KD
      COMMON /ERASE / A(3),B(1),YPB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)

      NK      = KB

      CALL BFAS(X,Y,ANG,S,KA,KB)

      I      = 1
      K      = KA
C      (K=KA,KB-1)
60 CURV(K)= (4.*B(I)+2.*YPB(I))/(CHD(I)*(1.+1.5*B(I)*B(I)))
80 I      = I+8
      K      = K+KD
      IF(K-NK) 60,90,90

C      (K=KB)
90 CURV(K)=(-2.*B(I-8)-4.*YPB(I-8))/(CHD(I-8)*(1.+1.5*YPB(I-8)*YPB(I-
1      8)))

      RETURN
      END

```

CALL BFI

ZD = ZBT(I)+ZM

RD = RBT(I)+RM

ANGD = ANGCHD+ANGM

CURVD = CURVM

SIDD = SIM

FD = F

INTVL = (1 - (LB+LBZ1(LB)))/3 + 1

RETURN

END

117

*DECK BF3

SUBROUTINE BF3(X,Y,ANG,CURV, IA,IB)

*BF3 CENTRAL 3-POINT CURVATURE

-BF3-

DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),ANG(10),CURV(10)

COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)

DIMENSION ANGx(3),CURX(3)

NBCB(1)=0

NBCB(2)=0

IBM2 = IB-2

ANGx(1)=0.

IF(IBM2.LT.1A) RETURN

DO 110 I=1A,IBM2

CALL BFAC(X(I),Y(I),ANGx,CURX,3)

ANG(I+1)=ANGx(2)

110 CURV(I+1)=CURX(2)

RETURN

END

*DECK BDYPTM

SUBROUTINE BDYPTM(NAME,INTVL, ZD,RD,FD,SIDD,DS1,DSIGMA)

*BDYPTM

BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT

-BDYPTM-

C INPUT-

C BDT = BOUNDARY TABLE

C NAME = BOUNDARY NAME

C INTVL = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE BOUNDARY TABLE

C FD = FRACTION POSITION OF THE INPUT POINT IN THE INTERVAL

C SIDD = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE INPUT INTERVAL

C DS1 = REQ-D MOVEMENT IN THE CLOCKWISE DIRECTION FROM THE INPUT P

C OUTPUT-

C INTVL = INDEX OF INTERVAL OF THE OUTPUT POINT

C ZD,RD = COORDINATES OF THE CALCULATED OUTPUT POINT

C ANG0 = ANGLE OF OUTPUT POINT

C CJRVD = CURVATURE OF OUTPUT POINT

C FD = FRACTION POSITION IN THE OUTPUT INTERVAL

C SIDD = ARC DISTANCE FROM THE BEGINING OF THE OUTPUT INTERVAL

C DSIGMA= -GET- MINUS -ASK- POINT MOVEMENT DISTANCE

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX= LB=LBDO, LBDE

C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY

C LBZ1 = INCRIMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO

C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED

C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.L. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAM1,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),

1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),

2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)

LOGICAL UP

INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM1

DIMENSION BDNAM1(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)

EQUIVALENCE (BDNAM1,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

COMMON /CHEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANG0,CURVD

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

F = FD

SID = SIDD

IF(F.EQ.0. .OR. F.EQ.1.) F=BITS

DSIGMA= 0.

C SEARCH FOR MATCHING BOUNDARY NAME

LB = LBF(NAME)

IF(LB.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1

119

```

C      I      = INDEX OF POINT WHICH BEGINS THE INTERVAL
C      SFI     = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I)
C      SFIP1   = DISTANCE FROM POINT (I+1)
      MINI    = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      I       = MINI+3*(INTVL-1)
      MAX1     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12
75 CALL HARC(I)
C      IF -1- IS THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT, BACK UP TO PREV INTERVAL
      IF(SINTVL.NE.0.) GO TO 80
      I       = I-3
      FD      = 1.
      IF(I.LT.MINI) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 75
80 IF(FD.EQ.1. .OR. SID.GT.SINTVL) SID=SINTVL
      SFI     = DS1+SID
      SFIP1   = SFI-SINTVL

C      IS THE NEW POINT WITHIN THIS INTERVAL
100 IF(SFI) 120,114,114
114 IF(SFIP1) 160,160,140

C      (MOVE COUNTERCLOCKWISE)
120 IF(I.GT.MINI) GO TO 125
      DSIGMA=-SFI
      SFI     = 0.
      GO TO 230
125 I       = I-3
      F       = BITS
      SFIP1   = SFI
      CALL HARC(I)
      SFI     = SFIP1+SINTVL
      GO TO 100

C      (MOVE CLOCKWISE)
140 IF(I.LT.MAX1) GO TO 145
      DSIGMA= -SFIP1
      SFI     = SINTVL
      GO TO 230
145 I       = I+3
      F       = BITS
      SFIP1   = SFIP1
      CALL HARC(I)
      SFIP1   = SFI-SINTVL
      GO TO 100

C      CALCULATE COORDINATES OF THE NEW POINT (PROPER INTERVAL FOUND)
160 IF(F.EQ.BITS) GO TO 230
      IF(DS1) 210,220,220
210 F       = F*SFI/SID
      GO TO 250
220 F       = ((SFI-SID)+(SINTVL-SFI)*F)/(SINTVL-SID)
      GO TO 250
C      (NEW INTERVAL)
230 F       = SFI/SINTVL

250 G       = 1.-F
      RZONLY= .FALSE.

```

120

/

*DECK ADPTSL

SUBROUTINE ADPTSL(M1,MU1,MD1,J1,NEWSL)

*ADPTSL ADD A POINT ON THE NEW STREAMLINE
LOGICAL NEWSL

-ADPTSL-

C INPUT-

C M1 = FIELD INDEX OF THE NEW POINT

C MU1 = UPSTREAM-M FOR NEW POINT

C MD1 = DOWNSTREAM-M FOR NEW POINT

C J1 = INDEX OF SL OF THE NEW POINT

C NEWSL = T IF A NEW SL, =F OTHERWISE

C ACTION-

C IF(NEWSL=T) RELOCATE FOR NEW STREAMLINE IN SL-TABLES

C RELOCATE FOR NEW POINT IN FIELD TABLES AND CORRECT POINTERS IN JMS

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C ADJUST STREAMLINE TABLE

JSAV = 999999

IF(.NOT.NEWSL) GO TO 100

J = J1

NMOVE = J-NJ-1

CALL MOVE(3,W(J),W(J+1),NMOVE,D,

1 X2(J),X2(J+1),NMOVE,D,

2 SLCHN(J),SLCHN(J+1),NMOVE,0)

NJ = NJ+1

JSAV = J

C RELOCATE FIELD POINTS AND CORRECT JMS-CHAIN

100 CALL ADDFPT(M1,1,JSAV)

C INSERT POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE

M = M1

MU = MU1

MD = MD1

J = J1

ISTAG = 0

CALL SAVIX

C CORRECT UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM POINTER

M = MU

IF(M) 120,900,120

120 CALL GETIX

MD = M1

CALL SAVIX

900 RETURN

END

121

*DECK BARCS

FUNCTION BARCS(NAME,IV1,IV2)

*BARCS- ARC DISTANCE BETWEEN BOUNDARY PTS

-BARCS-

```
C     INPUT-
C     NAME   = BOUNDARY NAME
C     IV1,IV2=INDEX OF POINTS IN THE GIVEN BOUNDARY

C     BOUNDARY TABLE
C     INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C     LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C     LBZ1   = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C     CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C     UP     = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C     LEDEX   = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.L. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C             CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C     BDNAM, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C             DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C     COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1                    CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2                    ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C             LOGICAL             UP
C             INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAM
C             DIMENSION           BDNAM(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C             EQUIVALENCE        (BDNAM,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C     COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,
1                    RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
C             LOGICAL            RZONLY
C     INDEX- M=MO,NM
C     COMMON /CZ        / Z(300)
C     COMMON /CR        / R(300)
C     COMMON /CS2       / S2(300)
C     COMMON /CS1       / S1(300)
C     COMMON /CPH11     / PH11(300)
C     COMMON /CM        / JMS(300)
C     COMMON /CCURV     / CURV(300)
C     COMMON /CB        / B(300)
C     COMMON /CINDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C     INDEX IN /BDYTAB/
C     LB     = LBF(NAME)

C     SUM THE ARC DISTANCES FOR INTERVALS IV1 TO (IV2-1)
C     I     = LB+LBZ1(LB)+3*(IV1-1)
C     IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) I=I+3
C     ISTOP = I+3*(IV2-IV1)
C     S     = 0.
75 IF(I-ISTOP)80,90,90
80 CALL BARC(I)
C     S     = S+SINTVL
C     I     = I+3
C     GO TO 75
90 BARCS = S

C     RETURN
C     END
```

122

IF(NM-M) 180,130,130

180 RETURN
END

123

*DECK ADJSL

SUBROUTINE ADJSL

*ADJSL- ADJUST STREAMLINES BY DS2

-ADJSL-

C INPUT-

C Z,R = COORDINATES ALONG THE STREAMLINE

C PHI1 = STREAMLINE ANGLES

C DS2 = DESIRED POINT MOVEMENT IN THE NORMAL DIRECTION

C OUTPUT-

C Z,R = ADJUSTED COORDINATES

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,.

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOI,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEI,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)

COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)

COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM

LOGICAL GREFIN

COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

CNF = CNVF(MAJCTR)

M = 1

1050 R(M) = R(M) + DS2(M)*COS(PHI1(M))*CNF

Z(M) = Z(M) - DS2(M)*SIN(PHI1(M))*CNF

M = M+1

IF(M.LE.NM) GO TO 1050

RETURN

END

124

150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)
CALL TABPRT(5HERASE,ERASEC,800,5)

CALL JMSVRT
CALL TABPRT(2HS1,S1,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(2HS2,S2,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HZ,Z,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HR,R,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(4HPH11,PH11,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(4HCURV,CURV,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(2HVM,VM,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(1HB,B,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(6HERASE2,AREA,1536,8)

LSTOP = 5
GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP

999 RETURN

1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE-/17X32HJ
* W/(118,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,),)
END

X2

SLCHN

125

*DECK ADDFPT
 SUBROUTINE ADDFPT(INS,NPTS,JSAV1)
 *ADDFPT ADD FIELD POINTS

-ADDFPT-

C INPUT-
 C INS = FIELD INDEX OF FIRST POINT TO BE RELOCATED, INDEX OF
 C FIRST NEW POINT
 C NPTS = NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE INSERTED
 C JSAV1 = INDEX VALUE OF NEW SL ABOVE WHICH THE FIELD J-REFERENCES A
 C TO BE INCREMENTED BY ONE, =999999 IF NO CHANGE IS TO BE MA

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LHDU,LHDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
 * LU,LESTA, LDUM(8),
 * MU,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
 * LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
 COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
 COMMON /CPH11 / PHI1(300)
 COMMON /CR / R(300)
 COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
 COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
 COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
 COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
 COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

M = INS
 NPT = NPTS
 JSAV = JSAV1

C RELOCATE FIELD POINTS
 NMOVE = M-1-NM
 MTO = M+NPT
 CALL MOVE(3,Z(M),Z(MTO),NMOVE,D,
 1 R(M),R(MTO),NMOVE,D,
 2 B(M),B(MTO),NMOVE,D)
 CALL MOVE(3,S2(M),S2(MTO),NMOVE,D,
 3 S1(M),S1(MTO),NMOVE,D,
 4 VM(M),VM(MTO),NMOVE,D)
 CALL MOVE(1,JMS(M),JMS(MTO),NMOVE,D)
 C RELOCATE FLOW ANGLES WHEN INSERTING NEW ORTHOGONAL LINES
 IF(JSAV.EQ.999999) CALL MOVE(1, PHI1(M),PHI1(MTO),NMOVE,D)
 NM = NM+NPT

C CORRECT THE JMS-CHAIN
 MSAV = M
 M = 1
 130 CALL GETIX
 IF(MU-MSAV) 140,135,135
 135 MU = MU+NPT
 140 IF(MD-MSAV) 150,145,145
 145 MD = MD+NPT
 150 IF(J-JSAV) 160,155,155
 155 J = J+1
 160 CALL SAVIX
 M = M+1

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*DECK ERROR

SUBROUTINE ERROR1

CEDUMPX EDUMP FOR STC EXECUTE SECTION

-EDUMPX-

```
C$      ALLCOM
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1          MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2          DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      REAL      MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL   AXIA,AXIC
      LOGICAL   CHOTST
COMMON /CFB    / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1          XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*          JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL   CHOKE,SUBSON
COMMON /ERASE / ERASEC(800)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1          RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2          VVKQKP(96),
2          WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
      REAL      LAMBDA
      DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRM(96)
      EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRM,RHO)
      DIMENSION RCU(96)
      EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
C      FIELD TABLES
C      INDEX- M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CPH11   / PH11(300)
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
C      TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRD,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)

C      STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
C      BOUNDARY TABLE
C      INDEX- LB=LBDU,LBDE
C      LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C      LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C      CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C      UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C      LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C              CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C      RDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
```

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C          DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C          DIMENSION      BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1          CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2          ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
C          LOGICAL        UP
C          INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
C          DIMENSION      BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C
C          FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C          INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C          NCOLS= 8
C          X1F   = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C          X2F   = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C          X1BF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C          X1AF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C          S1F   = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C                  IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C          LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C          NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C          LRF   = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C          LRXF  = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C          JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C                  = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C                  = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C          JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C          DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1          S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C          DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C
C          STATION TABLE
C          INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C          SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C          MCL   = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C          MCL   = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
C          COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3          VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
C          LOGICAL        PRIM
C          DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (SCHOKE,DWDV)
C
C          EQUIVALENCE     (BDT,X1F,X1), (LBNEXT,X2F,LNEXT), (LBZ1,X1BF,MLB)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB), (UP,S1F,PRIM)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB), (ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
C          EQUIVALENCE     (RBT,JORDER,ILB), (ANGBT,VNR,FLB)
C
C          COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
C
C          CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
C          CALL TABPRT(3HCFB,L,33,4)
C          CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,M,5,5)
C          I1TAB = LBDO
C          CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,BDT,LBDE,3)
C          I1TAB = LFO
C          CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
C          I1TAB = LO
C          CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)

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CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPY,NK, AREA,SPY,NK, -1)
DO 630 K=1,NK
  STX(K)= SVX(K)+SPX(K)
630 STY(K)= SVY(K)+SPY(K)

  KA      = 1
  DO 640 LL=1,LQ
    J      = J1(LL+1)-1
    K      = K1(LL+1)-1
    IF(MJ.NE.0) GO TO 635
    STXU(J)=STX(K)-STX(KA)
    STYU(J)=STY(K)-STY(KA)
635 IF(MD.NE.0) GO TO 640
    STYD(J)=STY(K)-STY(KA)
    STXD(J)=STX(K)-STX(KA)
640 KA      = K

    IF(PRPRN.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 800
    WRITE (6,1700) SVX(NK),SVY(NK),SPX(NK),SPY(NK),STX(NK),STY(NK)
    LINES = LINES+4
1700 FORMAT(/6X25HSUM-VM*COS(PHI)*DFLOW   =F10.2,36X,25HSUM-VM*SIN(PHI)
  **DFLOW   =F10.2,/6X25HSUM-(P-PSO)*COS(PHI)*DA =F10.2,36X,25HSUM-(P
  *-PSO)*SIN(PHI)*DA =F10.2,/6X25HTOT AXIAL MOMENTUM FLUX =F10.2,36X,
  *25HTOTAL Y-MOMENTUM FLUX   =F10.2,))

C   RELOCATE DATA INTO THE M-ARRAYS
800 CALL MOVE(2, MACH,MACHM(MA),NK,1, PS,PSM(MA),NK,1)
    CALL MOVE(2,PT,PTM(MA),NK,1, TT,TTM(MA),NK,1)

C   FILL IN STAGNATION POINT VALUES
  IF(MLB(L).EQ.MA) GO TO 820
  M      = MLB(L)
  CALL GETIX
  MACHM(M)=0.
  PTM(M)=PTM(MU)
  PSM(M)=PTM(M)
  TTM(M)=TTM(MU)
  VMF(M)= 0.
820 IF(MUB(L).EQ.MB) GO TO 830
  M      = MUB(L)
  CALL GETIX
  MACHM(M)=0.
  PTM(M)=PTM(MU)
  PSM(M)=PTM(M)
  TTM(M)=TTM(MU)
  VMF(M)= 0.

C   INDEX TO NEXT STATION
830 L      = L+LNEXT(L)
  IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 500

  RETURN
  END
  OVERLAY(STC,3,0)

```

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```

*DECK STCXX
  PROGRAM STCXX
  COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
  1 GO TO (5,10,15,20,17) , LENTRY
C   INITIAL DISTANCE ALONG SL-S
  5 CALL SLC
    GO TO 25
C   REFINE GRID
  10 CALL REFINE
    GO TO 25
C   SLC,PTMOVE,ADJWF
  15 CALL SLC
  17 CALL PTMOVE
    CALL SPC
    CALL FARFLD
    GO TO 25
C   ADJUST SL POSITION, CALC. FAR FIELD VELOCITIES
  20 CALL ADJSL
  25 RETURN
    END

```

```

      IFIELD= 0
      JSUM  = 0
      LINES = 64
      LINEA = 0
      L      = LO
500  PLB    = 0.
      PUB    = 0.
      WF     = 0.

C  SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION
      M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JA      = J
      MAA     = M
      M      = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JB      = J
      MBB     = M
      IF(JSUM.EQ.0) SUBSON=.TRUE.
      IF(SSEF) SUBSON=.FALSE.
      IF(SCHOKEL).NE.XCHOKE) GO TO 510
      IF(SSDF) SUBSON=.FALSE.
      JSUM   = JA+256*JB

C  EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE
510  CALL FLOBAL
      IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.TE .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.TE) JSUM=0

C  BRANCH AND ASTERP ARE PRINTOUT INDICATORS
      DATA DBSTAR/2H**/, SUB/3HSUB/, SUPER/5HSUPER/, ICHOKE/5HCHOKE/
501  ASTERP= BLANK
      IF(PRIM(L)) ASTERP=DBSTAR
      BRANCH= SUPER
      IF(SUBSON) BRANCH=SUB
      IF(SCHOKEL).EQ.XCHOKE) BRANCH=ICHOKE

      CALL SETM(1,BLANK, CHANLS,10)
      CALL MOVE(2,ZF(MA),Z,NK,1, RF(MA),R,NK,1)
      CALL MOVE(2,CURVF(MA),CURV,NK,1, VMF(MA),VM,NK,1)

      LQ      = 0
      K       = 1
      M       = MA
520  FLOW(K)=WSTA(K)*CG
      PHI(K)= PHI1(M)*TODEG
      QGAM   = FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
      MACH(K)=VM(K)*SQRT(QGAM/(RG(K)*TS(K)))
      AQAREF(K) = R(K)
      IF ( AXIA ) AQAREF(K) = PI*R(K)*R(K)
      PS(K) = RHO(K)*RG(K)*TS(K)
      PSQPD(K)=PS(K)/PSA
      PSQPT(K)=PS(K)/PT(K)
      TSQTT(K)=TS(K)/TT(K)
C  CP MUST FOLLOW USE OF RG
      CP(K)= (PS(K)-PSA)*QO
      CALL GETIX
      XI2(K)= X2(J)
      IF(SLCHN(J).EQ.CHANLS(LQ)) GO TO 530

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      I0      = LQ+1
      J1(LQ)= J
      K1(LQ)= K
      CHANLS(LQ)=SLCHN(J)
      IF(LQ.GT.1) FLOWMX(LQ-1)=FLOW(K)
      I       = 0
525  I       = I+1
      IF(SLCHN(J).NE.ICHN(I).AND.I.LT.IC) GO TO 525
      QPTO    = 1./WPTO(I)
530  PTQPTO(K)=PT(K)*QPTO
      K       = K+1
      M       = M+1
      IF(K.LE.NK) GO TO 520
      J1(LQ+1)=J+1
      K1(LQ+1)=K
      FLOWMX(LQ)=FLOW(K-1)
      LQS     = 0
533  LQS     = LQS+1
      KB      = K1(LQS)
      KE      = K1(LQS+1)-1
      FLMX    = 1./FLOWMX(LQS)
      DO 535 K=KB,KE
535  PFLOW(K)=FLOW(K)*FLMX
      IF(LQS.LT.LQ) GO TO 533

      XI1     = X1(L)
      IF(PRPRN.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 610
      CALL FHEAD(LINEA+NK)
      LINEA   = 4
      IF(.NOT.PRIM(L)) LINEA=8
      WRITE (6,1600) XI1,ASTERP,CHANLS,BRANCH,
1     (XI12(K),PFLOW(K),Z(K),R(K),PHI(K),CURV(K),PSQPO(K),PSOPT(K),
2     TSQTT(K),CP(K),MACH(K),AQAREF(K),PTQPTO(K),K=1,NK)

1600 FORMAT (/25H STATION COORDINATE, XI1=,F7.3,A2,13H CHANNELS- ,
110(A6,2X),A5// 5X,13HX12 STRM FNCT,6X,3HX,2,8X,3HY,R,8X,3HPHI,
16X,4HCURV,6X,21HPS/PO PS/PT TS/TT,6X,2HCP,6X,4HMACH,6X,
3 6H AREA,3X,6HPT/PTO / (2X,F6.3,F10.3,F12.5,F11.5,F9.3,F11.5,
4 F9.3,2F8.3,F10.3,F9.4,F11.3,F9.3,7X,))

610 IF(.NOT.PRIM(L)) GO TO 800
      M      = MA
      DO 620 K=1,NK
      COSPHI= COS(PHI1(M))
      SINPHI= SIN(PHI1(M))
      FVX(K)=VM(K)*COSPHI
      FVY(K)=VM(K)*SINPHI
      FPX(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*COSPHI
      FPY(K)=(PS(K)-PSA)*SINPHI
620  M      = M+1
      SVX(1)= 0.
      SVY(1)= 0.
      SPX(1)= 0.
      SPY(1)= 0.
      CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVX,NK, WSTA,SVX,NK, -1)
      CALL LSPFIT(WSTA,FVY,NK, WSTA,SVY,NK, -1)
      CALL LSPFIT(AREA,FPX,NK, AREA,SPX,NK, -1)

```

*DECK WRIOUT

SUBROUTINE WRIOUT

*WRIOUT WRITE STC OUTPUT DATA

-WRIOUT-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHOKES,SUBSON
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C BRLX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAO(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
2 WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
COMMON /ERASE3/ J1(10),K1(10),CHANLS(10),PS(96),MACH(96),FLOW(96)
DIMENSION XI2(96),Z(96),R(96),PHI(96),CURV(96),PSQPO(96),
* VM(96),FVX(96),FVY(96),FPX(96),FPY(96),SVX(96),
* SVY(96),SPX(96),SPY(96),STX(96),STY(96)
EQUIVALENCE (AREAO,XI2,FVX,STX), (DISP,Z,FVY,STY),
* (SQRTVV,R,FPX), (VMSQ,PHI,FPY), (VVKQKP,CURV,SVX),
* (WQA,PSQPO,SVY), (C2CP,VM,SPX), (FLOW,SPY)
REAL MACH
DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)
EQUIVALENCE (X,Z),(Y,R)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY
C CAN USE FGR IF NEEDED
DIMENSION PFLOW(96),PSQPT(96),TSQTT(96),CP(96),AQAREF(96),
* PTQPTO(96),FLOWMX(10)
EQUIVALENCE (FLOW,PFLOW), (LAMBDA,PSQPT), (TS,TSQTT),
* (RHO,CP), (FGR,AQAREF), (RG,PTQPTO)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CBEND / NHCR(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
```

133


```

COMMON /CCURF / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CREFIN/ SG1,SG2,VMG1,VMG2
1, NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

```

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

```

```

COMMON /BCOMM/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CCURV / CURVF(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
REAL MACHM
COMMON /CPH11 / PH11(300)
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)
COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
INTEGER PRPRN
COMMON /CB / PSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CR / RF(300)
COMMON /CRHS / TTM(300)
COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)

```

```

COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300), STXU(128),STXD(128),STYU(128),STYD(128)
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WTTU(10), IC

```

```

INTEGER DBSTAR,SUB,SUPER,BLANK,BRANCH,CHANLS,ASTERP,TE
LOGICAL UPSTRM,DNSTRM
DATA TE/2HTE/

```

```

PIINV = 1./PI
QO = 0.
IF(MACHA.LE..1) GO TO 95
IF(GAMA.NE.0.) GO TO 92
QO = (RGA*TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
GO TO 95
92 QO = 2./(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)

```

```

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
95 CHOKE = .FALSE.

```

134

```

160 M      = MD
      IF(M.GT.0) GO TO 124
      GO TO 180

C    APPROACH STREAMLINE
170 XKEYB  =ASL
      GO TO 200
C    BODY SURFACE
180 XKEYB  =XK5SV
      GO TO 200
C    TRAILING STREAMLINE
190 XKEYB  =XK5SV
      XK5SV = TSL

200 IF(XKEYB .EQ.TSL) GO TO 220
      IF(.NOT.LOWER) GO TO 220
      LB    = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      IF(LEDEX(LB).EQ.0) GO TO 220
C    LOOP TO FIND BOUNDARY NAME OF UPPER SIDE OF L.E.
      LBX   = LB
214 IF(LBA(LBX).GE.LEDEX(LB)) GO TO 220
      LBX   = LBX+3
      IF(LBX.LT.(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 214
      CALL ERROR1
220 SPDA(1)=SPDASV
      CALL LSUM(AW,PSMPO,NI, SPDA)
      SPDASV= SPDA(NI)
      ARM   = RM
      IF ( AXIA ) ARM = PI*RM*RM
      DO 225 I=1,NI
      AW(I) = (AW(I)-ARM)/ARM
225 CDPI(I) = SPDA(I) *Q0/ARM
      ADDG  = SPDASV*Q0/ARM
230 LINES  = 64
      CALL FHEAD(NI+6)
      KUP   = 2
      IF(LOWER) KUP=1
      CHN   = SLCHN(J2)
      XI2   = X2(J2)
      SWORG = 0.
      WRITE (6,1200) LOWUP(KUP),CHN,XI2, (XI1(I),SW(I),ZW(I),RW(I),
      * ANGW(I),CURVW(I),PSQPO(I),CP(I),PSQPT(I),MACH(I),CDPI(I),AW(I),
      * PTQPTO(I),I=1,NI)
1200 FORMAT (/2X,A6,17H BOUNDARY TO CHN=,A6,31H,  STREAMLINE COORDINAT
      *E, XI2=,F7.3,1H.// 5X,3HX11,6X,3HS1W,7X,5HXW,ZW,6X,5HYW,RW,5X,
      * 4HANGW,5X,5HCURVW,5X,5HPS/PO,5X,2HCP,4X,5HPS/PT,4X,4HMACH,5X,
      * 4HCDPI,14H (A-AMAX)/AMAX,8H PT/PTO / (2X,2F8.3,F12.5,F11.5,
      * F8.3,F11.5,2F9.3,F7.3,2F9.4,F14.3,F8.3,),)

      WRITE (6,1210) TIQTTD
1210 FORMAT (/6X,8HTT/TTO =,F9.3)
      IF ( XKEYB.EQ.ASL ) WRITE (6,1220) ADDG
1220 FORMAT (/6X,15HADDITIVE DRAG =,F9.4)

      IF(MD.GT.0) GO TO 123

C    INTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE ON THE CHANNEL
      IF(.NOT. LOWER) GO TO 310

```

135

```

      FLB      = SPDASV
      GO TO 110
310  FUB      = SPDASV
      FTOT    = STXU(J2)+FLB+FUB
      FERR    = FTOT-STXD(J2)
      WRITE (6,1300) CHN,STXU(J2),FLB,FUB,FTOT,STXD(J2),FERR
1300  FORMAT(/1X32HINTEGRAL MOMENTUM BALANCE,  CHN=A6,2X19H(AXIAL FORCES
* ONLY)/6X31HENTERING MOMENTUM                =F11.4,/6X31HLOWER BOUND
*ARY PRESSURE FORCE =F11.4,/6X31HUPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE FORCE =F11
*.4,/12X12HSUM OF ABOVEF24.4,/6X31HLEAVING MOMENTUM                =F
*11.4,/12X25HERROR                                =F11.4, )

      J2      = J2+1
      IF(J2.LE.NJ) GO TO 105
      RETURN
      END

```

```
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
```

```
LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON
```

```
INDEX- M=MO,NM
```

```
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / MACHM(300)
REAL MACHM
COMMON /CB / PSM(300)
COMMON /CS2 / PTM(300)
COMMON /CRHS / TTM(300)
```

```
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LD,LSTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NF COLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
```

```
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
```

```
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
```

```
COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CREFIN/ SG1,SG2,VMG1,VMG2
1, COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WTTO(10), IC
```

```
INTEGER HLE,HTE,ASL,BDY,TSL,CHNN,CHN,XK5SV,XKEYB,BLANK
```

```
LOGICAL DOUBLE,LOWER,UPPER
```

```
DIMENSION LOWUP(2)
```

```
DATA LOWUP/5HLOWER,5HUPPER/
```

```
DATA HLE,HTE/2HLE,2HTE/, ASL,BDY,TSL/3HASL,3HBDY,3HTSL/
```

```
C DEFINE REFERENCE DYNAMIC PRESSURE, ETC
```

```
QO = 0.
```

```
IF(MACHA.LE..1) GO TO 95
```

```
IF(GAMA.NE.0.) GO TO 92
```

```
QO = (RGA*TSA)/(PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
```

```
GO TO 95
```

```
92 QO = 2./(GAMA*PSA*MACHA*MACHA)
```

```
C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS
```

```
95 LINES = 64
```

```
IUP = 4
```

```
NCHN = 1
```

```
J2 = 1
```

```
105 CHNN = SLCHN(J2)
```

```
LOWER = .TRUE.
```

137

```

      I      = 0
107 I      = I+1
      IF (CHNN.NE.ICHN(I) .AND. 1.LT.IC) GO TO 107
      QPTO = 1./WPTO(I)
      QTTO = 1./WTTTO(I)
      GO TO 122
110 J2     = J2+1
      IF (J2.EQ.NJ .OR. SLCHN(J2+1).NE.CHNN) GO TO 120
      GO TO 110
120 LOWER = .FALSE.

C      BUILD I-SUBSCRIPTED ARRAYS
122 M      = MBEGIN(J2)
      L      = 0
      SPDASV= 0.
      XK5SV  = BDY
123 I      = 1
      SWORG  = S1(M)
      PTO    = PTM(M)
      TTO    = TTM(M)
      TTQTTO= TTM(M)*QTTO
124 DOUBLE= .FALSE.
125 SW(I)   = S1(M) - SWORG
      ZW(I)  = Z(M)
      RW(I)  = R(M)
      ANGW(I)=PHI1(M)*TODEG
      CURVW(I)= CURV(M)
      PS     = PSM(M)
      PSQPT(I)=PS/PTM(M)
      PTQPTO(I)=PTM(M)*QPTO
      MACH(I)=MACHM(M)
      AW(I)  = RW(I)
      IF ( AXIA ) AW(I)=PI*RW(I)*RW(I)
      PSQPO(I)=PS/PSA
      PSMPO(I)=PS-PSA
      CP(I)  = PSMPO(I)*QO
      IF (LOWER) PSMPO(I)=-PSMPO(I)
      CALL GETIX
      CALL STAND(M,L,UPPER)
      XI1(I)=XI1(L)
      NI     = I
      I      = I+1
      IF (NI.EQ.1) GO TO 160

C      CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
      IF (ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 140
      IF (TYPELB(L).EQ.HLE .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.HLE) GO TO 170
C      ISTAG=1
      IF (DOUBLE) GO TO 160
      DOUBLE= .TRUE.
      GO TO 125

C      CHECK FOR TRAILING EDGE POINT
140 IF (ISTAG.NE.2) GO TO 160
C      ISTAG=2
      IF (TYPELB(L).EQ.HTE .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.HTE) GO TO 190

C      ISTAG=0,3 OR DOUBLE=T

```

*DECK USECDW
BLOCK DATA USECDW
*USECDW REPLACE STCW USE CARDS
COMMON /ERASE3/ WDUM(318)
END

139

*DICK WRIBDY

SUBROUTINE WRIBDY

*WRIBDY

WRITE OUTPUT FOR EACH BOUNDARY

-WRIBDY-

```
COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL          FILIN,FILOT
COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /CLINES/ LINES,OMITFK,PTITLE(6)
COMMON /CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /ERASE2/ X11(100),SW(100),ZW(100),RW(100),ANGW(100),
*              CURVW(100),VE(100),MACH(100),PSQPD(100),CP(100),
*              PSQPT(100),PTQPTD(100), TT(100),AW(100),SPDA(100)
C NEW VARIABLES FOR NASA VERSION ONLY--PSQPT AND PTQPTD
COMMON /ERASE3/ AQAN(100),CDPI(100),PSMPO(100)
REAL          MACH
DIMENSION     XW(1),YW(1)
EQUIVALENCE   (XW,ZW),(YW,RW)
COMMON /CFRFLD/ FSAV(300), STXU(128),STXD(128),STYU(128),STYD(128)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,
1              MACHC, PSC, TSC, PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,
2              DAXIT, SCALEA, ITE, CHOTST
REAL          MACHA(1), MACHC
LOGICAL       AXIA, AXIC
LOGICAL       CHOTST

C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO, LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP    = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C        CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C        DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
C DIMENSION     RDT(1), LBNEXT(1), LBZ1(1),
1              CHNAME(1), UP(1), LEDEX(1),
2              ZBT(1), RBT(1), ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL         UP
INTEGER RDT, CHNAME, BDNAME
DIMENSION     BDNAME(1), LBA(1), LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE   (BDNAME, ZBT), (LBA, RBT), (LBB, ANGBT)

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO, LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF, BRHS, WRIDUT)
C MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE, FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1), LNEXT(1), MLB(1), MUB(1), PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1), NAMELB(1), ILB(1), FLB(1), SL1B(1),
1              TYPEUB(1), NAMEUB(1), IUB(1), FUB(1), SL1UB(1),
3              VMB(1), DWDV(1), X2CL(1), VCL(1), MCL(481)
LOGICAL       PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB, TYPEUB
DIMENSION     SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE   (SCHOKE, DWDV)
EQUIVALENCE   (X1, RDT), (LNEXT, LBNEXT), (MLB, LBZ1), (MUB, CHNAME)
EQUIVALENCE   (PRIM, UP), (TYPELB, LEDEX), (NAMELB, ZBT), (ILB, RBT)
EQUIVALENCE   (FLB, ANGBT)
```

140

```

      LH      = LHP
      GO TO 122
124  IF(PTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. PTO(LH).NE.O.) WPTO(IC)=PTO(LH)
      IF(TTO(LH).NE.BITS .AND. TTO(LH).NE.O.) WTTO(IC)=TTO(LH)
128  IF(J2.LT.NJ) GO TO 100
130  WRITE (6,1130) (ICHN(I),WTFS(I),WTFA(I),WPTO(I),WTTO(I),I=1,IC)
1130 FORMAT (/49H CHANNEL FLOW RATES, PRESSURES, AND TEMPERATURES-//
      * 16X,9HSPECIFIED,5X,8HADJUSTED,7X,6HPT/PSO,7X,6HTT/TSO /
      * (6X,A6,4F13.4,),)

      IF(.NOT.FILOT) RETURN
      REWIND NTAPN
      WRITE (NTAPN) STCFIL,(LIMITS(I),I=1,24)
      WRITE (NTAPN) ((IDENT(I),I=1,6),AXI,RG,GAM,MACHO,PSO,TSO,PTO,TTO,
1  PRPKN,TTE,CHOTST,MAXIT,MAJCTR, (NINNER(I),I=1,16), VELPOT,ICOB,
2  NODENS,RN,NGR,NGZ,(SGR(I),I=1,40),VMG1,VMG2, INRCTR, SLS,SG21,
3  NBCIN(1),NBCIN(2),ACF(1),ACF(2), SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,
4  SSFND1,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,(FARFLD(I),I=1,8),
* RHOC,RHOCSS,RHL,RM,
5  (ZP(I),I=1,28), (TABLES(I),I=1,LESTA), (B(I),I=1,NM), (JMS(I),
6  I=1,NM), (S1(I),I=1,NM), (S2(I),I=1,NM),(ZF(I),I=1,NM), (RF(I),
7  I=1,NM); (VMF(I),I=1,NM), (W(I),I=1,NJ), (X2(I),I=1,NJ),
8  (SLCHN(I),I=1,NJ),IOLRL,MAXSWP,TOLES2,TOLINR,SG1MIN,DS1DMP,
A  DS1RMO,(CRX(I),I=1,6), RHOBAS,RHOAMP,IADM,NTHKX,NTHKY,
B  (THKX(I),I=1,118) )
      NTSAV = NTAPO
      NTAPO = NTAPN
      NTAPN = NTSAV
      RETURN
      END
      OVERLAY(STC,2,3)

```

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```

WRITE(6,1005) SSFML,SSFEND,SSFND1,SSEANG,SSEF,SSDF,SSDLE
1005 FORMAT(43H CURVATURE CALCULATION FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW-/
16X,7HSSFML =,I8,19H (FORMULA NUMBER)/
26X,7HSSFEND=,F8.3,43H (DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, SSFML=2 ONLY)/
36X,7HSSFND1=,F8.3,41H (UPSTREAM END CONDITION, SSFML=2 ONLY)/
46X,7HSSEANG=,F8.3,43H (INLET FLOW ANGLE, DEGREES, SSEF=T ONLY)/
5/38H SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION-/
66X,7HSSIF =,L8,37H (SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F)/
76X,7HSSDF =,L8,56H (SUPERSONIC FLOW DOWNSTREAM OF CHOKE STATION
*, T OR F)/
6X,7HSSDLE =,L8,58H (SUPERSONIC FLOW BELOW AND
8AFT OF A L.E. POINT, T OR F) )

```

```

WRITE(6,1010) (GR(I),I=1,NGR)
WRITE(6,1011) (SGR(I),I=1,NGR)
IF(NGZ.EQ.0) GO TO 65
WRITE(6,1012) (GZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
WRITE(6,1013) (SGZ(I),I=1,NGZ)
65 WRITE(6,1014) VMG1,VMG2,CRX
1010 FORMAT(/1X19HGRID SIZE CRITERIA-/6X7HNHGR/GR=10F8.2)
1011 FORMAT(6X,7HSGR =,10F8.2)
1012 FORMAT(/6X,7HNGZ/GZ=,10F8.2)
1013 FORMAT(6X,7HSGZ =,10F8.2)
1014 FORMAT(/6X,7HVMG1 =,F8.2,25X,7HVMG2 =,F8.2//6X,7HCRX =,6F8.3)

```

```

WRITE(6,1030) NM,MAXNM, LESTA,MAXLE, NJ,MAXNJ
1030 FORMAT(/1X19HMEMORY UTILIZATION-/24X17HUSED AVAILABLE/6X11HGRID
* POINTS111,110,/6X6HTABLES116,110,/6X11HSTREAMLINES111,110,)

```

```

ATLDS2= CLEN*TOLES2
WRITE(6,1040) MAXIT,NREFIN,INRCTR,TOLINR,TOLES2,CLEN,ATLDS2,ES2MX,
1 DS1DMP,NODENS
1040 FORMAT (/18H CONVERGENCE DATA-/
16X,7HMAXIT =,I8,3X,20H(MAXIMUM ITERATIONS)/
26X,7HNREFIN=,I8,34H - NUMBER OF REFINEMENT ITERATIONS/ 6X,7HINRCTR
3=,I8,56H - NUMBER OF ADDITIONAL ITERATIONS AFTER LAST REFINEMENT//
46X,7HTOLINR=, E8.1,47H (INNER ITERATION TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEM
4ENT)/ 6X,7HTOLES2=, E8.1,37H (FINAL TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT)
5/6X,7HCLEN =, F8.3,52H - CHARACTERISTIC LENGTH BASED ON GRID SIZ
6E CRITERIA/ E21.1,38H - ABSOLUTE TOLERANCE ON S.L. MOVEMENT/
76X,7HMAXES2=, E8.1,42H - LARGEST S.L. MOVEMENT ON LAST ITERATION/
8/6X,7HDS1DMP=, F8.3,54H (STREAMWISE PT MOVEMENT DAMPING, =0 FOR
9 NO DAMPING)/ 6X,7HNODENS=,I8,58H (REFINEMENT LEVEL TO WHICH CON
ASTANT DENSITY IS ASSUMED))

```

```

LINES = 64
CALL FHEAD(13)
WRITE(6,1090) FARFLD
WRITE(6,1092) IADM,RHOBAS,RHOAMP,TOLRL
1090 FORMAT (/26H SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS-/ 6X,7HFARFLD=,2(2X,A6))
1092 FORMAT(/ 28H MATRIX SOLUTION PARAMETERS-/6X,7HIADM =,I8,3X,70H(=
11,0,1, FOR STREAMLINE, ALTERNATING, AND ORTHOGONAL LINE RELAXATION
2)/ 6X,7HRHOBAS=,F8.3,3X,33H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, BASE LEVEL)/
36X,7HRHOAMP=,F8.3,3X,45H(ACCELERATION FACTOR, AMPLITUDE OF VARIATI
4ON)/ 6X,7HTOLRL =, E8.1,3X,30H(TOLERANCE RELATIVE TO MAXDS2) )

```

```

C PRINT HIGHLIGHT AND MAX. BODY RADII AND AREAS
AHL = RHL
IF(AXIA) AHL=PI*RHL*RHL

```

143

*DECK WRIA

SUBROUTINE WRIA

*WRIA--

WRITE THE KEY(5)=A STC DATA RECORD

-WRIA-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
REAL MACHO
EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,MACHA),(PSO,PSA),(TSO,TSA),
1 (AXI,AXIA),(RG,RGA),(GAM,GAMA)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C BRLX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
C TSIC = NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE READ FOR TRANSONIC INTERPOLATION
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
* MU,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

COMMON /BCOMMN/ PROGM(9),FILIN,FILOT
LOGICAL FILIN, FILOT
COMMON /ADAMO1/ NAME(6),ADDRES(6),TITLE(6),IDENT(6)
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CCRX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
DIMENSION CRX(6)
EQUIVALENCE (CRX,CRXSL)
C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX - LH=LHO,LHE
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(10),NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
1 BB(75)
DIMENSION TABLES(998), ITO(1),PTO(1)
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C DIMENSION CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(495)
```

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```

      INTEGER CH,CHNAM
      DIMENSION XCH(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM, TABLES, CH, XCH), (LHNEXT, LTNEXT),
*                (WTFLOW, NPT),
*                (WTFLOW(2), LPSI, TTO),
*                (WTFLOW(3), LTT, PTO)
      COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS, RHOAMP, IADM
      COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
      COMMON /CISBOT/ FARFLD(2), FREE(2), PRES(2), RFF, NZP,
1      ZP(10), PPS(10), A1, A2, ADUM(6)
      INTEGER FARFLD, FREE, PRES
      COMMON /CLINES/ LINES, OMTIFK, PTITLE(6)
      LOGICAL OMTIFK
      COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
      COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT, MAJCTR, GREFIN, EDUM
      LOGICAL GREFIN
      EQUIVALENCE (MAJCTR, NREFIN)
      COMMON / CNORM / RHL, RM, AHL, ARM
      COMMON /CPI / PI, TWOPI, PIQ2, PIQ4, TODEG, TORAD
      COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3), PREFIN, PREFN2, PDUM(11)
      COMMON /CPRPRN/ PRPRN
      INTEGER PRPRN
      COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT, ICOB, NODENS, CPTDUM
      LOGICAL VELPOT
      COMMON /CR / RF(300)
      COMMON /CREFIN/ SLS, SG21, VMG1, VMG2, NGR, NGZ, SGR(10), GR(10),
1      SGZ(10), GZ(10)
      COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
      COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
      COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL, MAXSWP, CLEN, DS2MX, TOLES2, NSWP,
1      DS1DMP, DS1MXA, DS1MXB, DS1RMS, ES2MX, DS1RMO,
2      SG1MIN, TOLINK
      COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX, NTHKY, THKX(20), THKY(20), THIK2D(78)
      COMMON /CVM / VMF(300)
      COMMON /CZ / ZF(300)

      COMMON /CHNFPT/ ICHN(10), WTFS(10), WTFA(10), WPTD(10), WTTO(10), IC
      COMMON /TAPES / NTAPO, NTAPN

      LOGICAL STCFIL
      DATA STCFIL/T/
      DATA KA/1HA/

```

```

      OMTIFK = .TRUE.
      IF(FILOT) OMTIFK = .FALSE.
      CALL FHEAD(64)
      TSC = TSA
      TTC = TSC*(1.+(GAMA-1.)*.5*MACHO*MACHO)
      PTC = PSC*(TTC/TSC)**(GAMA/(GAMA-1.))
55 WRITE(6,1000) AXI, MACHO, RG, TSC, GAM, PSC, TTE, PTC, CHOTST, TTC,
1      NBCIN, ACF
1000 FORMAT (/15H GENERAL INPUT-// 6X,7HAXI =,L8,26X,7HMACHO =,F8.4/
16X,7HRG =,F8.2,26X,7HTSO =,F8.2/ 6X,7HGAM =,F8.4,26X,
17HPSO =,F8.3/ 6X,7HTTE =,F8.3,26X,7HPTO =,F8.2/ 6X,7HCHOTST=
1,L8,26X,7HTTO =,F8.3// 27H STREAMLINE END CONDITIONS-/ 6X,7HNBC
1IN =,2I8/ 6X,7HACF =,2F8.3/

```

146

*DECK STALOO

SUBROUTINE STALOO

*STALOO LOOP THROUGH STATIONS AND EXECUTE FLOBAL -STALOO-

COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ

LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(48)

LOGICAL PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1

LOGICAL PASS1

COMMON /CINNER/ INRCR,RDUM(33)

COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)

COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)

COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL(10),ES2MX,DSIRMO,SGIREF,TOLINR

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS

CHOKE = .FALSE.

JSUM = 0

L = LO

C CALL BRHS AND FLOBAL

410 PLB = 0.

PUB = 0.

WF = 0.

CALL BRHS

C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION (I.E. ORTHOGONAL)

450 L = L+LNEXT(L)

IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 410

PASS1 = .FALSE.

RETURN

END

OVERLAY(5TC,2,2)

147

```
*DECK STCW1
  PROGRAM STCW1
C  WRITE THE OVER-ALL STC DATA RECORD, KEY(5)=A.
  CALL WR1A
  RETURN
  END
```

148

*DECK NEWRAP

SUBROUTINE NEWRAP(X,E,V)

*NEWRAP OUTSIDE ITERATION PROCEDURE

-NEWRAP-

C TO BE USED WHEN INNER SELF CONVERGENT RELATIONS EXIST.

C INPUT-

C X - ABSCISSA

C E - ERROR IN THE ORDINATE

C V - STORAGE FOR A 12 ELEMENT VECTOR

C INPUT, FIRST ENTRY ONLY

C V(1) = CTR = 0.

C V(2) = DEDX = ESTIMATE OF THE SLOPE OF THE CURVE

C (X2=X1-E1/DEDX IS THE FORMULA FOR THE SECOND X)

C (E/DEDX) IS USED TO REDUCE DXMAX DURING THE ITERATION

C V(3) = XMOVE

C ABS(XMOVE) = MAXIMUM DELTA X

C SIGN(XMOVE)= DIRECTION TO THE BRANCH OF THE CURVE WITH SLOPE=SI

C OUTPUT-

C X = NEXT X ESTIMATE

COMMON /CNEW / DEDXP(2),DXP(2),DX,WS

DIMENSION V(12),Q(12), XP(2),EP(2)

EQUIVALENCE (CTR,Q(1)), (DEDX,Q(2)), (XMOVE,Q(3)),

1 (DXMAX,Q(5)), (DXPREV,Q(6)), (OPSIGN,Q(7)), (SPAN,Q(8))
2), (XP,Q(9)), (EP,Q(11))

LOGICAL SPAN

DO 50 I = 1,12

50 Q(I) = V(I)

IF(CTR.GE.30.) CALL ERROR1

IF(CTR.NE.0.) GO TO 200

C FIRST ENTRY

DX = -E/DEDX

DXMAX = ABS(XMOVE)

DXPREV= DXMAX

OPSIGN= 0.

SPAN = .FALSE.

GO TO 520

C SECOND AND SUCCESSIVE ENTRIES, EVALUATE DEDXP(1) AND DXP(1)

200 WS = 0.

DO 250 I=1,2

DXP(I)= 0.

IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 220

IF(CTR.LE.1.) GO TO 270

IF(WS.EQ.0.) GO TO 220

IF(.NOT.SPAN .OR. (E*EP(2).GT.0.)) GO TO 250

C IF(.NOT.SPAN .OR. SAMESIGN(E,EP(2))) DO NOT USE POINT 2

220 DE = E-EP(1)

DX = X-XP(1)

IF(ABS(DE).LT.ABS(DX)/1.E15) GO TO 250

IF(ABS(DX).LT.ABS(DE)/1.E15) GO TO 250

DEDXP(1)= DE/DX

C CHECK SIGN OF DEDXP(1)

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```

      IF (DEDXP(1)*DEDX.LE.0.) GO TO 250
      DXP(1) = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(-E/DEDXP(1),DXMAX))
      WS      = WS+1.
250  CONTINUE
270  IF (WS.NE.0.) GO TO 400

C     THE DEDXP HAVE INCORRECT SIGNS
C     TAKE MAX JUMP TOWARD THE CORRECT BRANCH
C     MAYBE DESIRED ORDINATE IS ABOVE/BELOW THE MAX/MIN OF THE CURVE
350  IF (OPSIGN) 360,360,355
355  DXMAX = .5*DXMAX
360  OPSIGN = -1.
      DX      = XMOVE
      GO TO 520

C     REDUCE MAX DX IF DIRECTION OF ITERATION IS CHANGING
400  IF (OPSIGN) 410,490,490
410  DXMAX = .5*DXMAX
490  OPSIGN = 1.

C     PREDICT NEXT ABSCISSA, DEDXP HAVE THE CORRECT SIGNS
500  DX      = (DXP(1)+DXP(2))/WS
      DXMAX = AMIN1(DXMAX,ABS(XMOVE))
C     -DXMAX.LE.DX.LE.DXMAX
520  DX      = AMAX1(-DXMAX,AMIN1(DX,DXMAX))

C     SAVE CERTAIN GOODIES TO USE FOR FUTURE ENTRIES
600  DXMAX = .25*DXMAX + .75*AMIN1(DXMAX,AMAX1(DXPREV,ABS(2.*E/DEDX)))
      DXPREV = ABS(DX)
      XP(2) = XP(1)
      EP(2) = EP(1)
      XP(1) = X
      EP(1) = E
      IF (EP(1)*EP(2).LT.0.) SPAN=.TRUE.
      CTR    = CTR+1.

C     SET X AND RETURN
      X      = X+DX
      DO 960 I=1,12
960  V(I)    = Q(I)
      RETURN
      END

```

150


```

M      = M+1
CALL GETIX
ISTAG = 3
CALL SAVIX
RHS(M) = 0.
B(M)   = BDUMMY
GO TO 756

```

C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

```

724 IF (TYPELB(L).NE.FARFLD .AND. TYPELB(L).NE.FREE .AND.
*   TYPELB(L).NE.PRES) GO TO 756
B(M) = .5*(AREAO(2)-AREAO(1))*BETSQP*(S2(2)-S2(1))
RHS(M) = AREA(2)-AREAO(2) - AREA(1)+AREAO(1)
IF (VMLBSQ.NE.0.) RHS(M)=RHS(M)
1    -(AREAO(2)-AREAO(1))*BETSQP*.5*(VMLBSQ/(VM(M)*VM(M))-1.)
GO TO 756

```

C INTERIOR POINT

```

725 BM = 0.
IF (MM.NE.M) GO TO 726
TSAVGM = .5*(TS(KM)+TS(KM1))
QGAMM = FGR(KM)/(1.+FGR(KM))
BETSQM = 1.-VM(MM)*VM(MM1)*QGAMM/(RG(KM)*TSAVGM)
RHOVM = .5*(WQA(KM1)+WQA(KM))
BM = .5*BETSQM*(S2(MM)-S2(MM1))/RHOVM
726 IF (WSTA(K+1).EQ.WSTA(K)) GO TO 728
TSAVGP = .5*(TS(K)+TS(K+1))
QGAMP = FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
BETSQP = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M+1)*QGAMP/(RG(K)*TSAVGP)
RHOVP = .5*(WQA(K+1)+WQA(K))
BM = .5*BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/RHOVP + BM
728 IF (SLSWI(L).NE.0.) GO TO 730
B(M) = BM
GO TO 732
730 B(M) = BRLX*BM+(1.-BRLX)*B(M)
732 IF (MM.EQ.M .AND. B(M)*B(M-1).LT.0.) SSOL=.TRUE.
IF (WSTA(K+1).EQ.WSTA(K)) GO TO 757
735 RHS(M) = (AREA(K+1)-AREAO(K+1)-AREA(K)+AREAO(K))/(WSTA(K+1)-WSTA(K))
1    -(AREA(KM)-AREAO(KM)-AREA(KM1)+AREAO(KM1))/(WSTA(KM)-WSTA(KM
2    1))
756 KM1 = K
MM1 = M
KM = KM1+1
MM = MM1+1
GO TO 760

```

C DOUBLE POINT (I.E. W(K+1)=W(K))

```

757 RHS(M) = ES2(K)-ES2(K+1)

```

```

760 K = K+1
M = M+1
IF (K.LT.NK) GO TO 725

```

C UPPER BOUNDARY

C NOTE- MB=MUB(L)-1 FOR A STAGNATION POINT

```

M = MUB(L)
RHS(M) = 0.
M = MB

```

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```

RHS(M)= 0.
QGAMM = FGR(K)/(1.+FGR(K))
BETSQM= 1.-VM(M)*VM(M)*QGAMM/(RG(K)*TS(K))
B(M) = BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))/WQA(K)
IF(B(M).EQ.0.) B(M)=BDUMMY

```

```

C SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES
C TEST FOR SHOCK ON ORTHOGONAL
  CALL GETIX
  IF( MU.EQ.0 .AND. MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 800
  IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.PRES .AND.
1  TYPEUB(L).NE.FREE .AND.
2  TYPEUB(L).NE.FARFLD) GO TO 800
  B(M) = .5*(AREAD(K)-AREAD(K-1))*BETSQM*(S2(M)-S2(M-1))
  RHS(M)= AREA(K-1)-AREAD(K-1) - AREA(K)+AREAD(K)
800 IF((B(M)*B(M-1)).LT.0.) SSOL=.TRUE.
C.....END CALC OF B AND RHS

```

```

SLSWI(L)=0.
IF(SSOL) SLSWI(L)=1.
RETURN
END

```

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```

IF(SCHOKE(L).NE.XCHOKE) GO TO 500
IF(SSDF) SUBSON=.FALSE.
JSUM = JA+256*JB

```

```

C EXECUTE FLOW BALANCE

```

```

500 CALL FLOBAL
IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.TE .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.TE) JSUM=0
IF( MA.FQ.MB ) RETURN
VMB(L)= VMBC

```

```

C EVALUATE S2-DEVIATIONS

```

```

F = 1.
IF((TYPELB(L).EQ.SOLID .AND. TYPEUB(L).EQ.SOLID) .OR.
* TYPELB(L).EQ.FIELD .OR. TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD) F=AREAD(NK)/AREA(NK)
IF(SSONIC.EQ.2.) F=1.

```

```

C (PLANE 2-D)

```

```

DO 510 K=1,NK

```

```

510 ES2(K)= (F*AREA(K)-AREAD(K))/LAMBDA(K)
IF(.NOT.AXIA) GO TO 550

```

```

C (AXISYMMETRIC)

```

```

K = 2

```

```

M = MA+1

```

```

520 ES2(K)= ES2(K)/(TWOPI*R(M))

```

```

K = K+1

```

```

M = M+1

```

```

IF(K-NK) 520,520,550

```

```

C EVALUATE MAXIMUM FLOW BALANCE ERROR, ES2MX

```

```

550 IF(L.EQ.LO) ES2MX=0.

```

```

DO 560 K=1,NK

```

```

560 ES2MX = AMAX1(ES2MX,ABS(ES2(K)))

```

```

IF (PRTES2 .LE. 2.) GO TO 600

```

```

IF (X1(L) .LT.PDUM(8).OR.X1(L).GT.PRTE2) GO TO 722

```

```

LMX1 = L

```

```

LMX2 = L

```

```

NKX1 = NK

```

```

CALL MOVE (1,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1)

```

```

IF (X1(L).EQ.PDUM(8)) WRITE(6,1661)

```

```

GO TO 660

```

```

600 IF (PRTES2.NE.2.) GO TO 722

```

```

DATA ENTRY2/F/

```

```

ES2MX0=0.

```

```

DO 605 K=1,NK

```

```

605 ES2MX0= AMAX1(ES2MX0,ABS(ES2(K)))

```

```

IF (ENTRY2) GO TO 610

```

```

ES2MX1= ES2MX0

```

```

ES2MX2= ES2MX0

```

```

LMX1 = L

```

```

LMX2 = L

```

```

NKX1 = NK

```

```

NKX2 = NK

```

```

CALL MOVE (2,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1, ES2,ES2X2,NK,1)

```

```

ENTRY2 = .TRUE.

```

```

GO TO 690

```

```

610 IF(ES2MX0.LE.ES2MX1) GO TO 630

```

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```

ES2MX2 = ES2MX1
LMX2 = LMX1
NKX2 = NKX1
CALL MOVE (1,ES2X1,ES2X2,NKX1,1)
ES2MX1= ES2MX0
LMX1 = L
NKX1 = NK
CALL MOVE (1,ES2,ES2X1,NK,1)
GO TO 650
630 IF(ES2MX0.LE.ES2MX2) GO TO 650
ES2MX2= ES2MX0
LMX2 = L
NKX2 = NK
CALL MOVE (1,ES2,ES2X2,NK,1)
650 IF(MBB.NE.NM) GO TO 690
WRITE (6,1661)
660 WRITE(6,1660) X1(LMX1)
M = MLB(LMX1)-1
IF(LMX1.EQ.L) M=MA-1
DO 670 K=1,NKX1
M = M+1
670 WRITE(6,1670)B(M),RHS(M),DS2(M),Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),ES2X1(K)
IF(LMX1.EQ.LMX2) GO TO 690
LMX1 = LMX2
NKX1 = NKX2
CALL MOVE (1,ES2X2,ES2X1,NKX2,1)
GO TO 660
1661 FORMAT(1H1)
1660 FORMAT (/9H STATION=,F8.3//5X,1HB,10X,3HRHS,9X,3HDS2,9X,1HZ,10X,
1 1HR,10X,4HPHI1,7X,4HCURV,7X,5HES2X1/)
1670 FORMAT (1X,F11.5,2(3X,F9.6),4(F11.5 ),3X,F9.6)
690 CONTINUE

```

C****CALC COEFFICIENT B AND RHS OF MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2

C SET SUPERSONIC OL INDICATOR

722 SSOL = .FALSE.

C LOWER BOUNDARY

C NOTE- MA=MLB(L)+1 FOR A STAGNATION P/INT

M = MLB(L)

RHS(M)= 0.

K = 1

M = MA

RHS(M)= 0.

QGAMP = FGR(1)/(1.+FGR(1))

BETSQP = 1.-VM(M)*VM(M)*QGAMP/(RG(1)*TS(1))

R(M) = BETSQP*(S2(M+1)-S2(M))/WQA(1)

C IS FIRST POINT AN ISTAG=3 PT AND THE FIRST OF A DOUBLE POINT

IF(WSTA(2).NE.WSTA(1)) GO TO 724

IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD) CALL ERROR1

C TREAT FIRST PT AS DUMMY PT AND 2ND PT AS ISTAG=3 PT

RHS(M)= ES2(1)-ES2(2)

B(M) = BDUMMY

CALL GETIX

ISTAG = 0

CALL SAVIX

K = K+1

154

*DECK BRHS

SUBROUTINE BRHS

*BRHS-- COEFFICIENT B AND RHS TERMS

-BRHS-

C OUTPUT-

C RHS(M)= RIGHT HAND SIDE OF THE MATRIX EQUATION FOR DS2

C H(M) = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,

1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,

2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST

REAL MACHA(1),MACHC

LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST

COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON,NK,PLBC,PUBC ,

1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),

* JSUM,VMLBSQ

LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1

1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX

INTEGER SSFML

LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER

C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F

C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T

C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F

C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL

C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA

C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F

C A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR

C BRLX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR

C CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR

COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),

1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),

2 VVKQKP(96),

2 WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)

REAL LAMBDA

DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRM(96)

EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRM,RHO)

DIMENSION RCU(96)

EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)

C INDEX- M=MO,NM

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDD,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LD,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, IRO,LRL,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)

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```

COMMON /CHITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CREFIN/ SG1,SG2,VMG1,VMG2
1, NGR,NG7, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

```

INTEGER SLCHN

```

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLR(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)
DIMENSION SLSWI(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SLSWI,VCL)
C SLSWI = SONIC LINE/SHOCK WAVE INDICATOR

COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
LOGICAL GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRITES2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLDS2,NSWP,
1 DS1DMP,DS1MXA,DS1MXB,DS1RMS,ES2MX
COMMON /CTABPR/ ITTAB
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

```

```

INTEGER FARFLD,FIELD,FREE,PRES,SOLID,TE
DIMENSION ES2X1(96),ES2X2(96)
LOGICAL ENTRY2, SSOL

```

C SSOL = SUPERSONIC POINT ON THIS OL, T OR F

```

DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/,
* PRES/4HPRES/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/

```

```

C INITIALIZE
TOL S2 = AMAX1(.01,2.*TTE)
BDUMMY= 1./1024.

```

C SUBSONIC/SUPERSONIC BRANCH SELECTION

```

M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA = J
MAA = M
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB = J
MBB = M
IF(JSUM.EQ.0) SUBSON=.TRUE.
IF(SSEF) SUBSON=.FALSE.

```

156

GO TO 255

C FLOW IS NOT CHOKED

245 L = LX2
PLB = PLBX
PUB = PUBX
CALL FLOBAL
250 VMB(L) = VMBC
NLF = (LFE+1-LFO)/NFCOLS
ILF = (LF-LFO)/NFCOLS
IF(INRCTR.EQ.0 .OR. MOD(INRCTR-1,NLF).NE.ILF) GO TO 290
IF(VNR(LF).NE.0.) GO TO 252
VNR(LF+1)=-2.
VNR(LF+2)=.25*WRQST
252 WNEW = WRQST
VNR(LF+6)=0.
CALL NEWRAP(WNEW,WCALC-WRQST,VNR(LF))
IF(VNR(LF+6).EQ.(-1.)) WNEW=WCALC
RATIO = WNEW/WRQST

C ADJUST FLOW IN THE STREAMLINE TABLE

255 M = MLB(L)
CALL GETIX
JA = J
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
JB = J

C CHECK TO SEE IF USER WISHES FLOW RATE TO BE VARIED

JX = JA
258 LH = LHO
260 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 267
IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.SLCHN(JX)) GO TO 265
LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
GO TO 260
265 IF(.NOT.VARY(LH)) GO TO 280
267 IF(JX.EQ.JB) GO TO 270
JX = JB
GO TO 258

C ADJUST FLOWS

270 DO 275 J=JA,JB
275 W(J) = W(J)*RATIO
GO TO 290

C DO NOT ADJUST FLOWS, PRINT COMMENT IF SUPER-CHOKED

280 IF(SCHOKE(LK2).NE.XCHOKE) GO TO 290
IF(RATIO.LT.1.) GO TO 282
SCHOKE(LK2)=0.
GO TO 290
282 WRITE (6,1280) RATIO,X1(LK2),CHNAM(LH)

C S1-COORDINATE ON UPPER SURFACE AT THE T.E.

290 IF(JORDER(LF).LT.0) GO TO 295
M = MLB(LXA)
S1F(LF)=S1(M)

C INDEX TO THE NEXT T.E.FLOW ADJUSTMENT X1-STATIONS

295 LF = LF+NFCOLS
GO TO 101

157

```

C      ALL FLOW ADJUSTMENTS COMPLETED,
C      RETURN FOR FLOW BALANCE AT ALL STATIONS.
300 IF (PDUM(6).EQ.0.) RETURN
      IITAB = LFO
      CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,10)
      CALL TABPRT(1HW,W,NJ,10)
      RETURN

1280 FORMAT(/65H *** THE CHOKED FLOW RATE IS LESS THAN THE USER INPUT
      *FLOW/RATE. ,6X,8HRATIO = ,F9.6,3X,6HSTA = ,F8.3,3X,6HCHN = ,A6)
      END

```

158


```

      IF(X1BF(LF).NE.X1TE) CALL STAX1(X1BF(LF),X2TE,-1.,LKB,DUM)
      IF(X1AF(LF).EQ.X1TE) GO TO 120
118      CALL STAX1(X1AF(LF),-1.,X2TE,DUM,LKA)
120 IF(JORDER(LF)) 130,140,200

```

C SINGLE CHANNEL CHOKE

```

130 CHOKE = .TRUE.
      L = LKA
      CALL FLOBAL
      SCHOKE(L)=XCHOKE
      LK2 = L
      VMB(L)= VMBC
      RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
      GO TO 255

```

C** ITERATE FOR T.E. PRESSURE, JORDER(LF)=0

```

140 IF(.NOT.CHOTST) GO TO 150
      L = LKB
      CHOKE = .TRUE.
      CALL FLOBAL
      PUBX = PUBC
      WBCHOK= WCALC
      L = LKA
      CALL FLOBAL
      PLBX = PLBC
      WACHOK= WCALC
      CHOKE = .FALSE.

```

```

150 QVP = 0.
      PSTE = -1.

```

```

155 L = LXB
      PLB = 0.
      PUB = PSTE
      CALL FLOBAL
      VMBSAV= VMBC
      WBO = WRQST
      WB = WCALC

```

```

      L = LXA
      IF(QVP.EQ.0.) PSTE=PUBC
      PLB = PSTE
      PUB = 0.
      CALL FLOBAL
      YO = WBO+WRQST
      WAB = WB+WCALC
      IF(CHOTST) WAB=AMIN1(WBCHOK,WB)+AMIN1(WACHOK,WCALC)
      YTOL = 1.E-5*YO
      DYDX = -1.E-5

```

```

      CALL QIREM(PSTE,WAB,.5*(PT(1)-PSTE),QVP)
      IF(QVP.NE.0.) GO TO 155
      VMB(LXB)=VMBSAV
      VMB(LXA)=VMBC

```

C SETUP TO ADJUST FLOWS

```

      IF(NCHB(LF).NE.1) GO TO 170

```

C NCHB(LF).EQ.1

159

```

      L      = LX8
      RATIO = WB/WB0
      GO TO 255
C      NCHA(LF).EQ.1
170  RATIO = WCALC/WRQST
      GO TO 255

C**  CALCULATION OF TE PRESSURE (GIVEN FLOW) AT STATION LX1
200  IF(JORDER(LF).EQ.2) GO TO 205
C      JORDER=1
      LX1    = LX8
      LX2    = LXA
      LK1    = LK8
      LK2    = LKA
      GO TO 210
C      JORDER=2
205  LX1    = LXA
      LX2    = LX8
      LK1    = LKA
      LK2    = LK8
210  L      = LX1
      CALL FLOBAL
      VMB(L)= VMBC
      IF(JORDER(LF).EQ.2) GO TO 220
      PLBX   = PUBC
      PUBX   = 0.
      GO TO 230
220  PLBX   = 0.
      PUBX   = PLBC

C      CALCULATION OF FLOW (GIVEN TE PRESSURE) AT STATION LX2
230  IF(.NOT.CHOTST) GO TO 245
C      CALCULATE MAXIMUM/CHOKED FLOW
      L      = LK2
      CHOKE  = .TRUE.
      CALL FLOBAL
      CHOKE  = .FALSE.
      VMBSAV= VMBC
      RATIO  = WCALC/WRQST

C      CALCULATE PRESSURE AT THE T.E. STATION
235  IF(LK2.EQ.LX2) GO TO 240
      L      = LX2
      WF     = WCALC
      IF(SSDF) SUBSON = .FALSE.
      CALL FLOBAL
      WF     = 0.
      SUBSON = .TRUE.
      NAMELIST /NLADJ/ LF,LX1,LK1,LX2,LK2,PLBX,PLBC,PUBX,PUBC
240  IF(PDUM(6).EQ.2.) WRITE(6,NLADJ)
      IF((PLBX.NE.0. .AND. PLBC.GE.PLBX) .OR.
1     (PUBX.NE.0. .AND. PUBC.GE.PUBX)) GO TO 242
      GO TO 245

C      CHOKED FLOW
242  SCHOKE(LK2)=XCHOKI
      VMB(LK2)=VMBSAV
      VMB(L)= VMBC

```

160

*DECK ADJWF

SUBROUTINE ADJWF

*ADJWF- ADJUST WEIGHT FLOW

-ADJWF-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTC, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
COMMON /CFH / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQT,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
INTEGER SSFML
LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREAD(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
2 WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION FS2(96),SDNQRM(96)
EQUIVALENCE (FS2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRM,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
C INDEX- M=M(),NM
COMMON /C7 / Z(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CPH11 / PH11(300)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LOUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
* TSU(1),PSU(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(5),TAB(6)
INTEGER CHNAM
LOGICAL VARY

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C NFCOLS= 8
C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
```

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```

C      LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORIGIN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C      LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C      JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C              = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C              = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C      JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
      DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1                     S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
      DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX= L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
      DIMENSION      X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1                     TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1                     TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3                     VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV)
      EQUIVALENCE      (CHNAM,X1F,X1), (LHNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
      EQUIVALENCE      (WTFLOW,X1BF,MLB), (TTO,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,S1F,PRIM)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TSO,NCHB,TYPELB), (PSO,NCHA,NAMELB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (MACHO,JORDER,ILB), (AO,VNR,FLB), (VARY(1),S1LB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (VARY(2),TYPEUB), (VARY(3),NAMEUB), (VARY(4),IUB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (VARY(5),FUB)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
      EQUIVALENCE      (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),VCL), (TAB(6),MCL)

      COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR,RDUM,NINNER(16),CNVF(16)
      COMMON /CPRINT/ CDUM(6),PDUM(10)
      COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMX
      COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB

C      BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
      LF = LFO
101 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 300
      PLB = 0.
      PUB = 0.
      WF = 0.
      CHOKE = .FALSE.
      SUBSON= .TRUE.
      X1TE = X1F(LF)
      X2TE = X2F(LF)
      LXA = 1
      IF(JORDER(LF).LT.0) GO TO 118

C      SEARCH FOR THE TWO STATIONS AT X1F(LF)
      CALL STAX1(X1TE,X2TE,X2TE,LXB,LXA)

C      SEARCH FOR CHOKE STATION IF THE FLOW IS CHOKED UPSTREAM
      LKB = LXB
      LKA = LXA

```

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```

      IF(SIFTE.LE.O.) GO TO 190
      N      = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
      LSTAR = LW+N
      CALL LSPFIT(SIW(LW),DST(LSTAR),N, SIFTE,DISP(K-1),1, 0)
      IF(DISP(K-1)) 184,184,186
184  DISP(K-1)=-1.
      GO TO 190
186  WAKE  = .TRUE.

C      LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190  WADD  = WSTA(K-1)
      GO TO 105

C      USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR.LE.NODENS
200  IF(MAJCTR.LE.NODENS) CALL SETM(L,O.,FGRX,K-1)
      RETURN
      END
      OVERLAY(STC,2,1)

```

```

C      X2F   = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C      X1BF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C      X1AF  = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C      S1F   = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C              IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C      LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C      LRF   = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C      LRXF  = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C      JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C              = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C              = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C      JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
C      DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1      S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
C      DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (CH,X1F,X2W),(LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT),(NPT,X1BF,S1W)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (LPSI,X1AF),(LTT,S1F),(LPT,NCHB),(LRCU,NCHA)
C      EQUIVALENCE      (CRG,JORDER),(CPGJ,VNR)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXDL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICNB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / PSI(800)

      INTEGER      CHX

C      INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS
      NK          = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1,1., LAM,NK)
      IF(NTHKX.LE.1) GO TO 100
      CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

C      INITIALIZE
100 WAKE = .FALSE.

C      DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES, NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL
      K          = 1
      M          = MA
      WADD       = 0.
105 NK          = 0
      K1         = K
      M1         = M
110 CALL GETIX

```

165

```

      IF(M.NE.M1) GO TO 114
      CHX      = SLCHN(J)
      PSI1     = X2(J)
114  IF(SLCHN(J).NE.CHX) GO TO 120
      NK      = NK+1
      DISP(K)=0.
      WSTA(K)=W(J)+WADD
      PSI(NK)=X2(J)
      K       = K+1
      M       = M+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 110

C    FIND INDEX IN CONVTR
120  LT      = LTO
125  IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
      IF(CH(LT).EQ.CHX) GO TO 130
      LT     = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
      GO TO 125

C    INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C    SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI-TABLE IN /CONVTB/
130  NI      = NPT(LT)
      I      = LT+LPSI(LT)
      I2     = I+NI
      IF(K1.EQ.1 .AND. NK.EQ.1) PSI1=PSI1-8.
      PSI1   = 8.*AINT(PSI1/8.)
      F      = XCH(I2-1)/8.
      DO 140 KN=1,NK
140  PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PSI1)*F
      IT     = LT+LTT(LT)
      IP     = LT+LPT(LT)
      IS     = LT+LRCU(LT)
      CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI, PSI,TT(K1),NK, 0)
      CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI, PSI,PT(K1),NK, 0)
C    CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI, PSI,RCU(K1),NK, 0)
      CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
      CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
      CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C    WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C    SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
      IF(M.GT.MB) GO TO 200
      X2J     = X2(J)
      DISP(K-1)=-1.
      LW      = LW0
155  IF(LW.GE.LWE) GO TO 190
      IF(X2W(LW).EQ.X2J) GO TO 170
      LW      = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
      GO TO 155

C    FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170  LF      = LFO
175  IF(X2F(LF).EQ.X2J) GO TO 180
      LF      = LF+NFCOLS
      IF(LF.LT.LFE) GO TO 175
      CALL ERROR1
C    INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180  S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C    S1-FROM-T.E.

```

160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M = M+1

IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

C... END LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY

RETURN

END

167


```

*DECK TTPT
      SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)
*TTPT--          TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES          -TTPT-
      LOGICAL
      REAL
      WAKE
      LAM(25)
      DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),
1          RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

C      INPUT-
C      MA      = FIRST FIELD POINT
C      MB      = LAST FIELD POINT

C      OUTPUT-
C      WSTA    = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES
C      DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C              K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0.
C              = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE
C      WAKE    = .TRUE. IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS.
C      TT      = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE
C      PT      = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE
C      LAMBDALAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION, BLOCKAGE EFFECT
C      RCU     = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM          ***NOT NOW IN USE
C      RGX     = GAS CONSTANT
C      C2CPX   = SPECIFIC HEAT
C      FGRX    = 1./((GAM-1.)= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY
C      NOTE - LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU-LISTS IS MB-MA+1

C      TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C      INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C      CH      = CHANNELNAME
C      LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C      LPSI    = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C      NPT     = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C      LTT     = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C      LPT     = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C      LRCU    = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
C      COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1          LRCU(1),
2          CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3          FGR(1),AREATB(485)
C      INTEGER CH
C      DIMENSION XCH(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
C      TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C      INDEX- LW=LWO,LWE
C      DIMENSION          X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
C      DIMENSION          DST(1)
C      EQUIVALENCE          (DST,S1W)
C      SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-
C      X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...DST(N)
C      X2W    = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C      S1W    = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM I.E.
C      DST    = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C      FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C      INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C      NFOOLS= 8
C      X1F    = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE

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```

IF(SQMD.GE.1.) GO TO 920
DPTR = 1. - ((6.*SQM)/(SQM+5.))**3.5 * (6./(7.*SQM-1.))**2.5
PTR(J)= PTR(J) * (1.-PDUM(18)*DPTR)
920 M      = M+1
      K      = K+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 910
      RETURN
1568 FORMAT(//2X57H*** ERROR IN FLOBAI, REQUESTED BOUNDARY PRESSURE EXC
*EEDS/6X37HTOTAL PRESSURE AT TRAILING EDGE POINTF11.5,1H,F11.5,1H./
*6X3HPS=F8.3,3X3HPT=F8.3.)
      END

```

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*DECK LFIT2D
      SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)
*LFIT2D      LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION
C            IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
      DIMENSION      X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C  INPUT-
C  X,Y  = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C  NXY  = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C  NXT  = NUMBER OF XT
C  NYT  = NUMBER OF YT
C  XT    = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  YT    = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C  T      = TABLE OF VALUES
C  NOTE  - NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW
C          YT(NYT)-  T(3)          T(6)          T(NXT*NYT)
C          YT(2)  -  T(2)          T(5)          T(8)
C          YT(1)  -  T(1)          T(4)          T(7)
C          -----
C                   XT(1)      XT(2)      XT(NXT)

C  OUTPUT-
C  TO    = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

      COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)
      COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C  FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL
      I      = 1
      M      = 1
      ISV    = 0
100 NCOUNT= 0
105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(1)) GO TO 110
   IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120
   F      = (X(M)-XT(I))/(XT(I+1)-XT(I))
   GO TO 150
110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140
   I      = I-1
   GO TO 125
120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145
   I      = I+1
125 NCOUNT= NCOUNT+1
   IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 105
140 F      = 0.
   GO TO 150
145 F      = 1.

C  INTERPOLATE WRT Y
150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160
   IJ2     = I*NYT+1
   IJ1     = IJ2-NYT
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)
   CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)
   ISV     = I

C  INTERPOLATE WRT X

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- 630 VMSQ(K)= AMAX1(VMSQ(K),1.E-6)
- IF(ABS(VMSQ(K)/VMSQ(K-1)).GE.2.E-5) GO TO 620
- GO TO 610
- C.....END INTEGRATION OF MOMENTUM EQUATION

- C** INTEGRATION OF FLOW AREA
- 650 AREA(1)=AREA0(1)
- M = MA
- DO 660 K=1,NK
- VM(M) = SQRT(VMSQ(K))
- IF(TS(K).LT.0. .AND. FGR(K).NE.0.) GO TO 590
- RHU(K)= PT(K)/(RG(K)*TT(K)) * (TS(K)/TT(K))**FGR(K)
- WQA(K)= RHO(K)*VM(M)
- IF(M.EQ.MA) GO TO 660
- C NOTE - AVERAGE FLOW/AREA IS APPROXIMATELY SQRT(WQA(K-1)*WQA(K))
- WQAVG = WQA(K)+WQA(K-1)
- X = (WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))*(WQA(K)-WQA(K-1))/(WQAVG*WQAVG)
- AREA(K)=AREA(K-1) + 2.*(WSTA(K)-WSTA(K-1)) /
- 1 (WQAVG*(1.-X*(.5+X*(.125+X*.0625))))
- IF(DISP(K-1).LE.0.) GO TO 660
- PERIM = 1.
- IF(.NOT.AXIA) GO TO 655
- PERIM = PI*(R(M)+R(M-1))
- 655 AREA(K)=AREA(K-1)+DISP(K-1)*PERIM
- 660 M = M+1
- C... END FLOW AREA INTEGRATION

- C RECIPROCAL OF CALCULATED FLOW AREA, ETC.
- QAREA = 1./AREA(NK)
- VMBC = VM(MB)
- IF(PLB.LT.0. .OR. PUB.NE.0.) GO TO 740
- VMSQSV= VMSQ(NK)
- VVSAFE= VMSQSV
- IF(VMLBSQ.NE.0.) GO TO 710

- C CALL -QIREM- FOR THE NEXT QUESS OF VM(NK)=VMBC
- IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 680
- YD = 1./TAREA
- YTOL = 1.E-5*YD
- IF(WF.NE.0.) YD=YD*WF/WSTA(NK)
- DYDX = DWDV(L)
- IF(DYDX.EQ.0. .OR. DYDX.EQ.XCHOKE) DYDX=YD/VMBC
- IF(.NOT.CHOKE) GO TO 675
- YD = YD+YD
- 675 QAREA1= QAREA
- VUB1 = VMBC
- 680 XJP = -.75*VMBC
- IF(.NOT.SUBSON) XJP=.25*VMBC
- CALL QIREM(VMBC,QAREA, XJP,QV)
- IF(QV(1).EQ.0.) GO TO 682
- IF(QV(5).EQ.0.) GO TO 684
- VMSQ(NK)=VMBC*VMBC
- GO TO 600

- C EVALUATE D(W)/D(VLB), SAVE VELOCITIES
- 682 BOT = VMBC-VUB1
- C .001 FOR CDC VERSION ONLY
- IF(ABS(BOT).GT..001) DWDV(L)=(QAREA-QAREA1)/BOT

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GO TO 740

C THE FLOW IS CHOKED

684 IF(CHOKED) GO TO 740

RATIO = QAREA*TAREA

DO 686 K=1,NK

686 AREA(K)=RATIO*AREA(K)

CALL ADJWF2

GO TO 740

C CALL -QIREM- FOR LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE ITERATION

710 YD = VMLBSQ

YTOL = 1.E-5*YD

DYDX = 1.

CALL QIREM(VMSQ(NK),VMSQ(1),-.5*VMSQ(NK),QV)

IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 600

C CONTROL STREAMLINE VELOCITY

715 CONTINUE

C CALCULATE BOUNDARY PRESSURE

740 PLBC = RHO(1)*RG(1)*TS(1)

PUBC = RHO(NK)*RG(NK)*TS(NK)

WRQST = WSTA(NK)

WCALC = WRQST*QAREA*TAREA

IF(PDUM(9).LE.0.) GO TO 900

IF(X1(L).GE.PDUM(8) .AND. X1(L).LE.PDUM(9)) GO TO 800

GO TO 900

800 CALL TABPRT(3HSTA,X1(L),1,1)

CALL TABPRT(6HFB-CFB,L,33,4)

IITAB = MA

CALL TABPRT(5HFB-S2,S2,MB,10)

IITAB = MA

CALL TABPRT(4HPH11,PH11,MB,10)

IITAB = MA

CALL TABPRT(4HCURV,CURV,MB,10)

IITAB = MA

CALL TABPRT(5HFB-VM,VM,MB,10)

CALL TABPRT(6HERASE2,AREA,1536,8)

CALL TABPRT(4HFB-W,W,NJ,10)

CALL TABPRT(5HFB-X2,X2,NJ,10)

CALL TABPRT(5HSLCHN,SLCHN,NJ,10)

C RESET PLB AND PUB INDICATORS

900 PLB = 0.

PUB = 0.

C COMPUTE SHOCK LOSS

IF(PDUM(18).EQ.0.) RETURN

K = 1

M = MA

910 SQM = VMSQ(K)/(1.4*RG(K)*TS(K))

IF(SQM.LE.1.) GO TO 920

CALL GETIX

IF(MD.EQ.0) GO TO 920

VVMXSQ= VM(MD)*VM(MD)/(C2CP(K)*TT(K))

SQMD = 5.*VVMXSQ/(1.-VVMXSQ)

```

-      CFGT = 1./(1.+FGR(1))
-      VMLBSQ= C2CP(1)*TT(1)*(1.-(PLB/PT(1))**CFGT)
-      GO TO 540
C      FREE OR FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
532 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FREE .AND. TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD) GO TO 534
-      M = MA
-      CALL GETIX
-      IF(MU.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
-      VMLBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
533 PLB = 1.E-6
-      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .OR. PASS1) GO TO 540
-      VMUBSQ= 0.
-      IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD) GO TO 570
C      STREAMWISE INTERPOLATION OF VELOCITY AT ISTAG=3 POINT BY LSPFIT
-      IRET = 1
-      5331 M4 = M
-      CALL GETRLX
-      II = 0
-      NII = 3
-      IF(M2.EQ.M4) GO TO 5333
-      II = 1
-      NII = 4
-      S1B(II)=S1(M2)
-      V1B(II)=VM(M2)
5333 S1B(II+1)=S1(M3)
-      V1B(II+1)=VM(M3)
-      S1B(II+2)=S1(M5)
-      V1B(II+2)=VM(M5)
-      S1B(II+3)=S1(M6)
-      V1B(II+3)=VM(M6)
-      IF(M6.EQ.M4) NII=NII-1
-      CALL LSPFIT(S1B,V1B,NII, S1(M),VMM,1, 0)
-      IF(IRET) 5335,5435,5335
5335 VMLBSQ= VMM*VMM
-      GO TO 540
C      FAR-FIELD LOWER BOUNDARY
534 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FARFLD) GO TO 540
-      CALL ERROR1
-      CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MA),VMLBSQ,1, 0)
-      VMLBSQ= VMLBSQ*VMLBSQ
-      GO TO 533

- C      UPPER BOUNDARY
540 VMUBSQ= 0.
C      PRESSURE UPPER BOUNDARY
-      IF(PUB.GT.0.) GO TO 541
-      IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.PRES) GO TO 542
-      CALL LSPFIT(ZP,PPS,NZP, Z(MB),PUB,1, 0)
541 PSB = PUB
-      PTB = PT(NK)
-      M = MB
-      IF(PSB.GE.PTB) GO TO 568
-      CFGT = 1./(1.+FGR(NK))
-      VMUBSQ= C2CP(NK)*TT(NK)*(1.-(PUB/PT(NK))**CFGT)
-      GO TO 570
C      FREE OR FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
-      542 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.FREE .AND. TYPEUB(L).NE.FIELD) GO TO 544
-      M = MB

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CALL GETIX
IF(MU.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
VMUBSQ= VM(MU)*VM(MU)
VMLBSQ= 0.
543 PUB    = 1.E-6
IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.FIELD .OR. PASS1) GO TO 570
IRET    = 0
GO TO 5331
5435 VMUBSQ= VMM*VMM
GO TO 570
C    FAR-FIELD UPPER BOUNDARY
544 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.FARFLD) GO TO 570
CALL LSPFIT(ZDN,UDN,25, Z(MB),VMUBSQ,1, 0)
VMUBSQ= VMUBSQ*VMUBSQ
GO TO 543
568 WRITE (6,1568) Z(M),R(M),PSB,PTB
CALL ERROR1

C    BEGIN FLOW BALANCE ITERATION
570 QV(1) = 0.
IF(VMUBSQ.NE.0.) VMSQ(NK)=VMUBSQ
VMSQSV= VMSQ(NK)

C    NEGTS,VVSAFE ARE USED FOR SALVAGING NEGATIVE TEMPERATURE SITUATIONS
NEGTS = 0
VVSAFE= 0.
GO TO 600
590 NEGTS = NEGTS+1
IF(NEGTS.GE.20 .OR. (PLB+PUB).NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
VMSQ(NK)=.5*(VMSQ(NK)+VVSAFE)

C****STEP BY STEP INTEGRATION OF NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATION
600 VRATIO= VMSQ(NK)/VMSQSV
K      = NK

C    PREDICT VELOCITY AT K
610 K      = K-1
IF(K) 615,650,615

C    COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K+1
615 TS(K+1)=TT(K+1)-VMSQ(K+1)/C2CP(K+1)
CDPT1 = RG(K+1)*TS(K+1)/PT(K+1)

C    COEFFICIENT VALUES AT K
VMSQ(K)=VMSQ(K)*VRATIO
620 VMSQK = VMSQ(K)
TS(K) = TT(K)-VMSQ(K)/C2CP(K)
CDPT = CDPT1 + RG(K)*TS(K)/PT(K)

C    INTEGRATE
IF(DISP(K).NE.0.) GO TO 625
622 VMSQ(K)=VMSQ(K+1)*VVKQKP(K) + SQRTVV(K)*(CDPT*(PT(K)-PT(K+1)))
GO TO 630
C    (WAKE DISCONTINUITY)
625 IF(PT(K+1).EQ.PT(K)) GO TO 622
PSLIP = PT(K+1)*(TS(K+1)/TT(K+1))*((FGR(K+1)+1.)
TS(K) = TT(K)*(PSLIP/PT(K))*((1./(1.+FGR(K)))
VMSQ(K)=C2CP(K)*(TT(K)-TS(K))

```

```

C      INDEX- M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CVM     / VM(300)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDD,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CBEND    / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS    / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCUBE    / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
COMMON /CGRAV    / CG
COMMON /CPI      / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CREFIN/   SG1,SG2,VMG1,VMG2
1,          NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /SLTAB   / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /SLTAB2/  PTR(128)
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3              VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION    SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (SCHOKE,DWDV)

COMMON /CFB2    / PASS1
      LOGICAL     PASS1
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFINF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
COMMON /CFRFLD/ NFF(130),ZDN(50),UDN(25)
COMMON /CIDEXR/ M4,C11(4),M3,C12(4),M5,C13(4),M2,C14(4),M6,C15(4)
COMMON /CISBOT/ CISDUM(7), NZP,ZP(10),PPS(10)
COMMON /CLSPF   / I,LEND
      LOGICAL    LEND
COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTES2(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMX
COMMON /CTABPR/ ITAB

      INTEGER     FARFLD,FREE,PRES,FIELD
      LOGICAL     WAKE

```

DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FREE/4HFREE/, PRES/4HPRES/, FIELD/5HFIELD/

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500 MA      = MLB(L)
    MB      = MUB(L)
    IF(L.EQ.LU) CALL SETM(1,1., PIR,NJ)

C    CHECK FOR STAGNATION BOUNDARY POINT
    M      = MA
    CALL GETIX
    IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 515
    MA      = MA+1
515 M      = MB
    CALL GETIX
    IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 520
    MB      = MB-1

C    BUILD TABLE OF FLOW FUNCTION AND STAGNATION CONDITIONS
520 CALL ITPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAMBDA, RG,C2CP,FGR)

C    PASSAGE AREA AND SHOCK PRESSURE LOSS
    K      = 1
    M      = MA
522 RLAMDA(K)=LAMBDA(K)
    IF(AXIA) RLAMDA(K)=TWOPI*R(M)*LAMBDA(K)
    CALL GETIX
    PT(K) = PT(K)*PTR(J)
    K      = K+1
    M      = M+1
    IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 522
    AREAO(1)=0.
    NK     = MB-MA+1
    LEND   = .FALSE.
    IF(NK.GT.2 .AND. (DISP(2).NE.0. .OR. DISP(NK-2).NE.0.))LEND=.TRUE.
    CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),RLAMDA,NK, S2(MA),AREAO,NK, -1)
    TAREA = AREAO(NK)

C    INTEGRATE CURVATURE WITH RESPECT TO S2
C    INITIAL ESTIMATE OF MERIDIONAL VELOCITY SQUARED
    SDNORM= 0.
    CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),CURV(MA),NK, S2(MA),SDNORM,NK,-1)
    LEND   = .FALSE.
    M      = MA+1
    DO 525 K=2,NK
    VVKQKP(K-1)=EXP(2.*(SDNORM(K)-SDNORM(K-1))) * TT(K-1)/TT(K)
    SQRTVV(K-1)=SQRT(VVKQKP(K-1))
    VMSQ(K-1)=VM(M-1)*VM(M-1)
525 M      = M+1
    VMSQ(NK)=VMB(L)*VMB(L)

C    SPECIFIED STATIC PRESSURE AND SPECIAL BOUNDARY OPTIONS
    VMLBSQ= 0.
C    PRESSURE LOWER BOUNDARY
    IF(PLB.GT.0.) GO TO 530
    IF(TYPELB(L).NE.PRES) GO TO 532
    CALL LSPFIT(ZP,PPS,NZP, Z(MA),PLB,1, 0)
530 PSB     = PLB
    PTB     = PT(1)
    M       = MA
    IF(PSB.GE.PTB) GO TO 568

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C      (BELOW THE BODY)
125  IF(X2(JB).EQ.X2F(LF)) X1BF(LF)=X1(L)
C      (ABOVE THE BODY)
      IF(X2(JA).EQ.X2F(LF)) X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
      RETURN

C      CHOKED CHANNEL W/O T.E., ADD A LINE TO /CADJWF/
200  LF      = LFE+1
      IF(LF.NE.LO) GO TO 205
      NMOVE = LO-LFSTA-1
      LO     = LO+NFCOLS
      CALL MOVE(1, X1(LF),X1(LO),NMOVE,1)
      CALL SETM(1,0, X1F(LF),NFCOLS)
      L      = L+NFCOLS
      LSTE   = LSTE+NFCOLS
      LESTA  = LESTA+NFCOLS
      LFE    = LFE+NFCOLS
205  X1F(LF)=X1(LSTE)
      X2F(LF)=X2(JA)
      X1AF(LF)=X1(L)
      X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
      JORDER(LF)=-1

C      WRITE COMMENT
800  WRITE (6,1800) X1(L),L
1800 FORMAT(/1X32HUNEXPECTED CHOKE, STATION(XI1)=F6.3,4X2HL=14.)
      IF(LSTE.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      RETURN
      END

```

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*DECK FLOBAL

SUBROUTINE FLOBAL

*FLOBAL

FLOW BALANCE ROUTINE

-FLOBAL-

C INTEGRATION OF THE CONTINUITY AND NORMAL MOMENTUM EQUATIONS
C ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS TO THE STREAMLINES

C INPUT-

C L = INDEX IN THE STATION TABLE
C PLB = LOWER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN.
C PUB = UPPER BOUNDARY STATIC PRESSURE IF KNOWN.
C EITHER PLB OR PUB OR BOTH MUST BE ZERO.
C IF PLB (OR PUB) = -1, NO ITERATION FOR FLOW OR
C PRESSURE IS PERFORMED.
C WF = FLOW RATE IF KNOWN (OVERRIDES VALUE OF WSTA)
C CHOKE = T FOR CALCULATION OF MAX FLOW

C S2(M) = DISTANCE ALONG THE ORTHOGONAL
C CURV(M)=STREAMLINE CURVATURE
C STATION TABLE
C VMB(L)= ESTIMATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY
C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE
C STREAMLINE TABLE

C OUTPUT-

C PLBC = CALCULATED LOWER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MA
C PUBC = CALCULATED UPPER BOUNDARY PRESSURE, M=MB
C TAREA = TOTAL PASSAGE AREA FOR ALL STREAMTUBES
C WCALC = CALCULATED FLOW
C WRQST = REQUESTED FLOW (SLTAB DATA)
C VMBC = CALCULATED VELOCITY ON THE UPPER BOUNDARY
C DWDV(L)=DERIVATIVE OF THE AREA INVERSE WITH RESPECT TO BOUNDARY VE
C VCL(L)= VELOCITY ON THE CONTROL STREAMLINE
C PLB,PUB=0. (RESET FOR NEXT ENTRY)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,PGA,GAMA,
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,PGC,GAMC,
2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL CHOTST
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
* JSUM,VMLBSQ
LOGICAL CHoke,SUBSON
DIMENSION S1B(4),V1B(4)
EQUIVALENCE (S1B,QV),(V1B,QV(5))
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96),AREA0(96),DISP(96),PT(96),LAMBDA(96),
1 RHO(96),SQRTVV(96),TS(96),TT(96),VMSQ(96),
2 VVKQKP(96),
2 WQA(96),WSTA(96), RG(96),C2CP(96),FGR(96)
REAL LAMBDA
DIMENSION ES2(96),SDNQRM(96)
EQUIVALENCE (ES2,VVKQKP),(SDNQRM,RHO)
DIMENSION RCU(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RCU,LAMBDA)
DIMENSION RLAMDA(96)
EQUIVALENCE (RLAMDA,AREA)

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*DECK ADJWF2

SUBROUTINE ADJWF2

*ADJWF2 INSERT CHOKE STATION IN FLOW ADJ-TABLE

-ADJWF2-

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE

C NFCOLS= 8

C X1F = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE

C X2F = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.

C X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.

C X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.

C S1F = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.

C LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.

C NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.

C LRF = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.

C LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.

C JORDFR= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN

C = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN

C = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN

C JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),

1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)

EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)

DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

DIMENSION X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),

1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),

3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

LOGICAL PRIM

INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB

DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)

EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

DIMENSION TAB(6)

EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)

EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)

EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)

EQUIVALENCE (ITD,CHNAME,LPS1,X1AF,MUB), (PTD,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)

EQUIVALENCE (TSD,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)

EQUIVALENCE (PSD,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)

EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)

EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)

EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGP,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)

EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATH,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)

EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),VCL), (TAB(6),MCL)

COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,

1 XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),

* JSUM,VMLBSQ

LOGICAL CHOKE,SUBSON

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1

1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX

INTEGER SSFML

LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

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```

C      SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C      SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C      SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C      SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C      SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C      SSFEND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C      SSDLF = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C      A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C      BR LX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C      CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

C      CHECK FOR SMALLER PREVIOUSLY DETECTED AREA
      M = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JA = J
      M = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      JB = J
      JSUML = JA+256*JB
      IF(JSUM.NE.JSUML) GO TO 90
      IF(TAREA.GT.SVAREA) RETURN
90 JSUM = JSUML
      SVAREA= TAREA
      IF(SSDF) SUBSON=.FALSE.

C      SEARCH FORWARD TO TRAILING EDGE
      LX = L
      LSTE = 0
105 IF(.NOT.PRIM(LX)) GO TO 110
      M = MLB(LX)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(J.NE.JA) GO TO 115
      M = MUB(LX)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(J.NE.JB) GO TO 115
      LSTE = LX
110 LX = LX+LNEXT(LX)
      IF(LX.LT.LESTA) GO TO 105
115 IF(LSTE.EQ.0) GO TO 800

C      SEACH CADJWF-TABLE FOR T.E. VALUE OF X1
      LF = LFO
120 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 200
      IF(X1F(LF).EQ.X1(LSTE)) GO TO 125
      LF = LF+NFCOLS
      GO TO 120

C      IS THE L-ORTHOGONAL BELOW OR ABOVE THE BODY

```

80

```

DIMENSION      BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1             CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2             ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
LOGICAL        UP
INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
DIMENSION      BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE    (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)

```

FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

```

INDEX- LF=LFO,LFL
NFCOLS= 8
X1F  = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
X2F  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
S1F  = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
      IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
LRF  = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
        = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
        = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL

```

```

DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1             S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
EQUIVALENCE    (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

```

STATION TABLE

```

INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
MCL  = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
MCL  = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

```

```

1             TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1             TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3             VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

```

```

LOGICAL        PRIM
DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOKE,DWDV)

```

```

EQUIVALENCE    (BDT,X1F,X1), (LBNEXT,X2F,LNEXT), (LBZ1,X1BF,MLB)
EQUIVALENCE    (CHNAME,X1AF,MUB), (UP,S1F,PRIM)
EQUIVALENCE    (LEDEX,NCHB,TYPELB), (ZBT,NCHA,NAMELB)
EQUIVALENCE    (RBT,JORDER,ILB), (ANGBT,VNR,FLB)

```

COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB

```

CALL TABPRT(6HALLCOM,MACHA,20,8)
CALL TABPRT(3HCFB,L,33,4)
CALL TABPRT(5HCIDEX,M,5,5)
I1TAB = LBDO
CALL TABPRT(6HBDYTAB,BDT,LBDE,3)
I1TAB = LFO
CALL TABPRT(6HCADJWF,X1F,LFE,8)
I1TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT(6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)

```

```

150 WRITE (6,1150) (J,X2(J),SLCHN(J),W(J),J=1,NJ)

```

181

CALL TABPRT(5HERASE,ERASEC,800,5)

CALL JMSPT

CALL TABPRT(2HS1,S1,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(2HS2,S2,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(1HZ,Z,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(1HR,R,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(4HPHI1,PHI1,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(4HCURV,CURV,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(2HVM,VM,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(1HB,B,NM,10)

CALL TABPRT(6HERASE2,AREA,1536,8)

LSTOP = 5

GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP

999 RETURN

1150 FORMAT(///1X17HSTREAMLINE TABLE-/17X32HJ

X2

SLCHN

* W/(118,F12.6,6X,A6,F12.6,),)

END

182

```

*DECK CFB
  BLOCK DATA CFBBLK
*CFB---      BLOCK DATA FOR CFB      -CFB-
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1           XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*           JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL      CHOKE,SUBSON
DATA XCHOKE/5HCHOKE/, JSUM/0/
END

```


*DECK ERRORX

SUBROUTINE ERROR1

CE DUMPX EDUMP FOR STC EXECUTE SECTION

-EDUMPX-

```
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA, RGA, GAMA,  
1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC, TTC, AXIC, RGC, GAMC,  
2 DAXIT, SCALEA, TTE, CHOTST  
REAL MACHA(1), MACHC  
LOGICAL AXIA, AXIC  
LOGICAL CHOTST  
COMMON /CFB / L, MA, MB, PLB, PUB, WF, CHOKE, SUBSON, NK, PLBC, PUBC,  
1 XCHOKE, TAREA, VMBC, WRQST, WCALC, QV(8), QVP(8),  
* JSUM, VMLBSQ
```

LOGICAL CHOKE, SUBSON

```
COMMON /ERASE / ERASEC(800)  
COMMON /ERASE2/ AREA(96), AREAD(96), DISP(96), PT(96), LAMBDA(96),  
1 RHO(96), SQRTVV(96), TS(96), TT(96), VMSQ(96),  
2 VVKQKP(96),  
2 WQA(96), WSTA(96), RG(96), C2CP(96), FGR(96)  
REAL LAMBDA  
DIMENSION ES2(96), SDNQRM(96)  
EQUIVALENCE (ES2, VVKQKP), (SDNQRM, RHO)  
DIMENSION RCU(96)  
EQUIVALENCE (RCU, LAMBDA)
```

C FIELD TABLES

C INDEX- M=MO, NM

```
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)  
COMMON /CR / R(300)  
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)  
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)  
COMMON /CPH11 / PH11(300)  
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)  
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
```

```
COMMON /CB / B(300)  
COMMON /CIDEX / M, J, MU, MD, ISTAG
```

C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS

```
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO, LHE, LBDO, LBDE, LTO, LTE, LWO, LWE, LFO, LFE,  
* LO, LESTA, LDUM(8),  
* MO, NM, NJ, NFCOLS, MAXNJ, MAXOL, MAXNM, MAXLE,  
* LEO, LEE, LRO, LRE, LRD  
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)  
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS, LHO)  
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
```

C STREAMLINE TABLE

```
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128), X2(128), SLCHN(128)  
INTEGER SLCHN
```

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX- LB=LBDO, LBDE

C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY

C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO

C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED

C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED

C BDNAME, LBA, LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

184

*DECK RTCFI

SUBROUTINE RTCFI(CHT1,LH)

*RTCFI- RETRIEVE CHANNEL FLOW INPUT

-RTCFI-

C INPUT-

C CHDATA= CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE

C CHT1 = CHANNEL NAME

C OUTPUT-

C LH = INDEX OF CHT1 IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE

C = 0 IF NO CHANNEL DATA WAS FOUND

C IF THEY EXIST, THE CHDATA-LISTS TT,PT,RCU ARE TRANSFERRED TO THE
C LISTS OF TT,PT,RCU. IF THEY DO NOT EXIST, TT,PT,RCU = BITS.

INTEGER CHT1

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO,PTO,

1 TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),

2 RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),

4 B(75)

INTEGER CHNAM

COMMON /ERASE/ QV(8),EDUM(72), A(90),V(90),

1 PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)

DIMENSION Y(90)

EQUIVALENCE (Y,R)

NAMelist /NLCHN / PSI,R,Y,TT,PT,RCU,PS

C SEARCH CHDATA FOR CHANNEL=CHT1

LH = LHO

60 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 65

IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHT1) GO TO 70

LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)

GO TO 60

C NO INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND

65 LH = 0

RETURN

C AN INPUT TABLE WAS FOUND

70 CONTINUE

C PLACE THE TABLE IN COMMON-IRASE

NCR = NC(LH)*NR(LH)

IF(NCR.GT.0) CALL ISORT(TT,PT,RCU, B(LH),NCR)

RETURN

END

OVERLAY(STC,2,0)

185

```
*DECK STCB
PROGRAM STCB
COMMON /CHNEPT/ ICHN(10),WTFS(10),WTFA(10),WPTO(10),WTTD(10), IC
COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY
GO TO (10,20), LENTRY
C    NORMAL ENTRY-- STATION LOOP, FLOW BALANCE
10  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,1,6HRECALL)
    GO TO 30
20  CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,2,6HRECALL)
    CALL OVERLAY(3HSTC,2,3,6HRECALL)
30  RETURN
    END
```

186

*DECK RCONV

SUBROUTINE RBCONV

*RBCONV REBUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE

-RBCONV-

C COLLECT LIST OF CHANNELS FROM /CONVTB/, THEN BUILD A
C NEW /CONVTB/ FROM CHANNEL DATA TO ACCOUNT FOR INPUT MODIFICATIONS

C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES

C INDEX~ LT=LTO,LTE

C CH = CHANNELNAME

C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL

C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST

C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES

C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST

C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST

C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST

COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),

1 LRCU(1),

2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),

3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)

INTEGER CH

DIMENSION XCH(1)

EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LD,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

COMMON /CFB2 / PASS1

LOGICAL PASS1

COMMON /ERASE2/ CHT(500),AT(500),FLW(500)

COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW

INTEGER

CHT

C ACCUMULATE CHANNEL NAMES AND AREAS

LT = LTO

I = 0

110 I = I+1

CHT(I)= CH(LT)

AT(I) = AREATB(LT)

LT1 = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1

FLW(I)= XCH(LT1)

LT = LT+LTNEXT(LT)

IF(LT.LTE) GO TO 110

NI = I

C CYCLE THROUGH BCONV ROUTINE

PASS1 = .FALSE.

LTE = LTO-1

I = 1

130 CALL BCONV(CHT(I),LT,AT(I))

C CHECK FOR CHANGED FLOW RATE

LT = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1

IF(XCH(LT).EQ.FLW(I)) GO TO 190

187

```

C      UPDATE THE STREAMLINE TABLE FLOW VALUES
C      SEARCH FOR FIRST AND LAST ELEMENTS OF SLCHN(J)=CHT(I)
      DO 140 JA=1,NJ
140    IF(SLCHN(JA).EQ.CHT(I)) GO TO 150
150    DO 160 J=JA,NJ
      IF(SLCHN(J).NE.CHT(I)) GO TO 170
160    JB = J
C      SCALE THE CUMULATIVE FLOW RATE VALUES
170    DO 180 J=JA,JB
180    W(J) = W(J)/W(JB)*XCH(LT)
C      SET PASS1=T TO JUMP AROUND INTERPOLATION FOR VM IN FLOBAL
C      (TYPE=FIELD)
      PASS1 = .TRUE.
190    I = I+1
      IF(I.LE.NI) GO TO 130

      IF(LTE.LT.LWO) GO TO 980
      WRITE (6,1960) LTO,LTE,MAXLT,LWO
      CALL ERROR1

980 RETURN
1960 FORMAT(/1X69H*** THE TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES HAS EXCEEDED A
      *LLOCATED MEMORY./6X4HLTO=I4,3X4HLTE=I4,3X6HMAXLT=I4,3X4HLWO=I4.)
      END

```

188

```

      BDMSLA= 0.
      IF(UP(LB)) BDMSLA=PI
      GO TO 120
105 LB2 = LB+LEDEX(LB)-3
      BDMSLA= PI
      IF(CHNAME(LB).EQ.NAMCHN) GO TO 120
      LB1 = LB2+3
      LB2 = LB20
      BDMSLA= 0.
      IF(CHNAME(LB+1).EQ.NAMCHN) GO TO 120
      CALL ERROR1

120 FGE1 = .FALSE.
      DO 150 LB=LB1,LB2,3
      DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
      DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
      SR = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF(SR.EQ.0.) GO TO 150
      CSB = DZ/SR
      SNB = DR/SR
      C AP = ANGLE OF THE PERPENDICULAR OR ORTHOGONAL
      AP = .50*APT + .50*(ATAN3(DR,DZ,APT+BDMSLA)-BDMSLA) + PIQ2
      SNP = SIN(AP)
      CSP = COS(AP)
      C D = SIN(AB-AP)
      D = SNB*CSP-CSB*SNP
      IF(ABS(D).LT..01) GO TO 150
      XP = XPT-ZBT(LB)
      YP = YPT-RBT(LB)
      SS = (YP*CSP-XP*SNP)/D
      F = SS/SR
      IF(F.GE.1.0001) GO TO 140
      IF(F.GT.(-.0001) .OR. FGE1) GO TO 200
      C F .LE.-.0001
      GO TO 150
      C F .GE. 1.0001
140 FGE1 = .TRUE.
150 CONTINUE

      C FAILED TO FIND PROPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
      APTD = APT*TODEG
      WRITE (6,1950) NAMBDY,XPT,YPT,APTD

      C FIRST OR LAST INTERVAL
      LB = LB1
      F = .1
      IF(.NOT.FGE1) GO TO 165
      LB = LB2
      F = .9
165 DZ = ZBT(LB+3)-ZBT(LB)
      DR = RBT(LB+3)-RBT(LB)
      WRITE (6,1960)

200 ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANGBT(LB))
      F = AMAX1(0.,AMIN1(F,1.))
      G = 1.-F
      YPA = ANGBT(LB)-ANGCHD
      YPB = ANGBT(LB+3)-ANGCHD

```

189

```
RZONLY= .FALSE.  
CALL BFI  
I      = (LB-LB10+3)/3  
FA     = F  
SI     = SIM  
XB     = ZBT(LB)+ZM  
YB     = RBT(LB)+RM  
RZONLY= .TRUE.  
RETURN
```

```
1950 FORMAT(/1X61HERROR- THE INTERSECTION OF A L.E. OR T.E. ORTHOGONAL  
*WITH THE/6X14HBOUNDARY, BDY=A6,40H, WAS NOT FOUND, THE L.E./T.E.  
*POINT IS/6X2HX=F10.5,3X2HY=F10.5,4X4HANG=F8.3,)  
1960 FORMAT(/6X58HTHE INTERSECTION POINT IS BEING PLACED IN AN END INTE  
*RVAL./6X24HEXECUTION WILL CONTINUE.)  
END
```

190

*DECK JOFCHN

SUBROUTINE JOFCHN(CHN,JA,JB)

*JOFCHN STREAMLINE INDEX FROM CHANNEL NAME

-JOFCHN-

C INPUT-

C CHN = NAME OF CHANNEL

C JA = STREAMLINE FOR WHICH SEARCH WILL BE INITIATED

C OUTPUT-

C JA,JB = FIRST AND LAST INDEX OF STREAMLINES BELONGING TO CHN

INTEGER CHN

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

LOGICAL SECOND

SECOND= .FALSE.

J = JA

55 IF(CHN.NE.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 65

IF(SECOND) GO TO 60

SECOND= .TRUE.

JA = J

60 JB = J

GO TO 70

65 IF(SECOND) RETURN

70 J = J+1

IF(J.LE.NJ) GO TO 55

IF(.NOT.SECOND) CALL ERROR1

RETURN

END

191

*DECK OBI

SUBROUTINE OBI(XPT,YPT,APT,NAMBDY,NAMCHN, I,FA,S1,XB,YB)

*OBI---

ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION

-OBI-

C INPUT-

C XPT = X-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL
C YPT = Y-COOR OF PT ON THE ORTHOGONAL
C APT = ANGLE OF SL PERPENDICULAR TO ORTHOGONAL
C NAMBDY= BOUNDARY NAME
C NAMCHN= NAME OF CHANNEL ADJACENT TO NAMBDY

C OUTPUT-

C I = INTERVAL OF ORTHOGONAL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C FA = FRACTIONAL POSITION IN THE INTERVAL
C S1 = ARC DISTANCE FROM BEGINNING OF THE INTERVAL
C XB,YB = COORDINATES OF THE INTERSECTION

C BOUNDARY TABLE

C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED

COMMON /CHDATA/ BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1 CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2 ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
INTEGER CHNAME
LOGICAL UP
DIMENSION BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
LOGICAL RZONLY
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD

COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

LOGICAL FGE1

C DETERMINE INTERVAL INDEX LIMITS, LB1,LB2, OF -NAMBDY-

LB = LBF(NAMBDY)
LB10 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LB20 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12
LB1 = LB10
LB2 = LB20

IF(LEDEX(LB).NE.0) GO TO 105

C BDMSLA= BOUNDARY MINUS STREAMLINE ANGLE

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*DECK BWAKE

SUBROUTINE BWAKE(JX,THK)

*BWAKE- BUILD WAKE TABLE

-BWAKE-

C INPUT-

C JX = WAKE STREAMLINE

C THK = T.E. THICKNESS

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDL, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS

C INDEX- LW=LWO,LWE

COMMON /CHDATA/ X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)

DIMENSION DST(1)

EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)

C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-

C X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...DST(N)

C X2W = STREAMLINE COORDINATE

C S1W = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.

C DST = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W

IF(THK.EQ.0.) RETURN

IF(LWE.GT.LWO) GO TO 110

LW = LWO

110 X2W(LW)=X2(JX)

S1W(LW)=0.

S1W(LW+1)=10.*ABS(THK)

S1W(LW+2)=S1W(LW+1)

S1W(LW+3)=S1W(LW+2)+S1W(LW+2)

DST(LW+4)=THK

DST(LW+5)=0.

DST(LW+6)=0.

DST(LW+7)=0.

N = 4

LWNEXT(LW)=2+N+N

LW = LW+LWNEXT(LW)

LWE = LW-1

IF (THK.LT.0.) WRITE (6,1200) THK,X2(JX)

1200 FORMAT(41H *** ERROR - NEGATIVE T.E. THICKNESS OF ,F11.5,

1 8H AT X12=,F7.3,1H.)

RETURN

END

193

```

*DECK FILL
      SUBROUTINE FILL(X,Y,NA,NB)
CFILL
C     LINEAR INTERPOLATION TO FIL VACANCIES IN INPUT LISTS
      COMMON /CBITS/BITS
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10)
C     FIND IA,IB - VACANT REGION
      IA=NA+1
      IF(Y(IA-1).EQ.BITS) GO TO 99
3    DO 4 I=IA,NB
      IF(Y(I).NE.BITS) GO TO 5
4    CONTINUE
      IB=NB
      GO TO 7
5    IB=I-1
      IF(I.EQ.IA) GO TO 12
C     FILL VACANCIES
      IF(Y(IB+1).NE.Y(IA-1)) GO TO 9
C     ALL VALUES THE SAME
7    DO 8 II=IA,IB
8    Y(II)=Y(IA-1)
      GO TO 12
C     INTERPOLATE
9    DX = X(IB+1) - X(IA-1)
      DO 11 II=IA,IB
11   Y(II) = (Y(IB+1)*(X(II)-X(IA-1)) + Y(IA-1)*(X(IB+1)-X(II)))/DX
C     GO BACK AND SEARCH FOR MORE REGIONS
12   IA = IB+2
      IF(I.LT.NB) GO TO 3
99   RETURN
      END

```

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```

LR2  = LRXF(LF)-LRDIF
DO 1115 LR=LRO,LR2
LRX  = LR+LRDIF
IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.BLANK .OR. JCHNA(LR).EQ.1) GO TO 1115
NBLNK1= NBLNK1+1
IF(J.EQ.0) J=JCHNA(LR)
IF(JCHNA(LR).NE.J) J=-1
1115 CONTINUE
NBLNK2= 0
LR3  = LR2+1
DO 1120 LR=LR3,LR4
LRX  = LR+LRDIF
IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.BLANK .OR. JCHNA(LR).EQ.1) GO TO 1120
NBLNK2= NBLNK2+1
IF(JCHNA(LR).NE.J) J=-1
1120 CONTINUE

C      SET STATIONS ABOVE T.E. TO NBLNK2
C      THE FLOW IS KNOWN IF NBLNK=J
IF((NBLNK1+NBLNK2).EQ.0) GO TO 1140
IF(NBLNK2.EQ.0) GO TO 1130
JORDER(LF)=1
DO 1125 LR=LR3,LR4
LRX  = LR+LRDIF
1125 IF(CHNA(LRX).NE.BLANK .AND. JCHNA(LR).NE.1) JCHNA(LR)=NBLNK2
C      SET STATIONS BELOW T.E. TO NBLNK1
1130 IF(NBLNK1.EQ.0) GO TO 1136
JORDER(LF)=2
DO 1135 LR=LRO,LR2
LRX  = LR+LRDIF
1135 IF(CHNA(LRX).NE.BLANK .AND. JCHNA(LR).NE.1) JCHNA(LR)=NBLNK1

C      IS THE TOTAL FLOW KNOWN
1136 IF(NBLNK1.EQ.0 .OR. NBLNK2.EQ.0) GO TO 1138
JORDER(LF)=0
IF(J.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 1140

C      INDEX TO NEXT T.E. ORTHOGONALS
1138 NCHB(LF)=NBLNK1
NCHA(LF)=NBLNK2
X1BF(LF)=X1F(LF)
X1AF(LF)=X1F(LF)
LF      = LF+NFCOLS
IF(LF.LE.LFE) GO TO 1112

C      ELIMINATE GAPS BETWEEN EQUIVALENCED TABLES
1139 NMOVE = LWE-LWO+1
CALL MOVE(1, X2W(LWO),X2W(LTE+1),NMOVE,1)
LWO      = LTE+1
LWE      = LTE+NMOVE

NMOVE = LFE-LFO+1
CALL MOVE(1, X1F(LFO),X1F(LWE+1),NMOVE,1)
LFO      = LWE+1
LFE      = LWE+NMOVE

NMOVE = LESTA-LO+1
CALL MOVE(1, X1(LO),X1(LFE+1),NMOVE,1)

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195

LD = LFE+1
LESTA = LFE+NMOVE

C INITIALIZE B
CALL SETM(1,1./1024., B,NM)

RETURN

C ERROR-
1140 WRITE (6,1141) LF
CALL ERROR1

1056 FORMAT(/2X60H*** ERROR- ONE CHANNEL MUST HAVE A FIXED FLOW RATE (V
*ARY=F)./13X31HNO SUCH CHANNEL COULD BE FOUND./13X7HNCHTOT=12,3X4HN
*FA=12,3X6HNCHBA=12,)
1560 FORMAT(1X47HERROR- CONNECTING EDGES WERE NOT FOUND FOR CHN=A6,22H
* (SUBROUTINE BLDTBS))
1141 FORMAT(/1X61H*** PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED IN THE ORDERING OF FLOW ADJU
*STMENTS./6X9HINDEX LF=13,22H. PLEASE SEEK ADVISE.,10H (BLDTBS))
1835 FORMAT(/1X47H*** ERROR- NEGATIVE RADIUS ENCOUNTERED, AXI=T.,
* 10H (BLDTBS))
END

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      X2CL(L)=X2CL(L+20)
      GO TO 950
940  X2CL(L)=BITS
950  L      = L+20
      GO TO 935

960  L      = LD
      IF(X2CL(L).NE.BITS) GO TO 980
      M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      X2CL(L)=X2(J)

C    BUILD WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, /WAKETB/
980  IF(LFE.LE.LFO) GO TO 1139
      LF      = LFO
990  LBX      = LFB(LF)
      LAX      = LFA(LF)
      ANGTE    = SIF(LF)
C    THE MEAN T.E. ANGLE WAS TEMPORARILY STORED IN SIF
      M1      = MUB(LBX)
      M        = MLB(LAX)
      DZ21     = Z(M)-Z(M1)
      DR21     = R(M)-R(M1)
      THK      = DZ21*DZ21+DR21*DR21
      IF(THK.EQ.0.) GO TO 995
      DANG     = ATAN3(DR21,DZ21,ANGTE)-PIQ2-ANGTE
      THK      = COS(DANG)*SQRT(THK)
995  CALL GETIX
      CALL BWAKE(J,THK)
      LF      = LF+NFCOLS
      IF(LF.LT.LFE) GO TO 990

C    SEARCH FOR TRAILING EDGE ORTHOGONAL WHICH CONTROLS FLOW RATES
C    NFA      = NUMBER OF FLOW ADJUSTMENTS =NO. OF TE-S
      NFA      = (LFE+1-LFO)/NFCOLS
      NCHTOT   = NJ/2
      FIXCHN   = 0.
      LF      = LFO
1005 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 1055
C    STATION BELOW T.E.
      L        = LFB(LF)
      JORDER(LF)=1

C    CHANNEL NAME (A SINGLE CHANNEL ABOVE OR BELOW T.E. IS REQD FOR FI
C    PROGRAM MODIFICATION MAY 71, THE SINGLE CHN REQUIREMENT
C    FOR FIXCHN IS REMOVED. NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW OR ABOVE
C    TE FOR FIXING THE FLOW MUST BE LESS OR EQUAL TO TOTAL
C    NUMBER OF CHANNELS MINUS NUMBER OF TE-S.
1010 M        = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      CHX      = SLCHN(J)
      JLB      = J
      M        = MUB(L)
      CALL GETIX
C    IF(CHX.NE.SLCHN(J)) GO TO 1040
      NCHBA    = (J+1-JLB)/2
      IF(NCHBA.GT.(NCHTOT-NFA)) GO TO 1040
C    SEARCH CHDATA TABLE

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1015 LH      = LHO
1020 IF(LH.GE.LHE) GO TO 1035
    IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHX) GO TO 1030
    LH      = LH+LHNEXT(LH)
    GO TO 1020

1030 FIXCHN = 1
    IF(VARY(LH)) GO TO 1040
1035 FIXCHN= CHX
    WRITE (6,1031) FIXCHN
1031 FORMAT(8H FIXCHN=,A6)
    GO TO 1060

C      STATION ABOVE T.E.
1040 IF(JORDER(LF).EQ.2) GO TO 1050
    L      = LFA(LF)
    JORDER(LF)=2
    GO TO 1010
C      INDEX TO NEXT X1F IN FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
1050 LF     = LF+NFCOLS
    GO TO 1005

1055 IF(FIXCHN.NE.1) GO TO 1060
    WRITE (6,1056) NCHTOT,NFA,NCHBA

C      ORDER THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C1060 IF(LF.EQ.LFO) GO TO 1100
1060 LFF     = LF
    LFT     = LFO
1070 IF(LFF.LE.LFT) GO TO 1100
    CALL MOVE(3, X1F(LFF),XX,NFCOLS,1,
1      X1F(LFT),X1F(LFF),NFCOLS,1,
2      XX,X1F(LFT),NFCOLS,1)
    LFF     = LFF-NFCOLS
    LFT     = LFT+NFCOLS
    GO TO 1070

C      DEFINE FLOW ADJUSTMENT ORDER, JORDER(LF)
C      FIND INDEX OF -FIXCHN- IN /ORTCHN/ AND INITIALIZE
1100 LR4     = LRO+LRD-3
    DO 1105 LR=LRO,LR4
    LR2     = LR+LRD
1105 IF(CHNA(LR).EQ.FIXCHN .OR. CHNA(LR2).EQ.FIXCHN) GO TO 1110
1110 CALL SETM(1,0, JCHNA,LRD-2)
    JCHNA(LR)=1

C      LOOP THROUGH FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE OF TE STATIONS, DETERMINE
C      IF FLOW IS KNOWN BELOW T.F. (JORDER=1), ABOVE T.E. (JORDER=2),
C      OR IF TOTAL FLOW ABOVE+BELOW T.E. IS KNOWN (JORDER=0).
C      JCHNA(LR)=1 INDICATES FLOW FOR THAT CHANNEL IS KNOWN, VALUES LARGE
C      THAN ONE INDICATE THAT THE TOTAL FLOW FOR THE SEVERAL CHANNELS
C      IS KNOWN.
    LF      = LFO
C      COUNT NUMBER OF CHNS BELOW T.E. AND ABOVE T.E. FOR WHICH FLOW RAT
C      IS NOT KNOWN, I.E. JCHNA(LR).NE.1
1112 J       = 0
    NBLNK1= 0
    LRDIF = LRF(LF)-LRO

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      LRX2 = LRPRV+LRD-3
      DO 866 LRX=LRPRV,LRX2
866  IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.CHNX) GO TO 925
C    DID NOT FIND CHNX, SAVE LRPRV
      IF(LRPRSV.NE.0) CALL ERROR1
      LRPRSV= LRPRV

C    FIND UPSTREAM BOUNDARY WHICH INCLUDES CHANNEL CHNX
870  LR    = LR+LRD
      CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
      LRE   = LR+LRD-1
      LRPRV = LRD+LRD
      LRP1  = LRPRV
      LRP2  = LRP1+LRD-3
      DO 872 LRP=LRP1,LRP2
872  IF(CHNA(LRP).EQ.CHNX) GO TO 873
      CALL ERROR1
873  LRI    = LR+LRP-LRP1
      CHNA(LRI)=CHNX
      LR2    = LRI
      LRP1   = LRP
      LRP2   = LRP

C    SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LRI)
875  DO 876 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
876  IF(NLE(LE1).NE.0 .AND. CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LRI))GO TO 878
      GO TO 896
C    CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL
878  IF(CHU(LE1).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 884
C    USE CHU(LE1) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
880  LRP1  = LRP1-1
      LRI   = LRI-1
      IF(CHU(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LRP1)) GO TO 882
      IF(LRI.GT.LR) GO TO 880
      GO TO 896
882  CHNA(LRI)=CHU(LE1)
      GO TO 875

C    SEARCH FOR CHANNEL ABOVE LR2
884  DO 888 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
888  IF(NLE(LE2).NE.0 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 892
      GO TO 896
C    CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
892  IF(CHL(LE2).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 899
C    USE CHL(LE2) AS PART OF THE UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
894  LRP2  = LRP2+1
      LR2   = LR2+1
      IF(CHL(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LRP2)) GO TO 898
      IF(LR2.LT.LRE) GO TO 894
896  CALL ERROR1
C    REFER ALSO TO EFN 876, 882,888, FOR THE ERROR
898  CHNA(LR2)=CHL(LE2)
      GO TO 884

899  LE    = LE1
      UPT   = .FALSE.
      GO TO 672

```

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C    TRAILING EDGE PT WITH ORTHOGONALS ON BOTH SIDES, BUILD DUMMY
C    LRPRV-LIST TO REPRESENT COALESCING OF UPPER AND LOWER STREAMS.
C    LOOK BACK FOR ORTHOG ON OTHER SIDE OF T.E.
900 DO 904 LRP=LRD,LRE,LRD
904 IF(LEGE(LRP).EQ.LE) GO TO 908
908 LEGE(LRP)=-LEGE(LRP)
    LRX1 = LRP
    LRX2 = LR
    LR    = LR+LRD
    LRX   = LR
    LRE   = LR+LRD-3
    CALL SETM(1,BLANK,LEGE(LR),LRD)
    LEGE(LR)=0
    LRPREV(LR)=LRX2
910 IF(CHNA(LRX1).NE.BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX1)
    IF(CHNA(LRX2).NE.BLANK) CHNA(LRX)=CHNA(LRX2)
    LRX1 = LRX1+1
    LRX2 = LRX2+1
    LRX   = LRX+1
    IF(LRX.LE.LRE) GO TO 910
    LRE   = LRE+2

C    BUILD FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, /CADJWF/
    LM1   = L-20
    X1F(LF)=X1(LM1)
    X2F(LF)=X2CL(LM1)
    S1F(LF)=ANGE(LE)
    DO 911 LM2=LO,LESTA,20
911 IF(X1(LM2).EQ.X1(LM1)) GO TO 912
912 IF(UPT) GO TO 913
    LFB(LF)=LM2
    LFA(LF)=LM1
    LRXF(LF)=LR1-1+LRD
    GO TO 914
913 LFB(LF)=LM1
    LFA(LF)=LM2
    LRXF(LF)=LR2+LRD
914 LRF(LF)=LR
    VNR(LF)= 0.
    LF     = LF+NFCOLS
    LFE    = LF-1
    GO TO 920

C    DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, ARE ALL L.E. ORTHOGONAL COMPLETED
915 IF(LRPRV.NE.0) GO TO 925
    IF(LRPRSV.EQ.0) GO TO 930
    LRPRV = LRPRSV
    GO TO 925

920 LRPRV = LR
925 LR    = LR+LRD
    GO TO 640

C*** RELOCATE CONTROL STREAMLINE, X2CL, TO THE FIRST PRIMARY OF REGION
930 L     = LO
935 IF((L+20).GE.LESTA) GO TO 960
    IF(X1(L+20).LE.X1(L)) GO TO 940
    IF(X2CL(L+20).EQ.BITS) GO TO 950

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206

```

MD      = 0
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

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C      ADD CHANNEL FLOWS FOR LATER INTERPOLATION OF SL POSITION
C      IF NOT AN UPSTREAM BOUNDARY, USE UPSTREAM AREAS IN PLACE OF FLOW.
C      -USE CURV FOR STORAGE

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WSL(M)= 0.
IF(M.EQ.M1) GO TO 830
WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+W(J)
IF(MSAV.EQ.0) GO TO 830
AREA  = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))*(R(MU)-R(MUM1)) +
1      (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))*(Z(MU)-Z(MUM1)))
IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
WSL(M)= WSL(M-1)+AREA

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830 MM      = MM+1
MUM1      = MU
IF(JSL.EQ.JNXT) GO TO 835
JSL      = JNXT
GO TO 810

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C      INCREMENT TO NEXT CHANNEL
835 LRN      = LRN+1
IF(LRN.LE.LR2) GO TO 805

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C      INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
      IF(.NOT.AXIA .OR. R(M1).GE.0.) GO TO 836
      WRITE (6,1835)
      CALL ERROR1

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836 DZ21 = Z(M2)-Z(M1)
DR21 = R(M2)-R(M1)
DRSQ21= DR21*(R(M2)+R(M1))
RMISO = R(M1)*R(M1)
S2(M1)= 0.
S2(M2)= SQRT(DZ21*DZ21+DR21*DR21)
VM(M1)= VMINIT
VM(M2)= VMINIT
MP      = M1+1
MM      = M2-1
IF(MM.LT.MP) GO TO 840
DO 838 M=MP,MM
VM(M) = VMINIT
F      = (WSL(M)-WSL(M1))/(WSL(M2)-WSL(M1))
Z(M)   = Z(M1)+F*DZ21
R(M)   = R(M1)+F*DR21
S2(M)  = F*S2(M2)
IF(.NOT.AXIA) GO TO 838
R(M)   = SQRT(RMISO+F*DRSQ21)
S2(M)  = SQRT((R(M)-R(M1))*(R(M)-R(M1))+(F*DZ21)*(F*DZ21))
838 CONTINUE

```

```

C      FINISH OUT STATION TABLE
C      CHECK FOR L.E., T.E. OR SHARP CORNER
C      LE      = INDEX OF PT IN LETEPT-TABLE
C      NLETE   = 0 IS A SHARP CORNER
840 X1(L) = 8.*FLOAT((LE+1-LE0)/10)
LNEXT(L)=20

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201

```

TYPELB(L)=SOLID
TYPEUB(L)=SOLID
X2CL(L)=BITS
IF(NLETE.EQ.1) GO TO 848
IF(UPT) GO TO 842
C   UPT=F
X2CL(L)=X2(J1)
M     = MLB(L)
GO TO 843
C   UPT=T
842 X2CL(L)=X2(J2)
M     = MUB(L)
843 CALL GETIX
IF(NLE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 845
ISTAG = 1
IF(UPT) GO TO 844
TYPELB(L)=HLE
GO TO 845
844 TYPEUB(L)=HLE
845 IF(NTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 847
ISTAG = 2
IF(UPT) GO TO 846
TYPELB(L)=HTE
GO TO 847
846 TYPEUB(L)=HTE
847 IF(NLETE.EQ.0) ISTAG=MCL(L)
CALL SAVIX
IF(ISTAG.EQ.1) VM(M)=0.
848 VMB(L)= VMINIT
DWDV(L)=0.
VCL(L)= VMB(L)
PRIM(L)=.TRUE.
M     = MUB(L)+1
L     = L+LNEXT(L)
LESTA = L-1

C*   INDEX TO NEXT ORTHOGONAL
C   LOOK FOR ORTHOGONALS TO BE PLACED ABOVE L.E. POINTS
C   IF THIS IS A DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY OR LOWER T.E. ORTHOG
850 IF(NTE(LE).EQ.0) GO TO 920
IF(NTE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 855
C   NTE(LE)=2
IF(NUSED(LE).EQ.2) GO TO 900
855 LRX   = LR
860 LRX   = LRPREV(LRX)
C   LRPREV= BLANK FOR UPSTREAM OR DUMMY ORTCHN-LISTS
IF(LRPREV(LRX).EQ.1BLANK) GO TO 862
IF(LEDGE(LRX).LE.0) GO TO 860
LRPRV = LRPREV(LRX)
GO TO 864
862 LRPRV = LRPRSV
LRPRSV= 0

C   IS THE CHANNEL ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE T.E. IN THE LRPRV-LIST
864 IF(NTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 915
CHNX  = CHU(LE)
IF(UPT) CHNX=CHL(LE)
IF(LRPRV.EQ.0) GO TO 870

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SILB(L)=SINTVL
IUB(L)= 1
FUB(L)= 0.
SIUB(L)=0.
715 Z(M1) = XE(LE1)
R(M1) = YE(LE1)
Z(M2) = XE(LE2)
R(M2) = YE(LE2)
GO TO 800

C FIND LE OR TE ORTHOGONAL LOWER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
C USE LETEPT-TABLE TO DETERMINE NAME OF UPPER BOUNDARY
720 IF(NLETE.EQ.2 .OR. NLETE.EQ.0) GO TO 722
CALL ERROR1
722 IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 740
DO 725 LE1=LE0,LEE,10
725 IF(CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 726
726 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE)
CALL OBI(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDL(LE1),CHL(LE1),
1 ILB(L),FLB(L),SILB(L), Z(M1),R(M1))
C SEEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
LB = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
IRET = 1
IF(INTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 728
C TRAILING EDGE
IV = 1
LB = LB+LBZ1(LB)
GO TO 733
C LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
728 LB1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LB2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
IV = 1
DO 730 LB=LB1,LB2,3
IF(ZBT(LB).EQ.XE(LE) .AND. RBT(LB).EQ.YE(LE)) GO TO 732
730 IV = IV+1
CALL ERROR1
C TEMPORARILY STORE SHARP CORNER INDICATION IN MCL(L) (I.E. ANGLE
C JUMP OF MORE THAN 0.5 DEG.)
732 MCL(L)= 2
IF(NLETE.EQ.0 .AND. ABS(ANGBT(LB)-ANGBT(LB+3)).GT..0087) MCL(L)=1
IF(IRET) 733,753,733
733 IUB(L)= IV
FUB(L)= 0.
SIUB(L)=0.
Z(M2) = ZBT(LB)
R(M2) = RBT(LB)
GO TO 800

C FIND LE OR TE ORTHOGONAL UPPER BOUNDARY INTERSECTION
C PLACE DATA IN STATION TABLE
740 DO 745 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
745 IF(CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 747
747 NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE)
NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
CALL OBI(XE(LE),YE(LE),ANGE(LE),BDU(LE2),CHU(LE2),
1 IUB(L),FUB(L),SIUB(L), Z(M2),R(M2))

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C      SPEK POINTER TO BOUNDARY TABLE
      LB      = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      IRET    = 0
      IF(INTE(LE).NE.2) GO TO 728
C      TRAILING EDGE
      LB2     = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
      ILB(L) = (LB2-(LB+LBZ1(LB)))/3
      FLB(L) = 1.
      CALL BARC(LB2-3)
      SILB(L) = SINTVL
      LB      = LB2
      GO TO 757
C      LEADING EDGE OR CORNER
753  ILB(L) = IV
      FLB(L) = 0.
      SILB(L) = 0.
757  Z(M1) = ZHT(LB)
      R(M1) = RBT(LB)

C*     ADD NEW FIELD POINTS ALONG EXISTING STREAMLINES
C      GIVEN-
C      STA-TAB INDEX L AND LIMITS ON FIELD INDEX MLB,MUB
C      COORDINATES OF FIRST AND LAST NEW PTS IN FIELD TABLE
C      MARKED CHANNELS IN ORTCHN TABLE BETWEEN LR1,LR2
C      STREAMLINE TABLE
800  MSAV = MD
C      MSAV = 0 INDICATES UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
      IF(INLE(LE).EQ.1) MSAV=0
      J1    = 1
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR1),J1,JX)
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LR2),JX,J2)
C      J1,J2 ARE SL INDEX LIMITS

C      BEGIN LOOP THROUGH CHANNELS, 2 SLS PER CHANNEL
      LRN   = LR1
      MM     = M1
      JSL    = J1
805  IF(CHNA(LRN).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 835
      CALL JOFCHN(CHNA(LRN),JSL,JNXT)

C      FIND UPSTREAM FIELD PT, PUT IN DOWNSTREAM POINTER
810  J      = JSL
      IF(MSAV) 812,828,812
812  IV     = 0
815  DO 820 M=MSAV,NM
      CALL GETIX
820  IF(J.EQ.JSL .AND. MD.EQ.0) GO TO 825
      IF(IV.NE.0) CALL ERROR1
      MSAV = MD
      IV   = 1
      GO TO 815
825  MSAV = M
      MD   = MM
      CALL SAVIX

C      SAVE DATA FOR CURRENT FIELD PT
828  M      = MM
      MU     = MSAV

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C      EACH ORTHOGONAL.
639 LRPRV = LRD
    LRPRSV= 0
    M      = MD
    L      = LD
    LF     = LFD
    TTESQ  = TTE*TTE

C*     CONSIDER MARKED CHANNELS ON LINE LR=LRPRV IN /ORTCHN/
C      FIND INDEX OF FIRST AND LAST ACTIVE (NON-BLANK) CHANNEL
640 LRP1  = LRPRV
    LRP2  = LRPRV+LRD-3
642 IF(CHNA(LRP1).NE.BLANK) GO TO 644
    LRP1  = LRP1+1
    IF(LRP1.LF.LRP2) GO TO 642
    CALL ERROR1
644 IF(CHNA(LRP2).NE.BLANK) GO TO 646
    LRP2  = LRP2-1
    GO TO 644

C      FIND INDEX-LE OF NEXT LE-TE PT IN LRPRV-CHANNELS
646 LE    = LFD
648 IF(NUSED(LE)-NLE(LE)-NTE(LE)) 650,654,654
650 LEONCE= NUSED(LE)
    IF(NTE(LE).NE.0) LEONCE=0
    LRP   = LRP1
652 IF(CHNA(LRP).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 653
    IF(CHNA(LRP).EQ.CHU(LE) .AND. LEONCE.LE.0) GO TO 660
    IF(CHNA(LRP).EQ.CHL(LE)) GO TO 665
653 LRP   = LRP+1
    IF(LRP.LE.LRP2) GO TO 652
654 LE    = LE+10
    IF(LE.LE.LEE) GO TO 648
C      NO MORE POINTS
    CALL ERROR1

C      LE IS UPPER BOUNDARY POINT (LOWER ORTHOGONAL)
660 LRP2  = LRP
    UPT   = .TRUE.
    GO TO 670

C      LE IS LOWER BOUNDARY POINT (UPPER ORTHOGONAL)
665 LRP1  = LRP
    UPT   = .FALSE.

C      MARK CHANNEL NAMES OF THE NEW ORTHOGONAL ON LINE LR
670 CALL SETM(1,BLANK, LEDGE(LR),LRD)
    LR1   = LR + LRP1-LRPRV
    LR2   = LR + LRP2-LRPRV
    CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRP1),CHNA(LR1),LR2-LR1+1,1)
    LRE   = LR+LRD-1

C      UPDATE USED LETEPT COUNT AND SET POINTERS FOR LINE-LR
672 NUSED(LE)=NUSED(LE)+1
    LRPREV(LR)=LRPRV
    LEDGE(LR)=LE
    NLETE = NLE(LE)+NTE(LE)
    IF(NLETE-NUSED(LE).EQ.0) LEDGE(LR)=-LEDGE(LR)

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C      COUNT NUMBER OF CHANNELS, SET FIELD TABLE LIMITS
      NCHNA = 0
      DO 675 LRX=LR1,LR2
675   IF(CHNA(LRX).NE.BLANK) NCHNA=NCHNA+1
      M1      = M
      MLB(L)= M1
      M2      = M1+NCHNA+NCHNA-1
      MUB(L)= M2

      NM      = M2
      LESTA  = L+20

C      IF UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY, SEARCH FOR OTHER EDGE
      IF(NLE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 679
      IF(NTE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 681
      GO TO 720
679   LX      = 0
      GO TO 682
681   LX      = 1
682   IF(.NOT.UPT) GO TO 690

C      FIND LOWER EDGE PT
684   DO 686 LE1=LEO,LEE,10
      LEX     = LE1+LX
686   IF(NLE(LEX).EQ.1 .AND. CHL(LE1).EQ.CHNA(LR1)) GO TO 688
      CALL ERROR1
688   LE2     = LE
      NUSED(LE1)=NUSED(LE1)+1
      GO TO 700

C      FIND UPPER EDGE PT
690   DO 692 LE2=LEO,LEE,10
      LEX     = LE2+LX
692   IF(NLE(LEX).EQ.1 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHNA(LR2)) GO TO 694
      CALL ERROR1
694   LE1     = LE
      NUSED(LE2)=NUSED(LE2)+1

C*     PLACE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY DATA INTO STATION TABLE
700   NAMELB(L)=BDL(LE1)
      NAMEUB(L)=BDU(LE2)
      IF(NTE(LE).EQ.1) GO TO 710
C      UPSTREAM BOUNDARY
      ILB(L)= 1
      FLB(L)= 0.
      SILB(L)=0.
      LB     = LBF(NAMEUB(L))
      IUB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
      FUB(L)= 1.
      CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)
      SIUB(L)=SINTVL
      GO TO 715
C      DOWNSTREAM BOUNDARY
710   LB     = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      ILB(L)= (LBNEXT(LB)-9-LBZ1(LB))/3
      FLB(L)= 1.
      CALL BARC(LB+LBNEXT(LB)-12)

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C      LINE UP THE L.E. AND T.E. CONNECTED CHANNELS IN THE SAME COLUMN
C      LRL  = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN FIRST LINE (L.E. CONNECTED CHANNELS)
C      LRT  = INDEX OF CHANNEL IN SECOND LINE (T.E. CONNECTED CHANNELS)
      LRL  = LR1
      LRT  = LR3
      GO TO 588
570 IF(LRE.LT.LRT) GO TO 578
      DO 575 LRX=LRT,LRE
575 IF(CHNA(LRX).EQ.CHNA(LRL)) GO TO 580

C      LRL-CHANNEL NOT INCLUDED IN SECOND LINE, PUT IN BLANK SPACE.
      CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRT),CHNA(LRT+1),LRT-LRE-1,1)
578 LRE  = LRE+1
      CHNA(LRT)=BLANK
      GO TO 586

C      LRX MATCHES LRL, PUT IN LRX-LRT BLANKS BEFORE LRL
580 LDR  = LRX-LRT
      IF(LDR) 582,586,582
582 LRTO = LRL+LDR
      CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LRL),CHNA(LRTO),LRL-LRE-1,1)
      LRE  = LRE+LDR
      LRT  = LRT+LDR
      LR2  = LR2+LDR
584 CHNA(LRL)=BLANK
      LRL  = LRL+1
      LRT  = LRT+1
      IF(LRL.LT.LRTO) GO TO 584
C      IF NO CHANNELS ON FIRST LINE, SET FIRST VALUE TO THAT OF SECOND
      IF(LR2-LDR.LT.LR1) CHNA(LR1)=CHNA(LR2+1)

586 LRL  = LRL+1
      LRT  = LRT+1
588 IF(LRL.LE.LR2) GO TO 570
      IF(LRT.GT.LRE) GO TO 600
      LDR  = LRE-LRT+1
      GO TO 582

C      DEFINE ORTCHN-TABLE INCREMENT, LRD
600 LRD  = LR2-LRO+3
      CALL MOVE(1, CHNA(LR2+1),CHNA(LR2+3),LR2-LRE,1)
      LRE  = LRE+4
      LEDGE(LRO)=IBLANK
      LRPREV(LRO)=IBLANK
      LRPRV = LRO
      LR   = LRO+LRD
      LEDGE(LR)=IBLANK
      LRPREV(LR)=IBLANK
      LR   = LR+LRD
      IF(ERK) CALL ERROR1

C*     BUILD STREAMLINE TABLE
      NJ   = 0
      LRL  = LRO
      LRT  = LRO+LRD
      X2SAV1= 0.
      X2SAV2= 0.

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      DAREA = 0.
C      SEARCH FOR FIRST COMMON CHANNEL
602 LRX1 = LRL
      LRX2 = LRL+LRD
      NBLNK1= 0
      NBLNK2= 0
605 IF(CHNA(LRX1).EQ.CHNA(LRX2)) GO TO 610
      IF(CHNA(LRX1).NE.BLANK) NBLNK1=NBLNK1+1
      IF(CHNA(LRX2).NE.BLANK) NBLNK2=NBLNK2+1
      LRX1 = LRX1+1
      LRX2 = LRX2+1
      IF(LRX1.LE.LR2) GO TO 605

610 DX2 = 8.*AMAX0(NBLNK1,NBLNK2)
      IF(DX2.EQ.0.) GO TO 620
      IF(NBLNK1.NE.0) DEL1=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK1)
      IF(NBLNK2.NE.0) DEL2=DX2/FLOAT(NBLNK2)
612 IF(CHNA(LRL).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 615
      CHX = CHNA(LRL)
      X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV1
      X2SAV1= X2SAV1+DEL1
      X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV1
      GO TO 625
615 CHX = CHNA(LRT)
      X2(NJ+1)=X2SAV2
      X2SAV2= X2SAV2+DEL2
      X2(NJ+2)=X2SAV2
      GO TO 625
620 CHX = CHNA(LRL)
      X2(NJ+1)=X2(NJ)
      IF(NJ.EQ.0) X2(NJ+1)=0.
      X2(NJ+2)=X2(NJ+1)+8.
      X2SAV1=X2(NJ+2)
      X2SAV2=X2(NJ+2)
625 SLCHN(NJ+1)=CHX
      SLCHN(NJ+2)=CHX
      W(NJ+1)=0.
      DO 630 LE1=LE0,LEE,10
630 IF(INLE(LE1).NE.0 .AND. CHL(LE1).EQ.CHX) GO TO 632
632 DO 635 LE2=LE0,LEE,10
635 IF(INLE(LE2).NE.0 .AND. CHU(LE2).EQ.CHX) GO TO 637
637 AREA = YE(LE2)-YE(LE1)
      IF(AXIA) AREA=AREA*PI*(YE(LE2)+YE(LE1))
C      FOR INLET CONF. SAVE HIGHLIGHT AREA SO EXTERNAL AREA
C      MAY BE CORRECTED BY DIFF BET HIGHLIGHT AND CAPTURE AREAS.
      AREASV= AREA
      IF(CHNA(LRL).NE.BLANK) AREA=AREA+DAREA
      CALL BCONV(CHX,LT,AREA)
      IF(CHNA(LRL).NE.BLANK) DAREA=DAREA+AREASV-AREA
      LT = LT+LPSI(LT)+NPT(LT)-1
      W(NJ+2)=XCH(LT)
      NJ = NJ+2
      LRL = LRL+1
      LRT = LRT+1
      IF(LRL.GT.LR2) GO TO 639
      IF(LRL-LRX1) 612,620,602

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C** BEGIN LOOP FOR BUILDING CHANNEL LIST, STATION TABLE AND FIELD DATA

EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGP,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
 EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
 EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),VCL), (TAB(6),MCL)

INTEGER CHNX,CHX,FIXCHN,HLE,HTE,SOLID
 LOGICAL UPT

DATA SOLID/5HSOLID/, HLE/2HLE/, HTE/2HTE/

C USE INPUT SPACERS TO SET TABLE ORIGINS

LTE = LBDE
 LTO = LTE+1
 LWE = LTE+MAXLT
 LWO = LWE+1
 LFE = LWE+MAXLW
 LFO = LFE+1
 LESTA = LFE+MAXLF
 LO = LESTA+1

C ASSUMED INITIAL FIELD VELOCITY
 VMINIT= .5 * SQRT(GAMA*RG*TTA)

C** BUILD ORTHOGONAL-CHANNEL TABLE

C* BUILD ORDERED LIST OF CHANNELS FROM L.E. CONNECTIONS

C SEARCH FOR THE FIRST LEADING EDGE PT (NLE=2 IN LETEPT-TABLE)

LR3 = LRO
 LRE = LR3-1
 LX = 0
 DO 505 LE=LEO,LEE,10
 505 IF(NLE(LE).EQ.2) GO TO 510

C NO L.E. PTS
 GO TO 535

C LE=FIRST EDGE PT, FIND CONNECTING CHANNELS

510 CHNA(LR3)=CHU(LE)
 CHNA(LR3+1)=CHL(LE)
 LRE = LR3+1

C SEARCH FOR CHANNELS BELOW CHNA(LR3)

515 DO 517 LE3=LEO,LEE,10
 LEX = LE3+LX
 517 IF(NLE(LEX).NE.0 .AND. CHL(LE3).EQ.CHNA(LR3)) GO TO 520
 WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LR3)
 CALL ERROR1

C CHECK FOR BOTTOM CHANNEL

520 IF(CHU(LE3).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 525

C MOVE CHU(LE3) BELOW CHNA(LR3)

CALL MOVE(2, CHNA(LR3),CHNA(LR3+1),LR3-LRE-1,1,
 1 CHU(LE3),CHNA(LR3),1,1)
 LRE = LRE+1
 GO TO 515

C SEARCH FOR CHANNELS ABOVE CHNA(LRE)

525 DO 530 LE4=LEO,LEE,10
 LEX = LE4+LX

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530 IF(NLE(LEX).NE.0 .AND. CHU(LE4).EQ.CHNA(LRE)) GO TO 532
    WRITE (6,1560) CHNA(LRE)
    CALL ERROR1

C    CHECK FOR TOP CHANNEL
532 IF(CHL(LE4).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 535

C    MOVE CHL(LE4) ABOVE CHNA(LRE)
    LRE = LRE+1
    CHNA(LRE)=CHL(LE4)
    GO TO 525

C    REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE TRAILING EDGE
535 IF(LX.EQ.1) GO TO 545
    LR1 = LR3
    LR2 = LRE
    LE1 = LE3
    LE2 = LE4
    LR3 = LR2+1
    LX = 1

C    LX = 1 TO PICK UP NTE(LE3) RATHER THAN NLE(LE3)

C    SEARCH FOR THE LAST T.E. PT
    LE = LEE-9
540 IF(NTE(LE).EQ.2) GO TO 510
    LE = LE-10
    IF(LE.GE.LE0) GO TO 540

C    NO L.E. OR T.E. PTS
545 IF(LRE-LR1) 547,555,555
547 LE = LE0
    IF(CHL(LE).NE.BLANK) GO TO 550
    IF(CHU(LE).NE.BLANK) GO TO 552
    CALL ERROR1
550 CHNA(LR1)=CHL(LE)
    GO TO 554
552 CHNA(LR1)=CHU(LE)
554 LR2 = LR1
    LR3 = LR2+1
    CHNA(LR3)=CHNA(LR1)
    LRE = LR3

C    CHECK FOR EXTRA CHANNELS IN LETEP-TABLE
555 LE = LE0
556 IF(CHL(LE).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 558
    CHX = CHL(LE)
    LX = 0
    GO TO 560
558 IF(CHU(LE).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 564
    CHX = CHU(LE)
    LX = 1
560 DO 561 LR=LR1,LRE
561 IF(CHNA(LR).EQ.CHX) GO TO 562
    ERR = .TRUE.
    WRITE (6,1560) CHX
562 IF(LX) 564,558,564
564 LE = LE+10
    IF(LE.LT.LEE) GO TO 556

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C      LRD   = NUMBER OF CHANNELS PLUS ONE,   LR INDEX INCREMENT
C      LEDGE = INDEX OF THE ORTHOGONAL POINT IN THE LETEPT-TABLE
C      LRPREV= POINTER OF LINE OF UPSTREAM CHANNELS IN ORTCHN-TABLE
C      CHNA  = CHANNEL NAMES
COMMON /ORTCHN/ LEDGE(1),LRPREV(1),CHNA(479)
      INTEGER CHNA
      DIMENSION      JCHNA(1)
      EQUIVALENCE     (JCHNA,CHNA)
C STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
      EQUIVALENCE     (IBLANK,BLANK)
      INTEGER         BLANK
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CTABPR/ ITAB
COMMON /ERASE / XX(1),YY,ANGG,NL,NT,CNL,CNU,BNL,BNU,NZERO
COMMON /SPACER/ MAXLH,MAXLT,MAXLF,MAXLW
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
      LOGICAL         ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

C CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C INDEX- LH=LHO,LHL
COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1          TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2          RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4          BB(75)
      LOGICAL         VARY
      INTEGER CHNAM
      DIMENSION      VO(1)
      REAL           MACHO
      EQUIVALENCE     (VO,MACHO)
C BOUNDARY TABLE
C INDEX- LB=LBDO,LBDE
C LBNEXT= INCREMENT TO NEXT BOUNDARY
C LBZ1 = INCREMENT TO THE FIRST BOUNDARY POINT (=0 BEFORE COALLATIO
C CHNAME= CHANNEL WITH WHICH THE BOUNDARY DATA IS ASSOCIATED
C UP = T OR F FOR UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY
C LEDEX = RELATIVE INDEX OF L.E. POINT WHEN LOWER AND UPPER SURFACE
C CONTOURS ARE CONNECTED
C BDNAME,LBA,LBB=NAME AND INDEX LIMITS OF SPECIFIC BOUNDARY
C DATA WHEN BOUNDARIES ARE COALLATED
      DIMENSION      BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),
1          CHNAME(1),UP(1),LEDEX(1),
2          ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
      LOGICAL         UP
      INTEGER BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
      DIMENSION      BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
      EQUIVALENCE     (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C CH = CHANNELNAME
C LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST

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DIMENSION      CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1              LRCU(1),
2              CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3              FGR(1),AREATB(485)
  DIMENSION      XCH(1)
  EQUIVALENCE    (CH,XCH)
C  TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C  INDEX- LW=LWO,LWE
  DIMENSION      X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)
  DIMENSION      DST(1)
  EQUIVALENCE    (DST,S1W)
C  SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-
C  X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...DST(N)
C  X2W  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C  S1W  = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C  DST  = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C  INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
C  NCOLS= 8
C  X1F  = ORTHOGONAL COORDINATE
C  X2F  = STREAMLINE COORDINATE OF SL EMINATING FROM T.E.
C  X1BF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW BELOW T.E.
C  X1AF = X1-COORDINATE OF CHOKE STATION OF FLOW ABOVE T.E.
C  S1F  = S1-COORDINATE OF T.E. (UPPER SURFACE). THIS ITEM
C        IS USED WHEN INTERPOLATING FOR WAKE DELTA-STAR.
C  LFB,LFA=INDICES OF STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C  NCHB,NCHA=NUMBER OF CHANNELS BELOW AND ABOVE T.E.
C  LRF  = INDEX OF DUMMY ORTCHN LIST FOR THE T.E.
C  LRXF = INDEX OF LAST CHANNEL BELOW THE T.E.
C  JORDER= 0 IF TOTAL FLOW AT X1F IS GIVEN
C          = 2 IF FLOW ABOVE T.E. IS GIVEN
C          = 1 IF FLOW BELOW T.E. IS GIVEN
C  JORDER= -1 IF FLOW AT X1F IS CHOKED AND SINGLE CHANNEL
  DIMENSION      X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
1              S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
  EQUIVALENCE    (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
  DIMENSION      LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOK= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL   = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL   = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
  DIMENSION      X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3              VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
  LOGICAL        PRIM
  INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
  DIMENSION      SCHOK(1)
  EQUIVALENCE    (SCHOK,DWDV)
  EQUIVALENCE    (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
  EQUIVALENCE    (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
  EQUIVALENCE    (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
  EQUIVALENCE    (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)
  EQUIVALENCE    (TSO,LEDEX,LPT,NCHB,TYPELB)
  EQUIVALENCE    (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)
  EQUIVALENCE    (MACH),RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB), (AD,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
  EQUIVALENCE    (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)

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IF(GAMMA.NE.0.) ATINF=SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TT(NSL))
MINF = MACHC
UINF = MACHC*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)
```

```
990 LTA = LT
```

```
RETURN
```

```
1185 FORMAT(/1X20H*** ERROR- FOR CHN=A6,1X53H THE STATIC PRESSURE EXCEE  
*DS THE INPUT TOTAL PRESSURE.,8H(BCONV) )
```

```
1182 FORMAT(34H *** ERROR- THE R (OR Y) FOR CHN= ,A6.  
*35H MUST BE IN ASCENDING ORDER (BCONV) )
```

```
1183 FORMAT(21H *** ERROR- FOR CHN= ,A6,31H THE INPUT FLOW RATE OF  
*WTFLOW=,F9.3,37H IS GREATER THAN THE CHOKED VALUE OF ,F8.3,  
*8H (BCONV) )
```

```
1184 FORMAT(53H *** ERROR- FAILURE OF PS-ITERATION GIVEN WTFLOW/CG=,  
*F9.4, 9H FOR CHN= ,A6,8H (BCONV) )
```

```
1200 FORMAT(/1X32H ERROR- THE FLOW RATE FOR CHANNEL 2X,A6,1X15H IS NOT DEF  
*INED.)
```

```
END
```

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```

*DECK BLDTBS
      SUBROUTINE BLDTBS
*BLDTBS      BUILD ORTHOGONAL/CHANNEL TABLE,
C              STREAMLINE TABLE, STATION TABLE,
C              FIELD TABLES AND FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE.
C
C      INPUT-
C      BOUNDARY TABLE, /BDYTAB/
C      CHANNEL INPUT DATA, /CHDATA/
C      ORDERED EDGE POINTS, /LETEPT/
C
C      OUTPUT-
C      LIST OF CHANNELS FOR EACH ORTHOGONAL, /ORTCHN/
C      TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES, /CONVTB/
C      STREAMLINE TABLE, /SLTAB/
C      STATION TABLE, /STATAB/
C      FIELD VALUES, /CZ/, /CR/, /CS2/, /CM/
C      TABLE OF STAS AT WHICH FLOW ADJUSTMENT MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED, /CADJ
C      TRAILING EDGE WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS TABLE, IF NOT CARD INPUT
C
      COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1          MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2          DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      REAL          MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL        AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
      COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,
1          RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL        RZONLY
C      INDEX- M=MO,NM
      COMMON /CVM      / VM(300)
      COMMON /CZ        / Z(300)
      COMMON /CR        / R(300)
      COMMON /CS2       / S2(300)
      COMMON /CS1       / S1(300)
      COMMON /CPH11     / PH11(300)
      COMMON /CM        / JMS(300)
      COMMON /CCURV     / CURV(300)
      COMMON /CB        / B(300)
      COMMON /CIDEX     / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      DIMENSION      WSL(300)
      EQUIVALENCE     (WSL,CURV)
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LD,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRD,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE     (LIMITS,LHO)
C      TABLE OF LEADING EDGE AND TRAILING EDGE POINTS
C      INDEX- LE=LEO,LEE,10
C      NLE,NTE=NO. OF L.E. AND T.E. COINCIDENT PTS, RESPECTIVELY
C      CHL,CHU=NAME OF CHANNEL ABOVE AND BELOW PT, RESPECTIVELY
C      BDL,BDU=BOUNDARY NAMES ASSOCIATED WITH THE POINTS
C      NUSED = COUNT OF TIMES THAT POINT USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF /ORTCHN/
      COMMON /LETEPT/ XE(1),YE(1),ANGE(1),NLE(1),NTE(1),
1          CHL(1),CHU(1),BDL(1),BDU(1),NUSED(491)
      INTEGER        CHL,CHU,BDL,BDU
C      TABLE OF CHANNELS EMBRACED BY EACH ORTHOGONAL
C      INDEX- LR=LRO,LRE,LRD

```

```

      IF(AXIA) GO TO 170
      DO 165 J=1,NSL
165  A(J) = Y(J)
      GO TO 173
170  DO 172 J=1,NSL
172  A(J) = PI*R(J)*R(J)
173  PTMIN = PT(1)
      DO 174 J=2,NSL
      PTMIN = AMIN1(PTMIN,PT(J))
174  IF(A(J).LT.A(J-1)) ERR=.TRUE.
      IF(ERR) GO TO 182

175  QV = 0.
176  IF(PS.EQ.8ITS) GO TO 177
      YTOL = 1.E6
      GO TO 179
177  PS(1) = .95*PTMIN
      YTOL = WTF*1.E-5
178  CALL SETM(1,PS, PS(2),NSL-1)
179  DO 180 J=1,NSL
      TS = TT(J)*(PS(J)/PT(J))*FGT(LT)
      IF(TS.GE.TT(J)) GO TO 185
      V(J) = SQRT(C2CP(LT)*(TT(J)-TS))*PS(J)/(CRG(LT)*TS)
180  CONTINUE
      PSI(1)= 0.
      CALL LSPFIT(A,V,NSL, A,PSI,NSL, -1)

      DELP = PTMIN-PS(1)
      XJP = .5*DELP
      DYDX = -.5*PSI(NSL)/DELP
      YO = WTF
      CALL QIREM(PS,PSI(NSL),XJP,QV)
      IF(QV.GE.2. .AND. QV(5).EQ.0.) GO TO 183
      IF(QV.EQ.21.) GO TO 184
      IF(QV.NE.0.) GO TO 178
C      *MACHC AND TSC FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION (RARE OPTION)
      MACHC = V(NSL)/SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TS)
      TSC = TS
      GO TO 250

C      ERROR COMMENTS
182  WRITE (6,1182) CHT
      GO TO 187
183  PSIMAX= PSI(NSL)*CG
      WRITE (6,1183) CHT,WTFLOW(LH),PSIMAX
      GO TO 186
184  WRITE (6,1184) WTF,CHT
      GO TO 186
185  WRITE (6,1185) CHT
186  CALL TABPRT(2HQV,QV,8,8)
      CALL TABPRT (6HCQIREM,YTOL,4,4)
      CALL TABPRT(3HPSI,PSI,NSL,10)
187  ERR = .TRUE.
      CALL TABPRT(2HPS,PS,NSL,10)
      CALL TABPRT(2HPT,PT,NSL,10)
      CALL TABPRT(2HTT,TT,NSL,10)
      CALL TABPRT(4HAREA,A,NSL,10)
      GO TO 250

```

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```

C      GIVEN MACH NUMBER, AREA AND STATIC FLOW PROPERTIES
190  IF(WTF.NE.O. .AND. (LH.EQ.O .OR. MACHO(LH).EQ.BITS)) GO TO 200
      MACHC = MACHA
      IF(LH.EQ.O) GO TO 195
      IF(MACHO(LH).NE.BITS) MACHC=MACHO(LH)
      IF(PSO(LH).NE.BITS) PSC=PSO(LH)
      IF(TSO(LH).NE.BITS) TSC=TSO(LH)
195  IF(GGAM(LT).EQ.O.) FG1=1./(TSC*CRG(LT))
      TTQTS = 1.+0.5*FG1*MACHC*MACHC
196  IF(LH.EQ.O .OR. (TTO(LH).EQ.BITS .AND. PTO(LH).EQ.BITS)) GOTO 197
C      *TOTAL CONDITIONS ARE SPECIFIED RATHER THAN STATIC
      TSC = TT/TTQTS
      PSC = PT/TTQTS**FGP(LT)
      GO TO 198
197  TT = TSC*TTQTS
      PT = PSC*TTQTS**FGP(LT)
198  IF(WTF.NE.O.) GO TO 240
      IF ( LH.NE. O .AND. AO(LH).NE.BITS ) AREA=AO(LH)*RHL
      IF ( LH.NE. O .AND. AO(LH).NE. BITS .AND. AXIA ) AREA=AO(LH)*PI
      * *RHL**2
      AREATB(LT)=AREA
      WTF = PSC/(CRG(LT)*TSC)*AREA*MACHC
      IF(GGAM(LT).NE.O.) WTF=WTF*SQRT(GAMMA*CRG(LT)*TSC)
      GO TO 240

C      GIVEN FLOW RATE + TOTAL/STATIC CONDITIONS FROM STC/SHEET-1
200  AREATB(LT)=0.
      IF(TSC.LT.TTC)
      *AREATB(LT)=WTF*CRG(LT)*TSC/(PSC*SQRT(C2CP(LT)*(TTC-TSC)))
210  AREA = AREATB(LT)

240  PSI(NSL)=WTF
      IF(WTF.NE.O.) GO TO 250
      ERR = .TRUE.
      WRITE (6,1200) CHT

C      PUT DATA IN CONVTS-ARRAY
250  CH(LT)= CHT
      NPT(LT)=NSL
      LT1 = LT+15
      CALL MOVE(1, PSI,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
      LPSI(LT)=LT1-LT
      LT1 = LT1+NSL
      CALL MOVE(1, TT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
      LTT(LT)=LT1-LT
      LT1 = LT1+NSL
      CALL MOVE(1, PT,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
      LPT(LT)=LT1-LT
      LT1 = LT1+NSL
      CALL MOVE(1, RCU,CH(LT1),NSL,1)
      LRCU(LT)=LT1-LT
      LTNEXT(LT)=15+4*NSL
      LTE = LT+LTNEXT(LT)-1

C      EXTERNAL CHANNEL PROPERTIES FOR FAR FIELD CALC
      IF(CHT.NE.EXT) GO TO 990
      ATINF = 1.E6

```

```

EQUIVALENCE (MACHO,RBT,CRG,JORDER,ILB), (AO,ANGBT,CPGJ,VNR,FLB)
EQUIVALENCE (VARY,C2CP,S1LB), (RG,QGAM,TYPEUB)
EQUIVALENCE (GAM,FGT,NAMEUB), (NR,FGP,IUB), (NC,FGR,FUB)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(1),AREATB,S1UB), (TAB(2),VMB), (TAB(3),DWDV)
EQUIVALENCE (TAB(4),X2CL), (TAB(5),VCL), (TAB(6),MCL)
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LEST, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

```

```

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF,MINF,RFFREF,UINF,ZDN1,ZDN25
REAL MINF
COMMON /CGRAV / CG
COMMON / CNORM / RHL,RM,AHL,ARM
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /CTAPOS/ RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL,K6SV
LOGICAL RESTRT,ENDBDT,ENDFIL
COMMON /ERASE/ EDUM(72),QV(8), A(90),V(90),
1 PSI(90),R(90),TT(90),PT(90),RCU(90),PS(90)
DIMENSION Y(90)
EQUIVALENCE (Y,R)
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR
LOGICAL ERR,ERRMAJ,INERR,PRERR

```

```

INTEGER CHT,EXT

```

```

DATA EXT/3HEXT/

```

```

CHT = CHTA
CALL SETM(1,BITS, PSI,540)
CALL RTCFI(CHT,LH)

```

```

C DEFINE GAS PROPERTIES
LT = LTE+1
LTE = LTE+15
QGAM(LT)=0.
FGR(LT)=0.
FGP(LT)=1.
FGT(LT)=1.
GAMMA = GAMA
IF(LH.NE.0 .AND. GAM(LH).NE.BITS) GAMMA=GAM(LH)
IF(GAMMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 85
FG1 = GAMMA-1.
FGR(LT)=1./FG1
FGP(LT)=GAMMA*FGR(LT)
FGT(LT)=FG1/GAMMA
QGAM(LT)=1./GAMMA

```

```

85 CRG(LT)=RGA
IF(LH.NE.0 .AND. RG(LH).NE.BITS) CRG(LT)=RG(LH)
CPGJ(LT)=FGP(LT)*CRG(LT)
C2CP(LT)=2.*CPGJ(LT)

```

```

C DEFINE TOTAL PROPERTIES AS DETERMINED FROM DATA ON

```

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```

C      TIC/SHEET-1 OF INPUT
      TTC = TTA
      PTC = PTA
      PSC = PSA
      IF(GAMA.EQ.0.) GO TO 95
      FG2 = GAMA-1.
      FGRA = GAMA/FG2
      GO TO 97
95  FG2 = 1./(TSA*RG)
      FGRA = 1.
97  IF(MACHA.EQ.BITS) GO TO 99
      TTQTS = 1.+5*FG2*MACHA*MACHA
      TTC = TSA*TTQTS
      PTC = PSA*TTQTS**FGRA
      TSC = TSA
      GO TO 100
99  TSC = TTC*(PSC/PTC)**(1./FGRA)
      TTQTS = TTC/TSC
      MACHC = SQRT(2.*(TTQTS-1.)/FG2)

C      NUMBER OF INPUT STREAMLINES. GIVEN FLOW RATE.
100 NSL = 1
      WTF = 0.
      IF(LH.EQ.0) GO TO 150
      NSL = NR(LH)
      IF(WTFLOW(LH).NE.BITS) WTF=WTFLOW(LH)/CG

C      NO INPUT PROFILES
      IF(NSL.NE.0) GO TO 150
      TT = TTC
      PT = PTC
      IF(TTO(LH).NE.BITS) TT=TTO(LH)
      IF(PTO(LH).NE.BITS) PT=PTO(LH)
      NSL = 1

C      FILL PS, PT, TT AND RCU TABLES
150 IF(TT.EQ.BITS) TT=TTC
      IF(PT.EQ.BITS) PT=PTC
      IF(RCU.EQ.BITS) RCU=0.
      IF(PSI.EQ.BITS) GO TO 160
      CALL FILL(PSI,PT,1,NSL)
      CALL FILL(PSI,TT,1,NSL)
      CALL FILL(PSI,RCU,1,NSL)
      IF(WTF.EQ.0.) GO TO 250
      CONST = WTF/PSI(NSL)
      DO 155 J=1,NSL
155  PSI(J)= CONST*PSI(J)
      GO TO 250

160 IF(R.EQ.BITS) GO TO 190
      CALL FILL(R,PT,1,NSL)
      CALL FILL(R,TT,1,NSL)
      CALL FILL(R,RCU,1,NSL)
      IF(PS.NE.BITS) CALL FILL(R,PS,1,NSL)

C      INTEGRATION OF RHU*V*DA
      IF(NSL.EQ.1) GO TO 190
      IF(PS.EQ.BITS .AND. WTF.EQ.0.) CALL ERROR1

```

```

*DECK BUILDS
  PROGRAM BUILDS
  COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
  *          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
  *          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
  *          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
  DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
  EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
C  FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE
C  INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE
  COMMON /CHDATA/ X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),
  1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)
  EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)
  DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)
  DIMENSION TABLES(10)
  EQUIVALENCE (TABLES(1),X1F(1))
  COMMON /CLWOSV/ LWOSV

  COMMON /SELECT/ LENTRY

  GO TO (5,10), LENTRY
  5 CALL BLDTBS
  GO TO 20
C  REBUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE AND REPACK IF RESTR=T.
  10 CALL RBCONV
  NMOVE1= LTE-LBDO+1
  LWTO = LHE+1+NMOVE1
  CALL MOVE(2, TABLES(LBDO),TABLES(LHE+1),NMOVE1,1,
  1 TABLES(LWO),TABLES(LWTO),LESTA-LWOSV+1,1)
  MOVE1 = LHE+1-LBDO
  LBDO = LBDO+MOVE1
  LBDE = LBDE+MOVE1
  LTO = LTO+MOVE1
  LTE = LTE+MOVE1
  LWO = LWTO
  MOVE2 = LWO-LWOSV
  LWE = LWE+MOVE2
  LFO = LFO+MOVE2
  LFE = LFE+MOVE2
  LO = LO+MOVE2
  LESTA = LESTA+MOVE2

C  SET FLOW ADJUSTMENT ITERATION COUNTER TO ZERO
  LF = LFO
  850 IF(LF.GE.LFE) GO TO 20
  VNR(LF)= 0.
  LF = LF+NFCOLS
  GO TO 850

  20 RETURN
  END

```

```

*DECK BCONV
      SUBROUTINE BCONV(CHTA,LTA,AREA)
*BCONV-      BUILD CONVECTED PROPERTIES TABLE
      INTEGER      CHTA
      -BCONV-

C      INPUT-
C      CHTA = CHANNEL NAME
C      AREA = FLOW AREA IN CASE NO /CHDATA/ IS AVAILABLE
C      DATA IN THE CHANNEL DATA TABLE, /CHDATA/

C      OUTPUT-
C      LTA = INDEX OF CHTA IN CONVTB
C      SUBTABLE OF CONVECTED FLOW PROPERTIES
C      DETERMINATION OF CHANNEL FLOW RATE

C      OUTPUT FOR FAR FIELD CALCULATION
C      ATINF = SPEED OF SOUND AT STAGNATION TEMPERATURE
C      MINF = FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER
C      UINF = FREE STREAM VELOCITY

      COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1      MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2      DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      REAL      MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL    AXIA,AXIC,CHOTST
C      CHANNEL INPUT DATA TABLE
C      INDEX- LH=LHO,LHE
C      TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C      INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE
C      CH = CHANNELNAME
C      LTNEXT= INDEX INCREMENT TO THE NEXT CHANNEL
C      LPSI = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PSI LIST
C      NPT = NO. OF PSI, TT, PT AND RCU VALUES
C      LTT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF TT LIST
C      LPT = RELATIVE LOCATION OF PT LIST
C      LRCU = RELATIVE LOCATION OF RCU LIST
      COMMON /CHDATA/ CHNAM(1),LHNEXT(1),WTFLOW(1),TTO(1),PTO(1),
1      TSO(1),PSO(1),MACHO(1),AO(1),VARY(1),
2      RG(1),GAM(1), NR(1),NC(1),TAB(6),
4      BB(75)
      LOGICAL    VARY
      INTEGER CHNAM
      DIMENSION  VO(1)
      REAL      MACHO
      EQUIVALENCE (VO,MACHO)
      DIMENSION  CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),
1      LRCU(1),
2      CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),
3      FGR(1),AREATB(485)

      INTEGER CH
      DIMENSION XCH(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)
      EQUIVALENCE (CHNAM,BDT,CH,X2W,X1F,X1)
      EQUIVALENCE (LHNEXT,LBNEXT,LTNEXT,LWNEXT,X2F,LNEXT)
      EQUIVALENCE (WTFLOW,LBZ1,NPT,S1W,X1BF,MLB)
      EQUIVALENCE (TTO,CHNAME,LPSI,X1AF,MUB), (PTO,UP,LTT,S1F,PRIM)
      EQUIVALENCE (TSO,LEDEX,LPI,NCHB,TYPELB)
      EQUIVALENCE (PSO,ZBT,LRCU,NCHA,NAMELB)

```

```

C      X2W,LWNEXT(=2+2N), S1W(1),S1W(2)...S1W(N), DST(1),DST(2),...DST(N)
C      X2W   = STREAMLINE COORDINATE
C      S1W   = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINE FROM T.E.
C      DST   = WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS AS A FUNCTION OF S1W
EQUIVALENCE      (CH,X1F,X2W), (LTNEXT,X2F,LWNEXT), (NPT,X1BF,S1W)
EQUIVALENCE      (LPSI,X1AF), (LTT,S1F), (LPT,NCHB), (LRCU,NCHA)
EQUIVALENCE      (CRG,JORDER), (CPGJ,VNR)

```

```

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,CPTDUM
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CTHICK/ NTHKX,NTHKY,THKX(20),THKY(20),THK2D(78)
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /ERASE / PSI(800)

```

```

      INTEGER      CHX

```

```

C      INTERPOLATE FOR LAMINA THICKNESS
      NK      = MB-MA+1
      CALL SETM(1,1., LAM,NK)
      IF(NTHKX.LE.1) GO TO 100
      CALL LFIT2D(Z(MA),R(MA),LAM,NK)

```

```

C      INITIALIZE
100 WAKE      = .FALSE.

```

```

C      DEFINE NUMBER OF STREAMLINES, NK, ASSOCIATED WITH EACH CHANNEL
      K       = 1
      M       = MA
      WADD    = 0.
105 NK       = 0
      K1      = K
      M1      = M
110 CALL GETIX
      IF(M.NE.M1) GO TO 114
      CHX     = SLCHN(J)
      PSI1    = X2(J)
114 IF(SLCHN(J).NE.CHX) GO TO 120
      NK      = NK+1
      DISP(K)=0.
      WSTA(K)=W(J)+WADD
      PSI(NK)=X2(J)
      K       = K+1
      M       = M+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 110

```

```

C      FIND INDEX IN CONVTB
120 LT       = LTO
125 IF(LT.GT.LTE) CALL ERROR1
      IF(CH(LT).EQ.CHX) GO TO 130
      LT      = LT+LTNEXT(LT)
      GO TO 125

```

```

C      INTERPOLATE FOR CONVECTED PROPERTIES
C      SCALE THE PSI TABLE TO CONFORM TO THE LPSI-TABLE IN /CONVTB/
130 NI       = NPT(LT)

```

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```

      I      = LT+LPSI(LT)
      I2     = I+NI
      IF(K1.EQ.1 .AND. NK.EQ.1) PS11=PS11-8.
      PS11   = 8.*AINT(PS11/8.)
      F      = XCH(I2-1)/8.
      DO 140 KN=1,NK
140  PSI(KN)=(PSI(KN)-PS11)*F
      IT     = LT+LTT(LT)
      IP     = LT+LPT(LT)
      IS     = LT+LRCU(LT)
      CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IT),NI, PSI,TT(K1),NK, 0)
      CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IP),NI, PSI,PT(K1),NK, 0)
C      CALL LSPFIT(CH(I),CH(IS),NI, PSI,RCU(K1),NK, 0)
      CALL SETM(1,CRG(LT),RGX(K1),NK)
      CALL SETM(1,C2CP(LT),C2CPX(K1),NK)
      CALL SETM(1,FGR(LT),FGRX(K1),NK)

C      WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS
C      SEARCH FOR X2-SUBTABLE
      IF(M.GT.MB) GO TO 200
      X2J    = X2(J)
      DISP(K-1)=-1.
      LW     = LWO
155  IF(LW.GE.LWE) GO TO 190
      IF(X2W(LW).EQ.X2J) GO TO 170
      LW     = LW+LWNEXT(LW)
      GO TO 155
C      FIND TRAILING EDGE S1 IN THE FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE, S1F
170  LF      = LFO
175  IF(X2F(LF).EQ.X2J) GO TO 180
      LF     = LF+NFCOLS
      IF(LF.LT.LFE) GO TO 175
      CALL ERROR1
C      INTERPOLATE FOR WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS, DSTAR
180  S1FTE=S1(M)-S1F(LF)
C      S1-FROM-T.E.
      IF(S1FTE.LE.0.) GO TO 190
      N      = (LWNEXT(LW)-2)/2
      LSTAR  = LW+N
      CALL LSPFIT(S1W(LW),DST(LSTAR),N, S1FTE,DISP(K-1),1, 0)
      IF(DISP(K-1)) 184,184,186
184  DISP(K-1)=-1.
      GO TO 190
186  WAKE    = .TRUE.

C      LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL
190  WADD    = WSTA(K-1)
      GO TO 105

C      USE CONSTANT DENSITY APPROXIMATION FOR MAJCTR.LE.NODENS
200  IF(MAJCTR.LE.NODENS) CALL SETM(1,0.,FGRX,K-1)
      RETURN
      END
      OVERLAY(STC,1,3)

```

222

```

*DECK MATINV
SUBROUTINE MATINV(YIJ,N,UNIT,M,DET,IN1,IN2,ND,IF)
CMATINV      DUMMY (CDC) MATINV SIMULATOR
DIMENSION YIJ(1),UNIT(1),IN1(1),IN2(1)
NN          = N*N
CALL SETM(1,0.,UNIT,NN)
N1          = N+1
DO 1 L=1,NN,N1
1 UNIT(L)= 1.
CALL LRMD51(YIJ,N,IN1,IN2,DET,IF,N)
IF( DET.EQ.0. ) CALL ERROR1
CALL DBSRT1(UNIT,N,IN1,IN2,YIJ,N,N)
2 RETURN
END

```

-MATINV-

*DECK DUP2

SUBROUTINE TTPT(MA,MB, WSTA,DISP,WAKE,TT,PT,LAM,RGX,C2CPX,FGRX)

*TTPT-- TT, PT, AND RCU FOR STREAMLINES -TTPT-

LOGICAL

WAKE

REAL

LAM(25)

DIMENSION WSTA(25),DISP(25),TT(25),PT(25),

1 RGX(25),C2CPX(25),FGRX(25)

C INPUT-

C MA = FIRST FIELD POINT

C MB = LAST FIELD POINT

C OUTPUT-

C WSTA = LIST OF STREAM FUNCTION VALUES

C DISP(K)=NON-ZERO FOR POSSIBLE SLIP CONDITION BETWEEN STREAMLINE
C K AND K+1, OTHERWISE DISP(K)=0.

C = DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS OF WAKE IF POSITIVE

C WAKE = .TRUE. IF THERE EXISTS ANY WAKE DISPLACEMENTS.

C TT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL TEMPERATURE

C PT = INTERPOLATED TOTAL PRESSURE

C LAMBDA= LAMINA THICKNESS IN THIRD DIMENSION, BLOCKAGE EFFECT

C RCU = INTERPOLATED ANGULAR MOMENTUM ***NOT NOW IN USE

C RGX = GAS CONSTANT

C C2CPX = SPECIFIC HEAT

C FGRX = 1./(GAM-1.)= FUNCTION OF GAMMA FOR CALCULATING DENSITY

C NOTE - LENGTH OF WSTA,TT,PT,RCU-LISTS IS MB-MA+1

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBD0,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

C TABLE OF CONVECTED PROPERTIES

C INDEX- LT=LTO,LTE

COMMON /CHDATA/ CH(1),LTNEXT(1),NPT(1),LPSI(1),LTT(1),LPT(1),

1 LRCU(1),

2 CRG(1),CPGJ(1),C2CP(1),QGAM(1),FGT(1),FGP(1),

3 FGR(1),AREATB(485)

INTEGER CH

DIMENSION XCH(1)

EQUIVALENCE (CH,XCH)

* SEE OTHER LISTING OF TTPT FOR EXPLANATION OF VARIABLES

C FLOW ADJUSTMENT TABLE

C INDEX- LF=LFO,LFE

DIMENSION X1F(1),X2F(1),X1BF(1),X1AF(1),

1 S1F(1),NCHB(1),NCHA(1),JORDER(1),VNR(12)

EQUIVALENCE (LFB,X1BF),(LFA,X1AF),(LRF,NCHB),(LRXF,NCHA)

DIMENSION LFB(1),LFA(1),LRF(1),LRXF(1)

C TABLE OF WAKE DISPLACEMENT THICKNESS

C INDEX- LW=LWO,LWE

DIMENSION X2W(1),LWNEXT(1),S1W(47)

DIMENSION DST(1)

EQUIVALENCE (DST,S1W)

C SUBTABLE ARRANGEMENT IS-

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*DECK DUP1

SUBROUTINE LFIT2D(X,Y,TO,NXY)

*LFIT2D LINEAR SURFACE INTERPOLATION

-LFIT2D-

C IN A RECTANGULAR GRID
C DIMENSION X(2),Y(2),TO(2)

C INPUT-

C X,Y = LIST OF COORDINATES AT WHICH INTERPOLATED VALUES ARE TO BE
C NXY = NO OF COORDINATE POINTS

C NXT = NUMBER OF XT
C NYT = NUMBER OF YT
C XT = X-GRID OF T-TABLE
C YT = Y-GRID OF T-TABLE
C T = TABLE OF VALUES

C NOTE - NUMBER OF T-VALUES IS NXT*NYT, ORDER IS ILLUSTRATED BELOW

C YT(NYT)- T(3) T(6) T(NXT*NYT)

C YT(2) - T(2) T(5) T(8)

C YT(1) - T(1) T(4) T(7)

C -----

C XT(1) XT(2) XT(NXT)

C OUTPUT-

C TO = INTERPOLATED VALUES AT X,Y

COMMON /CTHICK/ NXT,NYT,XT(20),YT(20),T(78)

COMMON /ERASE / DUM(400),T1(200),T2(200)

C FIND CORRECT X-INTERVAL

I = 1

M = 1

ISV = 0

100 NCOUNT= 0

105 IF(X(M).LT.XT(1)) GO TO 110

IF(X(M).GT.XT(I+1)) GO TO 120

F = (X(M)-XT(1))/(XT(I+1)-XT(1))

GO TO 150

110 IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 140

I = I-1

GO TO 125

120 IF((I+1).GE.NXT) GO TO 145

I = I+1

125 NCOUNT= NCOUNT+1

IF(NCOUNT.GT.NXT) CALL ERROR1

GO TO 105

140 F = 0.

GO TO 150

145 F = 1.

C INTERPOLATE WRT Y

150 IF(I.EQ.ISV) GO TO 160

IJ2 = I*NYT+1

IJ1 = IJ2-NYT

CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ1),NYT, Y,T1,NXY)

CALL LFIT1(YT,T(IJ2),NYT, Y,T2,NXY)

ISV = I

C INTERPOLATE WRT X

225

160 TO(M) = F*T2(M)+(1.-F)*T1(M)

M = M+1

IF(M.LE.NXY) GO TO 100

C... FND LOOP FOR INTERPOLATIONG TO(M) AT X(M),Y(M),M=1,NXY

RETURN

END

LOGICAL ONCE,SETAG

DATA KLE/2HLE/, KTE/2HTE/, KFIELD/5HFIELD/
DATA KFAR/6HFARFLD/, KFREE/4HFREE/, KPRES/4HPRES/, KSOLID/5HSOLID/
DATA ONCE/.FALSE./

C CHECK FOR INCORRECT CHANNEL INPUT NAMES

 LH = LHO

 GO TO 45

C LOOP THROUGH BOUNDARY TABLE TO SEE IF CHNAM(LH) IS REFERENCED

32 LB = LBDO

35 IF(CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB) .OR. CHNAM(LH).EQ.CHNAME(LB+1))GO TO 40

 LB = LB+LBNEXT(LB)

 IF(LB.LT.LBDE) GO TO 35

C NO REFERENCE FOUND FOR CHNAM(LH)

 ERR = .TRUE.

 WRITE (6,1035) CHNAM(LH)

1035 FORMAT(57H *** ERROR - BOUNDARY INPUT DATA DOES NOT REFERENCE CHN
 I=,A6)

C INDEX TO NEXT CHANNEL

40 LH = LH+LHNEXT(LH)

45 IF(LH.LT.LHE) GO TO 32

C LOOP THROUGH STATION TABLE TO INSERT SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPES

 L = LO

C LOWER BOUNDARY

100 NAMB = NAMELB(L)

 KTYPE = TYPELB(L)

 ITVL = ILB(L)

 IRET = 0

 GO TO 500

150 TYPELB(L)=KTYPE

 IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMELB(L)=NAMB

C UPPER BOUNDARY

 NAMB = NAMEUB(L)

 KTYPE = TYPEUB(L)

 ITVL = IUB(L)

 IRET = 1

 GO TO 500

250 TYPEUB(L)=KTYPE

 IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) NAMEUB(L)=NAMB

C INDEX TO NEXT STATION

 L = L+LNEXT(L)

 IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 100

 RETURN

C** GENERAL LOGIC FOR EITHER UPPER OR LOWER BOUNDARY

C NAMB = BOUNDARY NAME

C KTYPE = BOUNDARY TYPE

500 IF(KTYPE.EQ.KLE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KTE .OR. KTYPE.EQ.KFIELD)

 * GO TO 599

C CHECK BOUNDARY TABLE TO FIND SEGMENT NAME IF TYPE=SOLID.

 SETAG = .FALSE.

 LB = LBF(NAMB)

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NAMBD = NAMB
IF(KTYPE.NE.KSOLID) GO TO 520
LBXN = LBZ1(LB)
IF(LBXN.EQ.0) GO TO 520
LBX = LBZ1(LB)+3*ITVL-3
C   LBX = INDEX (RELATIVE TO SUBTABLE ORIGIN) OF THE
C   INTERVAL OF THE OL-BOUNDARY INTERSECTION POINT
LB1 = LB
510 IF(LBA(LB1).LE.LBX .AND. LBB(LB1).GE.LBX) GO TO 515
LB1 = LB1+3
IF(LB1.LT.(LB+LBZ1(LB))) GO TO 510
CALL ERROR1
C   CHECK FOR FIRST OF DOUBLE POINTS ON UPPER BOUNDARY
515 IF(IRET.EQ.0 .OR. LBX.NE.LBB(LB1) .OR. (LB1+3).GE.(LB+LBZ1(LB))
*   .OR. LBA(LB1+3).NE.(LBB(LB1)+3)) GO TO 518
C   CHANGE STATION-TABLE REFERENCE TO THE 2ND PT (1ST STREAMWISE PT)
NAMBD = BDNAME(LB1)
LB1 = LB1+3
IUB(L)=IUB(L)+1
SETAG = .TRUE.
518 NAMB = BDNAME(LB1)

C   DETERMINE IF GIVEN BOUNDARY NAME HAS BEEN SPECIFIED BY
C   USER INPUT AS A SPECIAL BOUNDARY TYPE
520 IF(NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FARFLD(2)) KTYPE=KFAR
IF(NAMB.EQ.FREE(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.FREE(2)) KTYPE=KFREE
IF(NAMB.EQ.PRES(1) .OR. NAMB.EQ.PRES(2)) KTYPE=KPRES

C   SET ISTAG EQUAL TO ZERO AT THE SOLID/FREE BREAK POINT
IF(.NOT.SETAG .OR. (NAMBD.NE.FREE(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.FREE(2) .AND.
*   NAMBD.NE.PRES(1) .AND. NAMBD.NE.PRES(2))) GO TO 530
M = MUB(L)
CALL GETIX
ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

C   FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY GEOMETRIC DATA
530 IF(KTYPE.NE.KFAR .OR. ONCE) GO TO 599
LB1 = LB+LBZ1(LB)
LB2 = LB+LBNEXT(LB)-9
RFFREF= RBT(LB2)
ZDN1 = ZBT(LB2)
ZDN25 = ZBT(LB1)
WRITE (6,1530) RFFREF,ZDN1,ZDN25,NAMB
1530 FORMAT(/,2X,41H THE FAR FIELD INTERFACE BOUNDARY IS AT R=,F9.3,
*11H BETWEEN Z=,F9.3,4H AND,F9.3,1H.,8H (BDY=,A6,1H))

C   SET UP FAR FIELD SOLUTION MATRIX
CALL FRFDNZ
ONCE = .TRUE.

C   RETURN
599 IF(IRET) 150,150,250
END

```

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      NFF = NF
C     PARABOLIC FIT AT END POINTS OF FARFIELD BOUNDARY
      RA = RFF(1)
      ZA = ZFF(1)
      ZASQ = 1./(Z1-ZA)**2
      A1 = R1+(RA-R1)*Z1**2*ZASQ
      C1 = (RA-R1)*ZASQ
      B1 = -2.*C1*Z1
      RB = RFF(NFF)
      ZB = ZFF(NFF)
      ZASQ = 1./(Z25-ZB)**2
      A25 = R25+(RB-R25)*Z25**2*ZASQ
      C25 = (RB-R25)*ZASQ
      B25 = -2.*C25*Z25
C     LOCATE ENDPPOINT INDICES
      DO 200 K=1,25
        IF( ZDN(K).GE.ZA ) GO TO 201
200  CONTINUE
      201 LU = K-1
        DO 210 K=1,25
          IF( ZDN(K).GT.ZB ) GO TO 211
210  CONTINUE
      211 LD = K
C     INTERPOLATE POINTS IN STC SOLUTION TABLES
      NUM = LD-LU+1
      IF( PRFF.NE.0. ) CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,RFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),RDN(LU+1),
* NUM,J)
C
C     INTERPOLATE CO-ORDINATE DERIVATIVES ON FAR-FIELD BOUNDARY
C
      IF( PRFF1.NE.0. ) GO TO 4
      CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM)
      GO TO 555
      4 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LU+1),DRDN(LU+1),NUM,0)
C     FILL END POINTS OF ZDN,DRDN TABLES
      555 DO 556 K=1,LU
        RDN(K) = A1+B1*ZDN(K)+C1*ZDN(K)**2
      556 DRDN(K) = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(K)
        DO 557 K=LD,25
          RDN(K) = A25+B25*ZDN(K)+C25*ZDN(K)**2
      557 DRDN(K) = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(K)
C
C     ADJUST DERIVATIVE AT ZDN POINTS CLOSEST TO
C     UPSTREAM / DOWNSTREAM STC POINTS
      DZDN = ZDN(2)-ZDN(1)
      DZA1 = ZA-ZDN(LU)
      DZA2 = ZDN(LU+1)-ZA
      LUC = LU
      IF( DZA2.GT.DZA1 ) GO TO 558
      LUC = LU+1
      558 AA = (ZA-ZDN(LUC))/DZDN
        SP = B1+2.*C1*ZDN(LUC)
        IF( PRFF1.NE.0. ) GO TO 560
        CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
        GO TO 561
      560 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1,0)
      561 ASSIGN 562 TO LGO

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5622 DRDN(LUC) = SP*(.5+AA)+SB*(.5-AA)
      GO TO LG0 , (562,5)
562 DZA1 = ZB-ZDN(LD)
      DZA2 = ZDN(LD-1)-ZB
      LUC = LD
      IF( ABS(DZA2) .GT. ABS(DZA1) ) GO TO 563
      LUC = LD-1
563 AA = (ZDN(LUC)-ZB)/DZDN
      SP = B25+2.*C25*ZDN(LUC)
      IF( PRFF1.NE.0. ) GO TO 565
      CALL LFIT1(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1)
      GO TO 566
565 CALL LSPFIT(ZFF,PHIFF,NFF,ZDN(LUC),SB,1,0)
566 ASSIGN 5 TO LG0
      GO TO 5622

```

```

C
C   CALCULATE VELOCITIES ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY
C
5 DO 10 I=1,25
  SUM = 0.
  DO 9 J=1,25
    9 SUM = SUM+ZIJ(I,J)*DRDN(J)
10 UDN(I) = (1.+SUM)*UINF
    IF( PRFF.EQ.0. ) GO TO 20
    WRITE (6,14)
    WRITE (6,15) (I,ZDN(I),RDN(I),DRDN(I),UDN(I),I=1,25)
14 FORMAT(/,3X,1H1,10X,3HZDN,13X,3HRDN,13X,4HDRDN,12X,3HUDN/)
15 FORMAT(2X,12,F17.6,F16.6,1PE17.6,OPF15.6)
C
20 RETURN
   END

```

*DECK INSTA

SUBROUTINE INSTA(LNEW,LBASE,L3,DOWNB,MA,MB)

*INSTA-

INSERT A STATION

-INSTA-

LOGICAL

DOWNB

C INPUT-

C LNEW = LOCATION IN STATION-TABLE OF NEW STATION

C LBASE = LOCATION OF BASE STATION

C L3 = LOCATION OF DOWNSTREAM (OR UPSTREAM) STATION

C DOWNB = T IF L3 IS AN UPSTREAM STA, OTHERWISE =F

C MA,MB = NEW STATION FILED POINT INDEX LIMITS

C Z,R,PHI1 FIELD VALUES

C OUTPUT-

C LNEW = STATION FOLLOWING NEW STATION

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,

1 MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,

2 DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST

REAL MACHA(1),MACHC

LOGICAL AXIA,AXIC

LOGICAL CHOTST

COMMON /CBEAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

C INDEX- M=MO,NM

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOK= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),

1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),

3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

LOGICAL PRIM

INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB

DIMENSION SCHOK(1)

EQUIVALENCE (SCHOK,DWDV)

COMMON /CATAN3/ DANG

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COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANG0,CURVD
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,IBLANK
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPI / PI,TWUPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM1(3),PREFIN
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /ERASE / ASL(800)

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INTEGER          HDYNAM,FARFLD,FREE,FIELD,PRES,SOLID
LOGICAL          UPU,UPD

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DATA FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, FIELD/5HFIELD/, FREE/4HFREE/, PRES/4HPRES/,
* SOLID/5HSOLID/

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```

C*** RELOCATE TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE NEW STATION
C  INITIALIZE NEW-STATION VALUE TO THE BASE-STATION VALUES
C  CORRECT THE STA-TABLE INDICIES- L-END, L-BASE, L-THREE, L-UPSTREAM
    LN      = LNEW
    NMOVE   = LN-1 - LESTA
    LB      = LBASE
    CALL MOVE(2, X1(LN),X1(LN+20),NMOVE,D, X1(LB),X1(LN),20,1)
    LESTA   = LESTA+20
    LT      = L3+20
    LU      = LB
    IF(.NOT.DOWNB) GO TO 60
    LB      = LB+20
    LT      = L3
    LU      = L3

C  UPDATE THE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
60  NPTS    = MB-MA+1
    LNEXT(LN)=20
    CALL STTOFI(LN,NPTS)

C*** DEFINE STATION-TABLE VALUES FOR THE NEW STATION
    X1(LN) = .5*(X1(LB)+X1(LT))
    MLB(LN)=MA
    MUB(LN)=MB
    PRIM(LN)=.FALSE.
    X2CL(LN)=BITS

C**  LOWER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES
    M      = MA
    CALL GETIX
    MX     = MU
    IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
    LX     = LU
    CALL STAND(MX,LX,UPPER)
    IF(MX-MLB(LX)) 210,220,250
210 CALL ERROR1

C  LOWER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL
220 IF(TYPELB(LB).EQ.FIELD) GO TO 250
    IF(TYPELB(LB).EQ.FARFLD) GO TO 260

C  FREE BOUNDARY
    IF(TYPELB(LB).NE.FREE .AND. TYPELB(LT).NE.FREE) GO TO 224
    TYPELB(LN)=FREE

```

232

GO TO 260

C PRESSURE BOUNDARY

224 IF(TYPELB(LB).NE.PRES .AND. TYPELB(LT).NE.PRES) GO TO 230
TYPELB(LN)=PRES
GO TO 260

C SOLID BOUNDARY

230 TYPELB(LN)=SOLID
BDYNAM= NAMELB(LX)
NAMELB(LN)=BDYNAM
ILB(LN)=ILB(LX)
FLB(LN)=FLB(LX)
SILB(LN)=SILB(LX)
LD = LU
CALL STAND(MU,LU,UPU)
CALL STAND(MD,LD,UPD)
DS1 = .5*(BARCS(BDYNAM,ILB(LU),ILB(LD)) + SILB(LD)-SILB(LU))
IF(UPU.OR.UPD) CALL ERROR1
IF(DOWNB) DS1=-DS1
CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,ILB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FLB(LN),SILB(LN),DS1,GMA)
IF(GMA.NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
PHI1(M)=ANGD
R(M) = .5*(R(MU)+R(MD))
VM(M) = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
IF(VM(M).EQ.0.) VM(M)=VM(MU+1)
GO TO 300

C INFIELD BOUNDARY

250 TYPELB(LN)=FIELD
ISTAG =3
CALL SAVIX
NAMELB(LN)=IBLANK
260 ILB(LN)=0
FLB(LN)=BITS
SILB(LN)=BITS

C** UPPER BOUNDARY STATION-TABLE VALUES

300 M = MB
CALL GETIX
MX = MU
IF(DOWNB) MX=MD
CALL STAND(MX,LX,UPPER)
IF(MUB(LX)-MX) 310,320,350
310 CALL ERROR1

C UPPER BOUNDARIES OF NEW AND BASE STATIONS ARE ON THE SAME SL

320 IF(TYPEUB(LB).EQ.FIELD) GO TO 350
IF(TYPEUB(LB).EQ.FARFLD) GO TO 360

C FREE BOUNDARY

LD = LU
CALL STAND(MU,LU,UPU)
CALL STAND(MD,LD,UPD)
IF (TYPEUB(LB).NE.FREE .AND. TYPEUB(LD).NE.FREE) GO TO 324
TYPEUB(LN)=FREE
GO TO 360

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C      PRESSURE BOUNDARY
324  IF (TYPEUB(LB).NE.PRES .AND. TYPEUB(LD).NE.PRES) GO TO 330
      TYPEUB(LN)=PRES
      GO TO 360

C      SOLID BOUNDARY
330  TYPEUB(LN)=SOLID
      BDYNAM= NAMEUB(LX)
      NAMEUB(LN)=BDYNAM
      IUB(LN)=IUB(LX)
      FUB(LN)=FUB(LX)
      SIUB(LN)=SIUB(LX)
      LD      = LU
      CALL STAND(MU,LU,UPU)
      CALL STAND(MD,LD,UPD)
      IF(.NOT.UPU .OR. .NOT.UPD) CALL ERROR1
      DSI      = .5*(BARCS(BDYNAM,IUB(LD),IUB(LU)) + SIUB(LU)-SIUB(LD))
      IF(.NOT.DOWNB) DSI=-DSI
      CALL BDYPTM(BDYNAM,IUB(LN),Z(M),R(M),FUB(LN),SIUB(LN),DSI,GMA)
      IF(GMA.NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
      PH11(M)= ANG0-PI
      B(M)    = .5*(B(MU)+B(MD))
      VM(M)   = .5*(VM(MU)+VM(MD))
      IF(VM(M).EQ.0.) VM(M)=VM(MU-1)
      GO TO 400

C      INFIELD BOUNDARY
350  TYPEUB(LN)=FIELD
      ISTAG = 3
      CALL SAVIX
      NAMEUB(LN)=IBLANK
360  IUB(LN)=0
      FUB(LN)=BITS
      SIUB(LN)=BITS

C      DEFINE THE FIELD POINTS BY CUBIC POLYNOMIAL INTERPOLATION ON SL-2
400  M      = MA
      RZONLY= .TRUE.
      IF(TYPEUB(LN).EQ.SOLID) GO TO 420
410  CALL GETIX
      DZ      = Z(MD)-Z(MU)
      DR      = R(MD)-R(MU)
      F        = .5
      G        = .5
      ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PH11(MU))
      YPA     = PH11(MU)-ANGCHD
      YPB     = PH11(MD)-ANGCHD
      MSV      = M
      MUSV     = MU
      MDSV     = MD
      M        = MD
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAGD= ISTAG
      MD      = M
      M        = MSV
      MU        = MUSV
      IF(ISTAGD.EQ.1) YPB=-YPA
      RZONLY= .FALSE.

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CALL BFI
Z(M) = Z(MU)+ZM
R(M) = R(MU)+RM
PHI1(M)=ANGCHD+ANGM
VM(M) = F*VM(MD)+G*VM(MU)
B(M) = F*B(MD)+G*B(MU)
C CHECK FOR POINTS ON A SLIP LINE
IF(M.EQ.MA .OR. W(J).NE.0.) GO TO 420
Z(M) = .5*(Z(M-1)+Z(M))
M = M-1
CALL GETIX
M = MSV
DZ = .25*(Z(MUSV)-Z(MU)+Z(MDSV)-Z(MD))
DR = .25*(R(MUSV)-R(MU)+R(MDSV)-R(MD))
Z(M-1)= Z(M)-DZ
R(M-1)= R(M)-DR
Z(M) = Z(M)+DZ
R(M) = R(M)+DR
420 M = M+1
IF(M-MB) 410,425,500
425 IF(TYPEUB(LN).NE.SOLID) GO TO 410

C CHECK FOR OUT-OF-ORDER POINTS
500 NORDER= 0
502 NORDER= NORDER+1
IF(NORDER.GE.20) CALL ERROR1
MX1 = 0
MAP1 = MA+1
MSV = MA
S2(MA)= 0.
DO 520 M=MAP1,MH
DR = R(M)-R(M-1)
DZ = Z(M)-Z(M-1)
S2(M) = S2(M-1)+SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
CALL GETIX
IF(W(J).EQ.0.) GO TO 518
ANG2 = ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHI1(M-1))
ADANG = ABS(DANG-PIQ2)
IF(MX1.NE.0) GO TO 515
IF(ADANG.GE.PIQ2) MX1=MSV
MSV = M-1
515 IF(ADANG.GE.PIQ2) MX2=M
GO TO 520
518 IF((M-1).EQ.MX2) MX2=M
520 CONTINUE

C DEFINE THE FIELD PT LOCATIONS BY UPSTREAM AREA DISTRIBUTIONS
IF(MX1.EQ.0) GO TO 999
MX1 = MAXO(MX1-NORDER,MA)
MX2 = MINO(MX2+NORDER,MB)
WRITE (6,1550) MX1,MX2
1550 FORMAT(14H INSTA-MX1,MX2,2I6)
MX1 = MAXO(MX1-1,MA)
MX2 = MINO(MX2+1,MB)
C ADD UP UPSTREAM AREAS
M = MX1
CALL GETIX
K = 1
ASL(1)= 0.

```

235

```

562 MUM1 = MU
    M    = M+1
    K    = K+1
    CALL GETIX
    AREA = SQRT((R(MU)-R(MUM1))*(R(MU)-R(MUM1)) +
1      (Z(MU)-Z(MUM1))*(Z(MU)-Z(MUM1)))
    IF(AXIA) AREA=(R(MU)+R(MUM1))*AREA
    ASL(K)= ASL(K-1)+AREA
    IF(M.LT.MX2) GO TO 562
    ASLNK = ASL(K)

```

```

C      INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
    DZBA = Z(MX2)-Z(MX1)
    DRBA = R(MX2)-R(MX1)
    DRSQBA= DRBA*(R(MX2)+R(MX1))
    RMASQ = R(MX1)*R(MX1)
    DVMBA = VM(MX2)-VM(MX1)
    M      = MX1+1
    K      = 2
564 F    = ASL(K)/ASLNK
    Z(M)   = Z(MX1)+F*DZBA
    R(M)   = R(MX1)+F*DRBA
    IF(AXIA) R(M)=SQRT(RMASQ+F*DRSQBA)
    VM(M)  = VM(MX1)+F*DVMBA
    M      = M+1
    K      = K+1
    IF(M.LT.MX2) GO TO 564
    GO TO 502

```

```

999 LNEW = LN+20
    RETURN
    END

```

```

*DECK PTMOVE
      SUBROUTINE PTMOVE
*PTMOVE          POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES          -PTMOVE-

C      POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES TO OBTAIN AN ORTHOGONAL GRID

C      INPUT-
C      R,Z      = COORDINATES
C      PH11     = ANGLE OF THE STREAMLINES
C      S1       = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES

C      OUTPUT-
C      S2       = DISTANCES ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
C      R,Z      = ADJUSTED COORDINATES
C      PH11     = STREAMLINE ANGLES (ADJUSTED POINTS)
C      S1       = DISTANCES ALONG THE STREAMLINES (ADJUSTED)

      COMMON /CREAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,SIM,
1      RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ
      LOGICAL      RZONLY
C      INDEX- M=MO,NM
      COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
      COMMON /CR      / R(300)
      COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
      COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
      COMMON /CPH11   / PH11(300)
      COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
      COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
      COMMON /CB      / B(300)
      COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
      COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*      LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
      DIMENSION     LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE   (LIMITS,LHO)
      COMMON /CBEND / NBCR(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
      COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
      COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)
      COMMON /CGRV / CG
      COMMON /CPI   / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
      COMMON /CREFIN/ SG1,SG2,VMG1,VMG2
1      NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
      COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
      COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1      TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1      TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3      VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION     SCHOKE(1)

```

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EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

```
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANG, CURVD
COMMON /CFB / L, MA, MB, LX, IK, IKDIR, IKA, IKB,
1 NK, K, ADS1, XCHKE, ADS1LB, ADS1UB, GMALB, GMAUB,
2 CFBUM(17)
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR, RDUM, NINNER(16), CNVF(16)
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT, MAJCTR, GREFIN, EDUM
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT, ICOB, CPTDUM(2)
LOGICAL VELPOT
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL, MAXSWP, CLEN, DS2MX, TOLDS2, NSWP,
1 DS1DMP, DS1MXA, DS1MXB, DS1RMS, ES2MX, DS1RMO
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /ERASE2/ X1L(128), SC(128), VC(128), VDS(128), FVDS(128),
1 SCX(128), PHI2(96), DS1(96), ZK(96), RK(96), WEZPT(96)
LOGICAL WEZPT
COMMON /TROUBL/ ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
LOGICAL ERR, ERRMAJ, INERR, PRERR
```

```
INTEGER FIELD, SOLID, TE
LOGICAL OLWNCL
```

```
DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/, NOMCL/6HNO MCL/, SOLID/5HSOLID/, TE/2HTE/
DATA LE/2HLE/
```

```
C INITAILIZE
COEF = 0.
IF(DS1RMO.NE.0.) COEF=-DS1DMP/DS1RMO
DS1MXA= 0.
DS1MXB= 0.
NDS1 = 0
SDS1SQ= 0.
```

```
C USE PARABOLIC END CONDITIONS ON THE ORTHOGONAL SPLINE FIT
NBCB(1)=0
NBCB(2)=0
FB(1) = 0.
FB(2) = 0.
```

C****CALCULATE POINT MOVEMENT ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE

```
C BUILD ARRAYS OF ARC DISTANCE AND VELOCITY
C BY LOOPING THROUGH THE STATION-TABLE
L = LO
LAST = 0
```

C FIRST POINT ON CONTROL STREAMLINE

```
210 IF(L.GE.LESTA) GO TO 900
```

```
IC = 1
```

```
LSAV = L
```

```
OLWNCL= .FALSE.
```

C OLWNCL= ORTHOGONAL LINE WITH NO CONTROL SL, T OR F

```
SC(1) = BITS
```

```
X1A = X1(L)
```

```
XCNTRL= X2CL(L)
```

```
220 X1L(IC)=X1(L)
```

238

```

IF(SC(1).NE.BITS) GO TO 240
MA = MLB(L)
MB = MUB(L)
DO 230 M=MA,MB
CALL GETIX
IF(X2(J)-XCNTL) 230,232,230
230 CONTINUE
IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 245
GO TO 243
232 IF(IC.EQ.1) GO TO 240
C (THE UPSTREAM OL OF THE REGION IS AT A T.E. IT DOES NOT INCLUDE AL
X1L(1)= X1A
SC(1) = S1(MU)
VC(1) = VM(MU)
IF(.NOT.VELPOT) VC(1)=500.

240 SC(IC)=S1(M)
SC(IC)= S1(M)
VC(IC)= VM(M)
IF(.NOT.VELPOT) VC(IC)=500.
MCL(L)= M
C IS CONTROL SL INCLUDED IN THE STATION STREAMLINES
IF(M.LT.MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
IF(M.LE.MUB(L)) GO TO 244
C CONTROL SL DOES NOT CROSS THIS OL, CHECK FOR FIELD BOUNDARIES
243 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FIELD .AND. TYPEUB(L).NE.FIELD) CALL ERROR1
OLWNCL= .TRUE.
MCL(L)= NOMCL
GO TO 245
244 M = MD
CALL GETIX

C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
245 IF(PRIM(L) .AND. IC.NE.1) GO TO 250
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IC = IC+1
GO TO 220

C LAST POINT ALONG CONTROL STREAMLINE
250 X1B = X1(L)

C MODIFY STAGNATION POINT VELOCITY TO OBTAIN SMOOTH CURVE
C ASSUME VELOCITY IS CONSTANT TO WITHIN 2 L.E. RADII
IF(VC(1).NE.0.) GO TO 254
M = MCL(LSAV)
SC21 = SC(2)-SC(1)
F = 2./(SC21*AMAX1(CURV(M),1.E-6))
VC(1) = VC(2)*AMAX1(0.,1.-F)
254 IF(VC(IC).NE.0.) GO TO 258
M = MCL(L)
SC21 = SC(IC)-SC(IC-1)
F = 2./(SC21*AMAX1(CURV(M),1E-6))
VC(IC)= VC(IC-1)*AMAX1(0.,1.-F)

C INTEGRATION OF VC*DSC (I.E. CALC OF POTENTIAL FUNCTION)
258 VDS(1)= 0.
CALL LSUM(SC,VC,IC, VDS)

```

239


```

C      INTERPOLATION FOR ORTHOGONAL POSITIONS
      CONST = VDS(IC)/(X1B-X1A)
      NIC    = IC
      DO 260 IC=1,NIC
260    FVDS(IC)=(X1L(IC)-X1A)*CONST
      CALL LSPFIT(VDS,SC,NIC, FVDS,SCX,NIC, 0)

C      LOOP THROUGH THE SAME STATIONS, ONCE FOR REGULAR OL-S, AGAIN FOR OL
      LOOP = 1
C****CALCULATE ANGLE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG THE ORTHOGONALS
300    L      = LSAV
      IC      = 1
      RZONLY = .FALSE.
C      LAST = LAST ORTHOGONAL OF THE PREVIOUS REGION. (ALREADY ORTHOGONA
      IF(L.EQ.LAST) GO TO 450
302    IF(LOOP.EQ.1 .AND. MCL(L).EQ.NOMCL) GO TO 450
      IF(LOOP.EQ.2 .AND. MCL(L).NE.NOMCL) GO TO 450
      MA      = MLB(L)
      MB      = MUB(L)
      NK      = MB-MA+1
C      RELOCATE Z,R TO ALLOW FOR DOUBLE SL-S
      M      = MA
      K      = 1
308    ZK(K) = Z(M)
      RK(K) = R(M)
      WEZPT(K)=.FALSE.
      CALL GETIX
      IF(W(J).NE.0. .OR. K.EQ.1) GO TO 310
      WEZPT(K-1)=.TRUE.
      GO TO 312
310    K      = K+1
312    M      = M+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 308
      NKX     = K-1

      PHI2(1)=PHI1(MA)+PIQ2
      S2(MA)= 0.
      CALL BFAS(ZK,RK,PHI2,S2(MA), 1,NKX)

C      LOCATE BACK PHI2 AND S2 IF DOUBLE SL OCCURED
      IF(NKX.EQ.NK) GO TO 322
      K      = NKX
316    IF(.NOT.WEZPT(K)) GO TO 318
      M      = K-1+MA
      NMOVE = -(NKX-K+1)
      CALL MOVE(3, PHI2(K),PHI2(K+1),NMOVE,1, S2(M),S2(M+1),NMOVE,1,
1        WEZPT(K),WEZPT(K+1),NMOVE,1)
      NKX    = NKX+1
318    K      = K-1
      IF(K.GE.1) GO TO 316
      IF(NKX.NE.NK) CALL ERROR1

C      (BOUNDARY S1-TOLERANCE)
322    TOL S1 = .02*S2(MB)/FLOAT(NK)

C      COMPUTE DEVIATION FROM 90 DEG BETWEEN STREAMLINES AND ORTHOGONAL
      K      = 1
      M      = MA

```

325 PHI2(K)=PHI2(K)-(PHI1(M)+PIQ2)

K = K+1

M = M+1

IF(M-MB) 325,325,328

C CALCULATE POINT MOVEMENT ALONG STREAMLINES REQD FOR ORTHOGONALITY

328 DS1(1)= 0.

CALL LSPFIT(S2(MA),PHI2,NK, S2(MA),DS1,NK,-1)

C CORRECT POSSIBLE JOG AT DOUBLE STREAMLINE

K = 1

M = MA

3292 IF(.NOT.WEZPT(K)) GO TO 3294

K = K+1

M = M+1

IF(.NOT.WEZPT(K)) CALL ERROR1

DZ = Z(M)-Z(M-1)

DR = R(M)-R(M-1)

CS = COS(PHI1(M))

SN = SIN(PHI1(M))

S2MMM1= DR*CS-DZ*SN

IF(S2MMM1.GE.0.) GO TO 3293

Z(M) = Z(M-1)

R(M) = R(M-1)

S2(M) = S2(M-1)

DS1(K)= DS1(K-1)

GO TO 3294

3293 DS1(K)= DS1(K-1) - DZ*CS-DR*SN

S2(M) = S2(M-1) + S2MMM1

3294 K = K+1

M = M+1

IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 3292

IF(LOOP.EQ.2) GO TO 3300

K = MCL(L)-MA +1

ADS1 = SCX(IC)-SC(IC)-DS1(K)

IF(TYPELB(L).EQ.LE) ADS1=0.

IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.LL) ADS1=-DS1(NK)

GO TO 3314

C PARTIAL OL WITH NO MCL, USE MIDDLE SL, EVAL. PT. MOVEMENT

3300 MSV = (MLB(L)+MUB(L))/2

M = MSV

IK = 65

IKDIR = -1

LX = L

3302 CALL STAND(M,LX,UPPER)

X1L(IK)=X1(LX)

SC(IK)= S1(M)

VC(IK)= VM(M)

IF(MCL(LX).NE.NOMCL) GO TO 3310

3304 CALL GETIX

IK = IK+IKDIR

IF(IKDIR) 3306,3308,3308

3306 IKA = IK

IF(IK.LE.0) CALL ERROR1

M = MU

GO TO 3302

3308 IKB = IK

IF(IK.GT.128) CALL ERROR1

241

```

      M      = MD
      GO TO 3302
3310 IF(IKDIR.EQ.1) GO TO 3312
      IKDIR = 1
      M      = MSV
      IK      = 65
      GO TO 3304
3312 NIK      = IKB-IKA+1
      VDS(IKA)=0.
      CALL LSUM(SC(IKA),VC(IKA),NIK, VDS(IKA))
      FVDSK = (X1(L)-X1L(IKA))/(X1L(IKB)-X1L(IKA)) * VDS(IKB)
      CALL LSPFIT(VDS(IKA),SC(IKA),NIK, FVDSK,SCK,1, 0)
      K      = MSV-MA+1
      ADS1    = SCK-SC(65)-DS1(K)
C..  END SECTION FOR PARTIAL DL WITH NO MCL

C    CHECK TO SEE IF MAGNITUDE OF DS1 IS REASONABLE
3314 IF(ABS(DS1(NK)).LT.(.5*S2(MB))) GO TO 3316
      WRITE (6,1330) X1(L),L,MAJCTR
      IF(MAJCTR.LE.1) GO TO 3316
      WRITE (6,1331)
      ERR    = .TRUE.
      RETURN

C    DAMP THE CALCULATED STREAMWISE POINT SHIFTS
3316 DO 3318 K=1,NK
      DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
      ABSDS1= ABS(DS1(K))
      DS1MXB= AMAX1(DS1MXB,ABSDS1)
      SDS1SQ= SDS1SQ + ABSDS1*ABSDS1
      NDS1    = NDS1+1
      DS1(K)= DS1(K)*EXP(COEF*ABSDS1)
3318 DS1MXA= AMAX1(DS1MXA,ABS(DS1(K)))
      ADS1    = 0.

C    LOWER AND UPPER BOUNDARY POINT MOVEMENT
      ADS1LB= DS1(1)
      ADS1UB= -DS1(NK)

C    MOVE THE LOWER BOUNDARY POINT
      K      = 1
332 GMALB = 0.
      GMAUB = 0.
      M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 3332
      ADS1LB= 0.
      GO TO 3324
3332 IF(TYPELB(L).NE.SOLID .OR. ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 334
3324 MA      = MLB(L)
      IF(ADS1LB) 3325,3325,3326
3325 IF(MU.NE.0) ADS1LB=AMAX1(ADS1LB,.5*(S1(MU)-S1(M)))
      GO TO 3327
3326 IF(MD.NE.0) ADS1LB=AMIN1(ADS1LB,.5*(S1(MD)-S1(M)))
3327 CALL HDYPTM(NAMELB(L),ILB(L),Z(MA),R(MA),FLB(L),S1LB(L),
1          ADS1LB,GMALB)
      S1(MA)= S1(MA)+ADS1LB+GMALB
C    JUMP OVER RELOCATION OF ANGLE/CURVATURE IF -ITERATION FORMULA ON

```

```

C   BOUNDARY- (ICOB) IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO MAJCTR.
   IF(MAJCTR.LE.ICOB) GO TO 333
   PH11(MA)=ANGD
   CURV(MA)=CURVD
333 MA   = MA+1
   K     = 2

```

```

C   MOVE THE UPPER BOUNDARY POINT

```

```

334 M     =MUB(L)
   CALL GETIX
   IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.TE) GO TO 335
   ADS1UB= 0.
   GO TO 3352
335 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.SOLID .OR. ISTAG.EQ.1) GO TO 338
3352 MB    = MUB(L)
   IF(ADS1UB) 3355,3355,3356
3355 IF(MD.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMAX1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MD)))
   GO TO 3357
3356 IF(MU.NE.0) ADS1UB=AMIN1(ADS1UB,.5*(S1(M)-S1(MU)))
3357 CALL BDYPTM(NAMEUB(L),IUB(L),Z(MB),R(MB),FUB(L),S1UB(L),
   1      ADS1UB,GMAUB)
   S1(MB)= S1(MB)-ADS1UB-GMAUB
   IF(MAJCTR.LE.ICOB) GO TO 336
   PH11(MB)=ANGD-PI
   CURV(MB)=-CURVD
336 MB    = MB-1

```

```

C   CHECK FOR NON PRIM STATIONS EXTENDING BEYOND THE ENDS OF THE BOUND

```

```

338 IF(PRIM(L)) GO TO 340
   IF((GMALB+GMAUB).NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
   GO TO 348

```

```

C   PRIM STATIONS. IF EITHER -GET MINUS ASK- VALUE IS LARGE
C   CORRECT OTHER BOUNDARY.

```

```

340 IF(IC.NE.1) GO TO 342
C   (FIRST STATION OF THE REGION)
   GMA = AMAX1(GMALB,-GMAUB)
   GO TO 345
C   (LAST STATION OF THE REGION)
342 GMA = AMIN1(GMALB,-GMAUB)

345 ADS1 = ADS1+GMA
   ADS1LB= -GMAUB
   ADS1UB= -GMALB
   IF(ABS(GMA).GE.TOLSL) GO TO 332
C   THIS IS A DANGEROUS LOOP

```

```

C   MOVE THE INTERIOR POINTS

```

```

348 M     = MA
350 CALL GETIX
   DS1(K)= DS1(K)+ADS1
   IF(DS1(K)) 360,400,380
C   (MOVE POINT UPSTREAM)
360 IF(MU) 361,381,361
361 DS1(K)= AMAX1(DS1(K),-.5*(S1(M)-S1(MU)))
   G     = -DS1(K)/(S1(M)-S1(MU))
   F     = 1.-G
   FB    = -G

```

243

```

DR      = R(M)-R(MU)
DZ      = Z(M)-Z(MU)
PHIA    = PH11(MU)
PHIB    = PH11(M)
CURV(M)=CURV(MU)*G + CURV(M)*F
GO TO 390
C      (MOVE POINT DOWNSTREAM)
380 IF(MD) 381,361,381
381 DS1(K)= AMIN1(DS1(K),.5*(S1(MD)-S1(M)))
C      CHECK FOR DOWNSTREAM LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
C      THIS LOGIC VALID IF THERE ARE 2 OR MORE OL-S UPSTREAM OF STAG P
      MSV    = M
      M      = MD
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAGD= ISTAG
      M      = MSV
      CALL GETIX
C      CHECK FOR JUST ONE PT UPSTREAM OF STAG PT
      IF(ISTAGD.NE.1) GO TO 383
      IF(MU.EQ.0) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 361
383 F      = DS1(K)/(S1(MD)-S1(M))
      G      = 1.-F
      FB      = F
      DR      = R(MD)-R(M)
      DZ      = Z(MD)-Z(M)
      PHIA    = PH11(M)
      PHIB    = PH11(MD)
      CURV(M)=CURV(M)*G + CURV(MD)*F
390 ANGCHD= ATAN3(DR,DZ,PHIA)
      YPA     = PHIA-ANGCHD
      YPB     = PHIB-ANGCHD
C      CALL BFI
      YQDX    = F*G*(G*YPA-F*YPB)
      ANGM    = YPA*(3.*G-2.)*G + YPB*(3.*F-2.)*F
      R(M)    = R(M) + (FB*DR+YQDX*DZ)
      Z(M)    = Z(M) + (FB*DZ-YQDX*DR)
      PH11(M)=ANGCHD+ANGM
      S1(M)   = S1(M)+DS1(K)

400 M      = M+1
      K      = K+1
      IF(M-MB) 350,350,450

C      INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
450 IF(IC.GE.NIC) GO TO 470
      L      = L+LNEXT(L)
      IC     = IC+1
      GO TO 302

C      LOOP AGAIN THROUGH STATIONS IF THERE ARE PARTIAL OL-S WITH NO MCL-S
470 IF(.NOT.OLWNCL .OR. LOOP.EQ.2) GO TO 500
      LOOP   = 2
      GO TO 300

C      CONTINUE TO NEXT REGION
500 LAST   = L
      IF(X2CL(L).EQ.BITS) L=L+LNEXT(L)

```

GO TO 210

C RMS OF THE REQUESTED DS1-S
900 DS1RMS= SQRT(SDS1SQ/FLOAT(ND1))
 IF(INRCTR.EQ.0) DS1RMO=DS1RMS
 RETURN

1330 FORMAT(/1X44H*** THE ORTHOGONAL LINE ADJUSTMENTS AT STA=F6.3,1X3H
 *(L=13,34H) ARE UNREASONABLY LARGE. MAJCTR=13,11H. (PTMOVE))
1331 FORMAT(6X40HPLEASE CHECK INPUT BOUNDARY COORDINATES.)
 END

245

```

*DECK REFINE
SUBROUTINE REFINE
*REFINE      REFINE THE GRID BY SUBDIVIDING THE INTERVALS -REFINE-

C  INPUT-
C  VMG1 = MAX VELOCITY DIFFERENCE BET GRID POINTS ALONG SL
C  VMG2 = MAX VELOCITY DIFFERENCE BET GRID POINTS ALONG OL
C  Z,R,PHI1,S1,S2,VM FIELD VALUES (PHI1 IS NOT PRESERVED)

COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1              MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2              DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
REAL          MACHA(1),MACHC
LOGICAL       AXIA,AXIC
LOGICAL       CHOTST

C  INDEX- M=MO,NM
COMMON /CZ      / Z(300)
COMMON /CR      / R(300)
COMMON /CS2     / S2(300)
COMMON /CS1     / S1(300)
COMMON /CPHI1   / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CM      / JMS(300)
COMMON /CCURV   / CURV(300)
COMMON /CB      / B(300)
COMMON /CIDEX   / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*              LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*              MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*              LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION     LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE   (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
INTEGER SLCHN

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3              VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL       PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION     SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE   (SCHOKE,DWDV)
DIMENSION     IPRIM(1)
EQUIVALENCE   (IPRIM,PRIM)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CCRXX / CRXSL,CRXOL,CRXSS,CRXE,CRXC,CRMACH
C  CRXSL = NEW SL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C  CRXSS = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL IN REGION WITH SOME SS-FLOW
C  CRXOL = NEW OL EXTENSION CRITERIA
C  CRXE = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SONIC LINE
C  CRXC = EXTENSION CRITERIA FOR NEW OL WHICH CROSSES SHOCK WAVE
C  CRMACH= UPPER MACH NUMBER LIMIT FOR OL EXTENSION
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM

```

```

LOGICAL                                GREFIN
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(13),PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)
LOGICAL                                PRTDR
COMMON /CREFLE/ RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE
COMMON /CREFIN/SLS,SG21,VMG1,VMG2
1,                                     NGR,NGZ, SGR(10),GR(10), SGZ(10),GZ(10)
COMMON /CTABPR/ IITAB
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL(12),SG1REF,TOLINR
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)

COMMON /ERASE2/ CR(128),DELS(128),DELVM(128),LSTA(128),MJ2(128),
1                                     SGX(128),SGY(128),RAV(128),ZAV(128), IA(16),IB(16)
INTEGER                                EXT,FIELD,HINT,HLE,TE
LOGICAL                                DOWNB,EXTND1,EXTND2,HALVE,NEWSL,SSP,UPPER
NAMELIST /NL2/ L1,L2,MA1,MB1,MAD1,MBD1, MA2,MB2,MAU2,MBU2
NAMELIST /NL390/ S1A,S1B,S2A,S2B,S1A2,DOWNB
NAMELIST /NL3/ X1NEW,DOWNB,L,L3,NPTS

DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/

GREFIN= .FALSE.
QVMG1 = 1./VMG1
QVMG2 = 1./VMG2
IF(PDUM(7).NE.0.) CALL TABPRT(6HREFN-VM,VM,NM,NJ)

C CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL OL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C CHECK TO SEE IF PARTIAL SL SHOULD BE EXTENDED
C OMIT

C*** EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
300 L1 = L0
NAVG = 0
SG1AVG= 0.
SG1MIN= 1.E6
SGMX = 0.
SGMX2 = 0.

C CHECK FOR ADJACENT STATIONS AND DETERMINE THE BASE STATION -
C A BASE STATION IS THE OL UPSTREAM OF LE STAG PT,
C DOWNSTREAM OF A TE, OR THE SHORTEST OF (PARTIAL) OL-S.
C OTHERWISE THE BASE STATION CAN BE EITHER THE UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTRE
C DOWNB = DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION
305 L2 = L1+LNEXT(L1)
IF(L2.GE.LESTA) GO TO 99
MA1 = MLB(L1)
M = MA1
CALL GETIX
MAD1 = MD
MB1 = MUB(L1)
M = MB1
CALL GETIX
MBD1 = MD
MA2 = MLB(L2)
M = MA2
CALL GETIX
MAU2 = MU
MB2 = MUB(L2)
M = MB2

```

297


```

CALL GETIX
MBU2 = MU
PRTDB = .FALSE.
IF (PREFN2.EQ.1. .OR. (PREFN2.GE.X1(L2).AND.X1(L1).GE.PDUM(8)
1  .AND. (PREFN2+PDUM(8)).GT.0.)) PRTDB=.TRUE.
IF (.NOT.PRTDB) GO TO 312
CALL TABPRT(6HSTA-L1,X1(L1),1,1)
WRITE (6,NL2)
312 CONTINUE

C ADJACENT STATION TEST
IF ((MA2.LE.MAD1 .AND. MAD1.LT.MB2) .OR.
1  (MA2.LT.MBD1 .AND. MBD1.LE.MB2) .OR.
2  (MA1.LE.MAU2 .AND. MAU2.LT.MB1)) GO TO 330

C CHECK FOR TE FOLLOWED BY LE
DATA TE/2HTE/
IF (MAJCTR.GE.1) GO TO 550
IF (TYPELB(L1).NE.TE) GO TO 322
M = MA1
GO TO 324
322 IF (TYPEUB(L1).NE.TE) GO TO 550
M = MB1
324 CALL GETIX
CALL STAX1(X1(L1),X2(J),X2(J),LXB,LXA)
LXB,LXA ARE STATIONS BELOW AND ABOVE THE TRAILING EDGE.
C IF L2 IS A LEADING EDGE STATION FOLLOWING L1, THEN L1 MUST
C BE THE SECOND OF THE TWO TE STATIONS.
C IF (L1.EQ.LXA .OR. L1.EQ.LXB) GO TO 325
WRITE (6,NL2)
CALL ERROR1
325 IF (LXB.GT.L1 .OR. LXA.GT.L1) GO TO 550

C INSERT AN ORTHOGONAL BETWEEN THE TRAILING EDGE AND
C LEADING EDGE STATIONS.
C DEFINE MJ2(I),CR(I),NI, DOWNB,L,L3
I = 0
M = MLB(LXB)
326 I = I+1
MJ2(I)= M
CR(I) = 2.
M = M+1
IF (M.LE.MUB(LXB)) GO TO 326
M = MLB(LXA)
327 I = I+1
MJ2(I)= M
CR(I) = 2.
M = M+1
IF (M.LE.MUB(LXA)) GO TO 327
NI = 1
DOWNB = .FALSE.
L = L1
L3 = L2
GO TO 440

C NUMBER OF PRIMARY STATIONS
330 NPRIM = 0
IF ( PRIM(L1).OR.PRIM(L2)) NPRIM=1

```

248

```

      IF( PRIM(L1).AND.PRIM(L2) ) NPRIM=2
      LBASE = L1
      IF(NPRIM-1) 340,350,360
C     NO PRIM STATIONS
340  IF(MAU2.GT.MA1 .OR. MBU2.LT.MB1) GO TO 380
      GO TO 370
C     ONE PRIM STATION
350  IF(PRIM(L1)) GO TO 380
      GO TO 370
C     BOTH L1 AND L2 ARE PRIM STATIONS
360  IF((MB2-MA2).GT.(MB1-MA1)) GO TO 380

C     UPSTREAM BASE STATION
370  DOWNB = .FALSE.
      MA = MA1
      MB = MB1
      L = L1
      L3 = L2
      GO TO 390

C     DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION
380  DOWNB = .TRUE.
      MA = MA2
      MB = MB2
      L = L2
      L3 = L1

C     CHECK L.E. REFINEMENT CRITERIA
390  IF(TYPELB(L3).NE.HLE .AND. TYPEUB(L3).NE.HLE) GO TO 395
C     NEW ORTHOGONAL IN FRONT OF L.E.
      IF(DOWNB) GO TO 394
      MX = MBU2
      IF(TYPELB(L3).EQ.HLE) MX=MAU2-1
      S2B = S2(MX)-S2(MX-1)
      S2A = S2(MX+2)-S2(MX+1)
      M = MX-1
      CALL GETIX
      S1B = S1(MD)-S1(M)
      M = MX+2
      CALL GETIX
      S1A = S1(MD)-S1(M)
      IF(PREFN2.NE.0.) WRITE (6,NL390)
      IF((S1A.LE.RLE1*S2A .OR. S1B.LE.RLE1*S2B) .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1)
1    GO TO 550
      GO TO 400
C     NEW ORTHOGONAL BEHIND L.E.
394  M = MB1-1
      IF(TYPELB(L3).EQ.HLE) M=MA1+1
      CALL GETIX
      S1A2 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
      DR = R(M)-R(MU)
      DZ = Z(M)-Z(MU)
      S1A = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF(PREFN2.NE.0.) WRITE (6,NL390)
      IF(S1A2.LE.RLE2*S1A .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1) GO TO 550
      GO TO 400

```

249

C INHIBIT REFINEMENT AROUND A FIXED STAGNATION POINT

395 M = MLB(L3)
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 399
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 397

C NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

S2A = S2(MAU2+1)-S2(MAU2)
M = MAU2+1

396 CALL GETIX
S1A = S1(MD)-S1(M)
IF(S1A.LE.RLE1*S2A .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

C NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON LOWER BDY

397 M = MA1+1
398 CALL GETIX
S1A2 = S1(MD)-S1(M)
DR = R(M)-R(MU)
DZ = Z(M)-Z(MU)
S1A = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
IF(S1A2.LE.RLE2*S1A .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1) GO TO 550
GO TO 400

C NEW OL IN FRONT OF STAG PT ON UPPER BDY

399 M = MUB(L3)
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 400
IF(DOWNB) GO TO 3992
S2A = S2(MBU2)-S2(MBU2-1)
M = MBU2-1
GO TO 396

C NEW OL BEHIND STAG PT ON UPPER BDY

3992 M = MB1-1
GO TO 398

C** SWEEP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES TO CHECK FOR REQD GRID REFINEMENT
C BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS L1 AND L2

400 X1L3 = X1(L3)
LX = L1
I = 0
M = MA
CRXL = CRXOL
SSP = .FALSE.

420 CALL GETIX
MX = MD
IF(DOWNB) MX=MU
IF(MX.EQ.0) GO TO 430
CALL STANO(MX,LX,DUM)
IF(X1(LX).NE.X1L3) GO TO 430
I = I+1
DELS(I) = ABS(S1(MX)-S1(M))

C CALC LARGEST, NEXT LARGEST DISTANCES BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS, SGMX,S
C FOR DETERMINING NUMBER OF EXTRA SL-S

IF(MAJCTR.GE.1) GO TO 425
IF(DELS(I).LT.SGMX) GO TO 423
SGMX2 = SGMX
SGMX = DELS(I)
GO TO 425

250

```

423 IF(DELS(I).GE.SGMX2) SGMX2=DELS(I)
C MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
425 SG1MIN= AMIN1(SG1MIN,DELS(I))
C AVERAGE DISTANCE BETWEEN ORTHOGONALS
SG1AVG= SG1AVG+DELS(I)
NAVG = NAVG+1
DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(MX)-VM(M))*QVMG1
RAV(I)= .5*(R(MX)+R(M))
ZAV(I)= .5*(Z(MX)+Z(M))
MJ2(I)= M
C CHECK FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
IF(B(M).LT.0. .OR. B(MX).LT.0.) SSP=.TRUE.
C COMPUTE ORIENTATION OF SONIC LINE
IF(PRTDB) WRITE(6,1426) M,MX,B(M),B(MX)
1426 FORMAT(24H REFINE-M,MX,B(M),B(MX)-2I6,2F10.3)
IF(M.EQ.MA) GO TO 430
BM = B(M)
BMM1 = B(M-1)
IF(M.NE.(MA+1) .OR. B(MX-1)*BMM1.GE.0.) GO TO 4258
F = 0.
BMM1 = B(MX-1)
GO TO 4260
4258 IF(M.NE.MB .OR. B(MX)*BM.GE.0.) GO TO 4259
F = 1.
BM = B(MX)
4259 IF(BM*BMM1.GT.0.) GO TO 430
F = BMM1/(BMM1-BM)
4260 FX = 0.
4261 IF(B(MX)*BM.GE.0.) GO TO 4262
FX = FX+1.
IF(MX.GE.MUB(L3)) GO TO 4265
MX = MX+1
GO TO 4261
4262 IF(B(MX-1)*BMM1.GE.0.) GO TO 4264
FX = FX-1.
IF((MX-1).LE.MLB(L3)) GO TO 4265
MX = MX-1
GO TO 4262
4264 FX = B(MX-1)/(B(MX-1)-B(MX)) + FX
4265 FX = FX-F
IF(PRTDB) WRITE(6,1427) MX,F,FX
1427 FORMAT(9H MX,F,FX-I6,2F10.3)
IF(DOWNB) FX=-FX
C FX = SLOPE OF SONIC LINE IN TERMS OF GRID INTERVALS
C CHECK FOR EXPANSION OR COMPRESSION
IF(BM*FX.LT.0.) GO TO 4266
C EXPANSION
CRXL = AMIN1(CRXL,CRXE)
FX = ABS(FX)*SLS
IF(FX.GE..75) DELS(I)=AMAX1(DELS(I),(S2(M)-S2(M-1))/SG21)
DELVM(I)=AMAX1(DELVM(I),10.*(FX-1.))
C COMPRESSION
4266 CRXL = AMIN1(CRXL,CRXC)
430 M = M+1
IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 420
IF(CRXSS.LE.CRXL .AND. SSP) CRXL=CRXSS
NI = I
CALL LFIT1(GR,SGR,NGR, RAV,SGY,NI)

```

251

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CALL LFIT1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ, ZAV,SGX,NI)
HALVE = .FALSE.
DO 432 I=1,NI
RS = DELS(I)/AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))
CR(I) = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**.2
432 IF(CR(I).GT.1.) HALVE=.TRUE.
    IF(.NOT.PRTDB) GO TO 435
    CALL TABPRT(3H MJ2,MJ2,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(3H RAV,RAV,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(3H ZAV,ZAV,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(3H SGX,SGX,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(3H SGY,SGY,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(4H DELS,DELS,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(5H DELVM,DELVM,NI,10)
    CALL TABPRT(2H CR,CR,NI,10)
435 CONTINUE

C PREVENT TOO RAPID CHANGE IN OL SPACING
IF(HALVE) GO TO 440
X1D12 = .5*(X1(L2)-X1(L1))
IF( PRIM(L1) ) GO TO 436
IF((X1(L1)-X1(L1M)).LT.X1D12) HALVE=.TRUE.
GO TO 437
436 L1M = L1
437 IF( PRIM(L2) ) GO TO 438
L2P = L2+LNEXT(L2)
IF((X1(L2P)-X1(L2)).LT.X1D12) HALVE=.TRUE.
GO TO 439
438 L2P = L2
439 IF(.NOT.HALVE) GO TO 550
IF( TYPELB(L1).EQ.FIELD .OR. TYPELB(L1M).EQ.FIELD .OR.
* TYPELB(L2).EQ.FIELD .OR. TYPELB(L2P).EQ.FIELD ) GO TO 4391
CR(I) = 1.
GO TO 440
4391 CR(NI)=1.

C** ADD A NEW ORTHOGONAL LINE BETWEEN L1 AND L2, FIRST CHECK MEMORY
440 X1NEW = .5*(X1(L1)+X1(L2))
EXTND1= .TRUE.
EXTND2= .TRUE.
IF( TYPELB(L).EQ.FIELD ) EXTND1=.FALSE.
IF( TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD ) EXTND2=.FALSE.
IRET = 0
IF((LESTA+20).LE.MAXLE) GO TO 800
WRITE (6,1440) X1NEW
1440 FORMAT(1X72H*** STATION TABLE STORAGE LIMIT DOES NOT ALLOW A NEW
*ORTHOGONAL AT X11=F7.3,1H./6X61HGRID REFINEMENT BY INSERTING ORTHO
*GONALS IS BEING TERMINATED.)
GO TO 99
450 IF(NL.EQ.1) GO TO 455
WRITE (6,1450) NL,X1NEW
1450 FORMAT(1X3X,12,1X17HOL-S REQUESTED ATF8.3,)
IB(1) = IB(NL)
NL = 1

C** ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS FOR THE NEW OL
455 NPTS = IB(1)-IA(1)+1
GREFIN= .TRUE.

```

252

IF(PRTDB) WRITE(6,NL3)
CALL ADDFPT(MA2,NPTS,999999)

C CORRECT THE POINTERS IN THE JMS-TABLE

MNEW = MA2
MA = MNEW
I = IA(1)

460 IF(DOWNB) GO TO 470

C (UPSTREAM BASE STATION)

C UPSTREAM POINT
M = MJ2(1)
CALL GETIX
MDSAV = MD
MD = MNEW
CALL SAVIX

C NEW POINT
MU = M
M = MNEW
MD = MDSAV

ISTAG = 0
CALL SAVIX

C DOWNSTREAM POINT
M = MD
CALL GETIX
MU = MNEW
CALL SAVIX
GO TO 490

C (DOWNSTREAM BASE STATION)

C DOWNSTREAM POINT
470 M = MJ2(1)+NPTS
CALL GETIX
MUSAV = MU
MU = MNEW
CALL SAVIX

C NEW POINT
MD = M
M = MNEW
MU = MUSAV
ISTAG = 0

C CALL SAVIX
C UPSTREAM POINT
M = MU
CALL GETIX
MD = MNEW
CALL SAVIX

490 I = I+1
MNEW = MNEW+1
IF(IB(1)-1) 495,460,460

495 MB = MNEW-1
IF(PRTDB) CALL JMSPT

C** MODIFY STATION-TABLE

500 CALL INSTA(L2,L,L3,DOWNB, MA,MB)

C INCREMENT TO THE NEXT ORTHOGONAL INTERVAL

253

```

550 LIM = L1
    L1 = L2
    GO TO 305

```

```

C AVERAGE DIST BET ORTHOGS
99 SG1AVG= SG1AVG/FLOAT(NAVG)
    SG1REF= .5*(SG1MIN+SG1AVG)

```

```

C*** EXAMINE GRID INCREMENT ABOVE STREAMLINE J2, (J2=1,NJ)

```

```

    J2 = 1
    IF(PREFN2.EQ.0.) GO TO 100
    I1TAB = L0
    CALL TABPRT(6H560STA,X1,LESTA,5)

```

```

100 J2NEXT= J2+1

```

```

    IF(W(J2+1).FQ.0.) GO TO 200

```

```

C NEXTRA= NO OF EXTRA SL-S NEAR THE BODY FOR CHN=EXT,INT
    NEXTRA= 0
    DATA EXT/3HEXT/, HINT/3HINT/
    IF(MAJCTR.GT.0 .OR. (SLCHN(J2).NE.EXT .AND. SLCHN(J2).NE.HINT))

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```

1 GO TO 104

```

```

    M = MBEGIN(J2)
    DSOL = SGMX2/2.
    RROL = (R(M+1)-R(M))/DSOL
    IF(AXIA) RROL=(R(M+1)*R(M+1)-R(M)*R(M))/(DSOL*(R(M)+DSOL))
    RR = 0.

```

```

    IF(R(M).LE..1) GO TO 101

```

```

C THE FIRST SL IS TO BE PLACED ABOUT ONE BODY RADIUS AWAY

```

```

    RRATIO= R(M+1)/R(M)

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```

    RR = RRATIO-1.

```

```

    IF(AXIA) RR=(RRATIO*RRATIO-1.)/3.

```

```

101 RR = AMAX1(RR,RROL)

```

```

C NEXTRA= MAXO(1,MINO(INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2.))-1,8))

```

```

    NEXTRA= MAXO(1,INT(ALOG(RR)/ALOG(2.)))

```

```

104 M = MBEGIN(J2)

```

```

C M = THE FIRST POINT ON THE STREAMLINE

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```

    EXTND1= .TRUE.

```

```

    EXTND2= .TRUE.

```

```

    L = 0

```

```

    WMIN = 1.E6

```

```

    I = 1

```

```

110 CALL GETIX

```

```

    MNEXT = MD

```

```

    CALL STAND(M,L,UPPER)

```

```

C BYPASS UPPER BOUNDARY OF PARTIAL OL

```

```

    IF(UPPER) GO TO 120

```

```

C CHECK L.E. REFINEMENT CRITERIA

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    IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 114

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    S2A = S2(MU+1)-S2(MU)

```

```

    DZ = Z(M+1)-Z(MU+1)

```

```

    DR = R(M+1)-R(MU+1)

```

```

    S1A = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)

```

```

    DZ = Z(MD+1)-Z(M+1)

```

```

    DR = R(MD+1)-R(M+1)

```

```

    S1A2 = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)

```

```

    IF((S2A.LT.RLE3*S1A .OR. S2A.LT.RLE3*S1A2) .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1)

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```

1 GO TO 200

```

```

114 LSTA(1)=L

```

```

    MJ2(1)= M

```

254

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      DELS(I)=S2(M+1)-S2(M)
C      (NOTE-S2 IS NOT UPDATED IF THIS IS FOR AN EXTRA SL)
      DELVM(I)=ABS(VM(M+1)-VM(M))*QVMG2
      ZAV(I)=.5*(Z(M+1)+Z(M))
      RAV(I)=.5*(R(M+1)+R(M))
      M      = M+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(I.EQ.1 .AND. MU.NE.0) EXTND1=.FALSE.
      IF(MNEXT.EQ.0 .AND. MD.NE.0) EXTND2=.FALSE.
C      CHECK L.E. REFINEMENT CRITERIA
      IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 117
      S2B      = S2(MU)-S2(MU-1)
      DZ      = Z(MU-1)-Z(M-1)
      DR      = R(MU-1)-R(M-1)
      S1B      = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      DZ      = Z(MD-1)-Z(M-1)
      DR      = R(MD-1)-R(M-1)
      S1B2     = SQRT(DZ*DZ+DR*DR)
      IF((S2B.LT.RLE3*S1B .OR. S2B.LT.RLE3*S1B2) .AND. MAJCTR.GE.1)
1      GO TO 200
117 IF(W(J).GE.WMIN) GO TO 119
      WMIN     = W(J)
      X2MIN    = X2(J)
119 I      = I+1
120 M      = MNEXT
      IF(M.NE.0) GO TO 110
      NI      = I-1
      CALL LFIT1(GR,SGR,NGR,RAV,SGY,NI)
      CALL LFIT1(GZ,SGZ,NGZ,ZAV,SGX,NI)
C      CR(I)=1 IS THE RADIUS OF PERMISSIBLE GRID SIZE
      HALVE   = .FALSE.
      DO 132 I=1,NI
      RS      = ABS(DELS(I))/(AMAX1(SGX(I),SGY(I))*SG21)
      CR(I)   = RS + DELVM(I)*RS**.2
      IF(CR(I).GT.1.) HALVE=.TRUE.
132 CONTINUE

C*** IF HALVE=T ADD NEW SL FOR STATIONS FOR WHICH CR.GT.5
      PRDDB   = .FALSE.
      IF(PREFIN.EQ.1. .OR. (PREFIN.GT.X2(J2).AND.X2(J2).GE.PDUM(8)))
1      PRDDB=.TRUE.
      IF(.NOT.PRDDB) GO TO 141
      CALL TABPRT(2HCR,CR,NI,10,0)
      CALL TABPRT(3HMJ2,MJ2,NI,10,0)
      CALL TABPRT(4HLSTA,LSTA,NI,10,0)
141 CONTINUE
      IF(.NOT.HALVE) GO TO 200
      IRET    = -1
      CRXL    = CRXSL
      GO TO 800
145 WNEW     = .5*(W(J2)+WMIN)
      X12     = .5*(X2(J2)+X2MIN)
      IF(PRDB) CALL TABPRT(4HWNEW,WNEW,1,1)

C      BEGIN LOOP FOR INSERTING THE (PARTIAL) STREAMLINE, LI=1,NL
      LI      = 1
      NPTADD  = 0
150 I1      = IA(LI)

```

255


```

12      = IB(L1)
IF(11.EQ.0) GO TO 195

C      DETERMINE J1, INDEX OF NEW SL
      J      = J2
160 IF(W(J).GT.WNEW) GO TO 170
      J      = J+1
      IF(J.GT.NJ) CALL ERROR1
      GO TO 160
170 J1      = J

C      ADJUST FIELD ARRAYS AND SL TABLES
      NEWSL = .TRUE.
      I      = I1
      MU1    = 0
      IF(NJ.LT.MAXNJ) GO TO 180
      WRITE (6,1175) XI2
      RETURN
180 L      = LSTA(I)
      M1    = MJ2(I)+NPTADD+1
      MD1    = 0
      CALL ADPTSL(M1,MU1,MD1,J1,NEWSL)
      NPTADD= NPTADD+1
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      JP     = J
      M      = M1-1
      CALL GETIX
      JM     = J
      M      = M1
      J      = J1
      W(J)   = WNEW
      X2(J)  = XI2
      F      = (W(JP)-WNEW)/(W(JP)-W(JM))
      ONEMF  = 1.-F
      M      = M1
      B(M)   = B(M-1)*F + B(M+1)*ONEMF
      R(M)   = R(M-1)*F + R(M+1)*ONEMF
      IF(AXIA) R(M)=SQRT(R(M-1)*R(M-1)*F + R(M+1)*R(M+1)*ONEMF)
      S1(M)  = S1(M-1)*F + S1(M+1)*ONEMF
      VM(M)  = VM(M-1)*F + VM(M+1)*ONEMF
      Z(M)   = Z(M-1)*F + Z(M+1)*ONEMF

C      SET ISTAG=3 FOR PTS ADJACENT TO L.E. AND BOUNDARY CORNER PTS.
      IF(.NOT.PRIM(L)) GO TO 185
      M      = M1-1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAGM= ISTAG
      M      = M1+1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAGM.EQ.1) GO TO 181
      IF(ISTAGM.EQ.1) GO TO 185

C      (ISTAGP=1)
      ISTAGM= 0
      GO TO 182
      (ISTAGM=1)

C      181 ISTAG = 0
      CALL SAVIX
      182 M      = M1

```

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      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = 3
      CALL SAVIX
      M      = M1-1
      CALL GETIX
      ISTAG = ISTAGM
      CALL SAVIX

C      UPDATE THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS TO THE FIELD-TABLE
185 CALL STTOFI(L,1)
      GREFIN= .TRUE.

C      INDEX TO NEXT PT ON SL
      NEWSL = .FALSE.
190 I      = I+1
      MU1   = M1
      IF(I2-I) 194,180,180

C      INDEX TO NEXT PARTIAL SL
194 J2NEXT= J2NEXT+1
195 LI    = LI+1
      IF(.NOT.PRTDB) GO TO 197
      I1TAB = LO
      CALL TABPRT(6H195STA,X1,LESTA,5)
      CALL JMSPT
197 CONTINUE
      IF(NL-LI) 200,150,150

C      LOOP TO PUT IN ADDITIONAL SL-S FOR EXTERNAL CHANNELS
200 IF(NEXTRA.EQ.0) GO TO 210
      NEXTRA= NEXTRA-1
      GO TO 104

C      INCREMENT THE STREAMLINE COUNTER J2
210 J2      = J2NEXT
      IF(J2.LT.NJ) GO TO 100
      RETURN

C*** EVALUATION OF NEW LINE POSITIONS
C      OUTPUT-
C      NL NEW LINES ARE TO BE IN THE REGIONS IA(LI) TO IB(LI), LI=1,NL
C      FOR IA(LI).NE.0.

C      SEARCH FOR CR.GT.1. POINT
800 NL      = 0
      I      = 1
805 IF(CR(I).GE.1.) GO TO 810
      I      = I+1
      IF(I.LE.NI) GO TO 805
      GO TO 840

C      FIND IA,IB SO THAT CR.GE..375 IS WITHIN IA,IB
810 NL      = MIN0(NL+1,10)
      ISAVE = I
815 IA(NL)= I
      I      = I-1
      IF(I.GE.1 .AND. (I.GE.(ISAVE-3).OR.CR(I).GE.CRXL)) GO TO 815

```

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      I      = ISAVE
820  IB(NL) = I
      I      = I+1
      IF(I.GT.NI) GO TO 840
      IF((CR(I).GE.1.) ISAVE=1
      IF(1.LI.(ISAVE+3) .OR. CR(I).GE.CRXL) GO TO 820

C    REPEAT THE ABOVE FOR THE NEXT PARTIAL LINE
      IF(I.LT.NI) GO TO 805

C    ADD ONLY ONE LINE IF NL.EQ.10
840  IF(NL.NE.10) GO TO 850
      NL      = 1
      IB(1) = IB(10)

C    ELIMINATE THE SHORT GAPS BETWEEN LINES
850  IF(NL.LE.1) GO TO 860
      LILAST= 1
      DO 855 LI=2,NL
      IF((IA(LI)-IB(LI-1)).GT.7) GO TO 854
      IB(LI-1)=IB(LI)
      IA(LI)= 0
      GO TO 855
854  LILAST= LI
855  CONTINUE
      NL      = LILAST
860  IF(IA(1).LE.2 .AND. EXTND1) IA(1)=1
      IF((NI-IB(NL)).LE.2 .AND. EXTND2) IB(NL)=NI

C    EXTEND EACH LINE TO A MINIMUM OF FIVE POINTS
      NPTS   = 0
      DO 870 LI=1,NL
      IF(IA(LI).EQ.0) GO TO 870
865  IDEF   = MAX0((5-(IB(LI)-IA(LI)))/2, 0)
      IA(LI)= MAX0(IA(LI)-IDEF,1)
      IB(LI)= MIN0(IB(LI)+IDEF,NI)
      NPTS  = NPTS + IB(LI)-IA(LI)+1
      IF(NPTS.LT.5 .AND. NPTS.LT.NI) GO TO 865
870  CONTINUE
      IF(PRTDB) WRITE (6,1880) (IA(LI),IB(LI),LI=1,NL)
1880  FORMAT(7H IA,IB=,10(4X,2I4))
      IF((NM+NPTS).LE.MAXNM) GO TO 890
      WRITE (6,1881) NM,MAXNM
      RETURN

C    RETURN
890  IF(IRET) 145,450,450

1175  FORMAT(/2X36H*** STREAMLINE LIMIT REACHED. (XI2=F6.3,1H))
1881  FORMAT(/2X69H*** FIELD POINT STORAGE LIMIT PREVENTS FURTHER GRID R
      *EFINEMENT. (NM=14,8H, MAXNM=14,1H))
      END

```

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*DECK REFBLK

BLOCK DATA REFBLK

*REFBLK BLOCK DATA FOR REFINE

COMMON /CREFLE/ RLE1,RLE2,RLE3,HLE

DATA RLE1,RLE2,RLE3/.65,1.3,1.3/, HLE/2HLE/

END

-REFBLK-

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*DECK SLC

SUBROUTINE SLC

*SLC--- STREAMLINE CURVATURE ETC

-SLC-

C****CALCULATE ANGLE, CURVATURE AND ARC LENGTH ALONG STREAMLINES

C INPUT-

C B = SUBSONIC SUPERSONIC INDICATOR, NEGATIVE FOR SUPERSONIC VEL

C Z,R = STREAMLINE COORDINATES

C OUTPUT-

C PHIL = ANGLE IN RADIANS

C CURV = CURVATURE

C S1 = ARC LENGTH

COMMON /CREAM2/ DR,DZ,YPA,YPB,F,G, DX,YQDX,ZM,RM,ANGM,CURVM,S1M,

1 RZONLY, ANGCHD,SINTVL, YPASQ,YPAB,YPBSQ

LOGICAL RZONLY

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1

1,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX

INTEGER SSFML

LOGICAL SSEF, SSDF, SSDLE

C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER

C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F

C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T

C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F

C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL

C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA

C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F

C A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR

C BRLX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR

C CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR

C INDEX- M=MO,NM

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CPHIL / PHIL(300)

COMMON /CM / JMS(300)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,

* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),

* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,

* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

DIMENSION LIMITS(24)

EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

EQUIVALENCE (LDUM(1),LSO), (LDUM(2),LSE)

COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)

INTEGER SLCHN

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),

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1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3          VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL    PRIM
INTEGER    TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION  SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

DIMENSION  BDT(1),LBNEXT(1),LBZ1(1),CHNAME(1),UP(1),
1          LEDEX(1),ZBT(1),RBT(1),ANGBT(42)
INTEGER    BDT,CHNAME,BDNAME
LOGICAL    UP
DIMENSION  BDNAME(1),LBA(1),LBB(1)
EQUIVALENCE (BDNAME,ZBT), (LBA,RBT), (LBB,ANGBT)
EQUIVALENCE (X1,BDT), (LNEXT,LBNEXT), (MLB,LBZ1), (MUB,CHNAME)
EQUIVALENCE (PRIM,UP), (TYPELB,LEDEX), (NAMELB,ZBT)
EQUIVALENCE (ILB,RBT), (FLB,ANGBT)

COMMON /CBEAM / DBEAM(3),IORDER
COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)
COMMON /CBEND / NBCB(2),ANGE(2),CURVE(2),FB(2)
COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK
COMMON /CBDYPT/ ANGDCURVD
COMMON /CFB    / L,MA,MB,J2,IA,IB,I
COMMON /CINNER/ INRCTR
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN,EDUM
COMMON /CPI    / PI,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD
COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUMX(6),PDUM(20)
COMMON /CPTMOV/ VELPOT,ICOB,NODENS,FBASTG
COMMON /CQIREM/ YTOL,YO,DYDX,CTRMAX
COMMON /CSLC   / BRANCH(4)
COMMON /CTABPR/ I1TAB
COMMON /ERASE  / A(3),BA(1),BB(1),DA(1),ACHD(1),CHD(793)
COMMON /ERASE2/ RB(128),ZB(128),ANG(128),CURVB(128),SLB(128),
1          BI(128),J2DONE(128),MSV(128),CURSS(6),QV(8)
LOGICAL    ALLJ2,ANYJ2,J2PREV,PARSLA,UPPER

DATA LE/2HLE/

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C FIRST PASS ACROSS STREAMLINES, SKIP THOSE SL-S WHICH TERMINATE WITH
C IN THE FIELD IF J2PREV=T. AT END OF PASS ALLJ2=T IF ALL STREAMLI
C HAVE BEEN FITTED AND ANYJ2=T IF ONE OR MORE SL-S HAVE BEEN FITTED.
C J2PREV=F IF ON THE PREVIOUS PASS NO SL-S WERE FITTED BECAUSE END
C CONDITION INTERPOLATION REQUIREMENTS COULD NOT BE SATISFIED.
  ANYJ2 = .TRUE.
  IF(PDUM(1).GT.0.) WRITE(6,1159)
  CALL SETM(1,0, J2DONE,NJ)
  RZONLY= .FALSE.

C BEGIN LOOP THROUGH FIRST TO LAST STREAMLINE, J2=1,NJ
C CALL MBEGIN TO OBTAIN FIELD INDEX OF FIRST PT ON SL
100 J2PREV= ANYJ2
  ANYJ2 = .FALSE.
  ALLJ2 = .TRUE.
  J2    = 1
101 IF(J2DONE(J2).EQ.1) GO TO 187

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      M      = MBEGIN(J2)
      IF(PDUM(1).GT.0.) WRITE (6,1160) J2

C     CHECK FOR ORTHOGONAL TERMINATING ON BOW SHOCK (DUMMY STREAMLINE )
      CALL GETIX
      IF( MD.EQ.0 .AND. MD.EQ.0 ) GO TO 180

C     BUILD ZB, RB, ANG ARRAYS FOR THE STREAMLINE SEGMENT
C     ISTAG=3 IS A BOUNDARY OF A PARTIAL ORTHOGONAL, SUCH POINTS
C     ARE TO BE BYPASSED AND THEN FILLED IN BY INTERPOLATION
115  I      = 1
      S1B(1)= 0.
120  IA      = I
      MA      = M
121  CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 128
      RB(I) = R(M)
      ZB(I) = Z(M)
      ANG(I)= PHI1(M)
      BI(I) = B(M)
      MSV(I)= M
      IF(ISTAG.EQ.1 .OR. ISTAG.EQ.2) GO TO 130
124  IF(MD) 126,130,126
126  I      = I+1
      IB      = I
128  M      = MD
      MB      = M
      GO TO 121

C     SET END CONDITIONS
130  NBCB(1)=0
      NBCB(2)=0
      FB(1) = 0.
      FB(2) = 0.
      L      = 0
      MDSV   = MD
      ISTAGB= ISTAG
C     PARSLA= PARTIAL STREAMLINE AT END A, T OR F
      PARSLA= .FALSE.
      IEND   = 1
      MX     = MA
      IF(IA.EQ.1) GO TO 2140
2135 IEND   = 2
      MX     = MB
      IF(MDSV.NE.0) GO TO 135
C     USE AVG CURVATURE B.C. FOR PARTIAL SL-S
2140 CALL STAND(MX,L,UPPER)
      IF(MX.EQ.MLB(L) .OR. UPPER .OR.
1    L.EQ.L0 .OR. (L+LNEXT(L)).GE.LESTA) GO TO 2180
      M      = MLB(L)
      CALL GETIX
      IF(MU.EQ.0 .OR. MD.EQ.0) GO TO 2180
C     PARTIAL SL, SEARCH FOR NON-TERMINATING ADJACENT SL
      SUM     = 0.
      CURVX   = 0.
      M       = MX
      MCHNG   = -1
2150  M       = M+MCHNG

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      CALL GETIX
      IF(MU.EQ.0 .OR. MD.EQ.0) GO TO 2150
      IF(J2DONE(J).EQ.0 .AND. J2PREV) GO TO 186
      IF(INRCTR.NE.0) GO TO 2155
      IF(J2DONE(J).EQ.0) GO TO 2150
2155   IF(M.LT.MLB(L) .OR. M.GT.MUB(L)) GO TO 2157
      SUM = SUM+1.
      CURVX = CURVX+.5*CURV(M)
2157   IF(MCHNG.EQ.1) GO TO 2160
      M = MX
      MCHNG = 1
      GO TO 2150
2160   CURVX = CURVX/SUM
      NBCB(IEND)=2
      CURVE(IEND)=CURVX
      IF(IEND.EQ.1) PARSLA=.TRUE.
      GO TO 2190
2180   NBCB(IEND)=NBCIN(IEND)
      ANGE(IEND)=ACF(IEND)
      CURVE(IEND)=ACF(IEND)
      FB(IEND)=ACF(IEND)
2190   IF(IEND.EQ.1) GO TO 2135

C     DEFINE ANG(1) TO OBTAIN CORRECT ANGLE BRANCH
135   IF(IA.NE.1) GO TO 136
      ANG(1)= BRANCH
      IF(BRANCH.NE.999.) GO TO 136
      L = 0
      M = MSV(1)
      CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
      IF(M.NE.MLB(L)) GO TO 1352
C     FIRST STREAMLINE
      LB = LBF(NAMELB(L))
      LB = LB+LBZ1(LB)
      ANG(1)= ANGBT(LB)
      GO TO 136
C     NOT FIRST STREAMLINE
1352  M = M-1
      IF(M.LT.MLB(L)) CALL ERROR1
      CALL GETIX
      IF(J2DONE(J).EQ.0) GO TO 1352
      ANG(1)= PH11(M)
      IF(PDUM(19).EQ.1.) WRITE (6,1353)J,M,ANG(1)
1353  FORMAT (8H J,M,ANG,2I6,F10.6)
136   IF(ISTAGB.NE.1) GO TO 155

C     THE STREAMLINE IS TERMINATED BY A STAGNATION POINT.
C     PROCEED TO EXTRAPOLATE FOR ITS POSITION IF STAG=1
C     AND BOUNDARY TYPE=LE.

C     FIND THE STAGNATION POINT STATION
      L = 0
      CALL STANO(MB,L,UPPER)

C     CHECK FOR LEADING EDGE POINT
      CURVD = 0.
      IF(UPPER) GO TO 138
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.LE) GO TO 155

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      GO TO 140
138 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.LE) GO TO 155

C     BEGIN ITERATION FOR STAGNATION POSITION
140 QV(1) = 0.
      SMOVE = 0.
      M      = MB
      IF(ABS(PDUM(5)).LT.5.) FB(2)=1.
145 IF(UPPER) GO TO 147
      NAMES = NAMELB(L)
      IBS   = ILB(L)
      FS    = FLB(L)
      SIS   = SILB(L)
      GO TO 148
147 NAMES = NAMEUB(L)
      IBS   = IUB(L)
      FS    = FUB(L)
      SIS   = SIUB(L)
148 CALL BDYPTM(NAMES,IBS,ZB(1),RB(1),FS,SIS,SMOVE,GETASK)
      IF(GETASK.NE.0.) CALL ERROR1
      Z(M)  = ZB(1)
      R(M)  = RB(1)
      CALL BFACS(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB,S1B, IA,IB)
C     (LOGIC FOR LEADING STAGNATION POINT ONLY)
      ERRANG= ANG(1)-(ANGD-PIQ2)

      IF(PDUM(1).LE.0.) GO TO 150
      WRITE (6,1149) QV(1),SMOVE,ERRANG,ZB(1),RB(1),ANGD,CURVD
1149 FORMAT(14H STAG PT - QV=F5.0,2X,6HSMOVE=F10.5,2X,7HERRANG=F10.6,2X
*,3HZD=F10.5,2X,3HRD=F10.5,2X,5HANGD=F10.3,2X,6HCURVD=F10.6)
      GO TO 1501
150 IF(CURVD.GE.0.) GO TO 1501
      WRITE (6,1150) ZB(1),RB(1),ANGD,CURVD
1150 FORMAT(/35H *** NEGATIVE L.E. CURVATURE-      Z=F10.5,3X,2HR=F10.5,3
*,4HANG=F10.3,3X,5HCURV=F12.6)

1501 IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 151
      YO      = 0.
      YTOL    = 1.E-5
      DYDX    = ABS(CURVD) + 1./((S1B(1)-S1B(1-1)))
      XJP     = -ABS(ERRANG)/DYDX
      DYDX    = 0.
151 CALL QIREM(SMOVE,ERRANG, XJP,QV)
      IF(QV(1).NE.0.) GO TO 145
      IF(UPPER) GO TO 152
      ILB(L)= IBS
      FLB(L)= FS
      SILB(L)=SIS
      GO TO 156
152 IUB(L)= IBS
      FUB(L)= FS
      SIUB(L)=SIS
      GO TO 156

C     USE (SUBSONIC) BEAM FORMULA TO CALC ANG,CURVATURE,S1
C     SET IORDER=1 TO CHECK FOR POINT ORDERING
155 NORDER= 1
1552 IORDER= 1

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ANG(1)= 0.
CALL BFACS(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB,S1B, IA,1B)
IF(IORDER.EQ.0) GO TO 1556
I = IORDER-1
WRITE(6,1155) ZB(I),RB(I),ZB(I+1),RB(I+1),J2,I,IORDER
IF(NORDER.GE.5) CALL ERROR1
SAV = ZB(I)
ZB(I) = ZB(I+1)
ZB(I+1)=SAV
SAV = RB(I)
RB(I) = RB(I+1)
RB(I+1)=SAV
NORDER= NORDER+1
GO TO 1552
1556 IF(SSFML.EQ.(-1))CALL BF3(ZB,RB,ANG,CURVB,IA,1B)
156 IF(SSEF .AND. .NOT.PARSLA) ANG(1)=SSEANG*TORAD

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C RELOCATE ANSWERS INTO FIELD STORAGE

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160 M = MA
I = IA-1
L = 0
161 CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 166
I = I+1
C SUPERSONIC POINT CURVATURE
IF(B(M).GE.0. .OR. I.EQ.1) GO TO 163
IX = 1
I1SS = I-1-IABS(SSFML)
NBCB(1)=0
NBCB(2)=0
FB(1) = SSFND1
FB(2) = SSFEND
IF(I1SS.GT.IX) GO TO 1622
I1SS = IX
NBCB(1)=2
CURVE(1)=0.
1622 NISS = I-I1SS+1
IF(NISS.EQ.5) GO TO 1624
CALL BFAC(ZB(I1SS),RB(I1SS),ANG(I1SS),CURSS,NISS)
GO TO 1626
1624 CALL SS5PTC(ZB(I1SS),RB(I1SS),CURSS(NISS))
1626 PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
CURV(M)=CURSS(NISS)
GO TO 164

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163 PHI1(M)=ANG(I)
CURV(M)=CURVB(I)
IF(I.NE.IA .OR. I.EQ.1) GO TO 164
PHI1(M)=.5*(ANG(I)+ANGSAV)
CURV(M)=.5*(CURVB(I)+CURSAV)
IF(ISTAG.NE.1 .OR. CURVD.LE.0.) GO TO 164
CURV(M)=CURVD

```

C FBASTG= FRACTION OF BOUNDARY ANGLE AT STAGNATION POINT,CASC OPTION

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IF(FBASTG.EQ.0.) GO TO 1632
CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
IF(UPPER) ANG0=ANGD-PI
1632 PHI1(M)=.5*(ANGSAV+(1.-FBASTG)*ANG(I)+FBASTG*ANGD)
IF(ISTAG.EQ.1 .AND. CURVD.GT.0.) CURV(M)=CURVD

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164 S1(M) = S1B(I)
GO TO 168
C   INTERPOLATE CURVATURE AND LOCATION FOR 1STAG=3 POINTS
166 DR   = RB(I+1)-RB(I)
DZ   = ZB(I+1)-ZB(I)
CHD   = SQRT(DR*DR+DZ*DZ)
CS   = DZ/CHD
SN   = DR/CHD
ACHD  = ATAN3(DR,DZ,ANG(I))
F     = (CS*(Z(M)-ZB(I))+SN*(R(M)-RB(I)))/CHD
IF(F.GT.1. .OR. F.LT.0.) CALL ERROR1
G     = 1.-F
YPA   = TAN(ANG(I)-ACHD)
YPB   = TAN(ANG(I+1)-ACHD)
CALL BFI
RM     = RB(I)+RM
ZM     = ZB(I)+ZM
C   GUARD AGAINST UNREASONABLE INTERPOLATION
C   FIRST CHECK FOR EXISTENCE OF (M-1) AND (M+1)
C   THEN LIMIT THE POINT RELOCATION TO 25PC OF DIST. TO THESE NEIGHBOR
F     = 1.
CALL STANO(M,L,UPPER)
IF(M.LE.MLB(L) .OR. UPPER) GO TO 167
DM     = (R(M)-RM)**2 + (Z(M)-ZM)**2
D1     = (R(M)-R(M-1))**2 + (Z(M)-Z(M-1))**2
D2     = (R(M)-R(M+1))**2 + (Z(M)-Z(M+1))**2
IF(DM.LT..01*D1) GO TO 167
F     = AMIN1(1.,.25*SQRT(AMIN1(D1,D2)/DM))
167 R(M) = F*RM+(1.-F)*R(M)
Z(M) = F*ZM+(1.-F)*Z(M)
PHI1(M)=ACHD+ANGM
CURV(M)=CURVM
S1(M) = S1B(I)+S1M
C 168 IF(1.GE.IB) GO TO 170
168 IF(PDUM(1).LE.0.) GO TO 1690
IF(PDUM(1).EQ.1.) GO TO 1680
IF(PDUM(1).EQ.2..AND. B1(I).LT.0.) GO TO 1680
IF(PDUM(1).EQ.4. .AND. 1STAG.NE.0) GO TO 1680
XJ2   = J2
IF(PDUM(1).GE.5. .AND. XJ2.GE.PDUM(8) .AND. PDUM(1).GE.XJ2)
1   GO TO 1680
GO TO 1690
1680 WRITE(6,1161) I,M,1STAG,Z(M),R(M),PHI1(M),CURV(M),CURVB(I),B(I)
1159 FORMAT(1H1)
1160 FORMAT (12H   I M 1STAG,5X,1HZ,9X,1HR,4X,4HPHI1,4X,4HCURV,3X,
1   5HCURVB,9X,1HB,5H   J=,13)
1161 FORMAT (1X,13,14,12,2F10.5,F8.4,2F8.5,F10.3)
1690 IF(1.GE.IB) GO TO 170
M     = MD
GO TO 161

C   INDEX TO NEXT STREAMLINE SEGMENT
170 IF(MD) 172,180,172
172 IA   = IB
MA   = M
C   I   = IB
ANGSAV= ANG(I)
CURSAV= CURVB(I)

```

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```

C      (TRANSFER TO 126 RATHER THAN 120 SINCE 1ST POINT, I=IA=IB, IS SAVE
      GO TO 126

C      STREAMLINE J2 HAS BEEN CURVE-FITTED, INDEX J2 TO NEXT SL.
180 J2DONE(J2)=1
      ANYJ2 = .TRUE.
      GO TO 187
C      END CONDITION INTERPOLATION NOT POSSIBLE, BYPASS THIS SL
186 ALLJ2 = .FALSE.
187 J2     = J2+1
      IF(J2.LE.NJ) GO TO 101

C      GO BACK FOR 2ND, 3RD PASS TO INTERPOLATE FOR CURVATURE AT PARTIAL S
      IF(.NOT.ALLJ2) GO TO 100

      RZONLY= .TRUE.
      RETURN

1155 FORMAT (27H * SLC IS INTERCHANGING PTS,F11.5,1H,F10.5,6H  AND,
1      F11.5,1H,F10.5,4H J=13,5H I=212)
      END

```

267

*DECK SPC

SUBROUTINE SPC

*SPC--- SONIC POINT CURVATURE

-SPC-

```
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSFANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1      ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC
      INTEGER      SSFML
      LOGICAL      SSEF,      SSDF,      SSDLE
C      SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER
C      SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F
C      SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T
C      SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F
C      SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL
C      SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA
C      SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F
C      A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C      BRLX = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C      CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
C      TSIC = NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE USED FOR TRANSONIC INTERPOLATION
C      OF CURVATURE
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDD,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*      LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*      MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*      LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE      (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER      SLCHN
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1      TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SLB(1),
1      TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SUB(1),
3      VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION      SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SCHOKE,DWDV)
      DIMENSION      SLSWI(1)
      EQUIVALENCE      (SLSWI,VCL)
C      SLSWI = SONIC LINE/SHOCK WAVE INDICATOR

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)

C      RECOMPUTE NEAR SONIC PT CURVATURES BY LINEAR INTERPOLATION
C      BEGIN LOOP THROUGH STATIONS
      IF(TSIC.EQ.0.) RETURN
      L = LO
268
C      CHECK FOR STAGNATION BOUNDARY POINT
30 MA = MLB(L)
```

```

M      = MA
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 40
MA      = MA+1
40 MB    = MUB(L)
M      = MB
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 50
MB      = MB-1

C LOCATE SONIC POINT
50 IF(SLSWI(L).EQ.0.) GO TO 140
M      = MA+1
60 IF((B(M)*B(M-1)).GE.0.) GO TO 65
CALL GETIX
IF(W(J).NE.0.) GO TO 70
65 M      = M+1
IF(M.GT.MB) GO TO 140
GO TO 60

C F      = FRACTIONAL DISTANCE TO SONIC LINE ABOVE PT (M-1)
70 F      = B(M-1)/(B(M-1)-B(M))

C CALCULATION - INTERPOLATION JUNCTURE POINTS
DFX      = AMIN1(TSIC,AMIN1(FLOAT(M-1-MA)+F,FLOAT(MB-M+1)-F))
FX1      = F-DFX
FX2      = F+DFX
MX1      = M
MX2      = M
80 IF(FX1.GE.0. .OR. (MX1-1).LE.MA) GO TO 90
MX1      = MX1-1
FX1      = FX1+1.
GO TO 80
90 IF(FX2.LE.1. .OR. MX2.GE.MB) GO TO 100
MX2      = MX2+1
FX2      = FX2-1.
GO TO 90
100 SX1   = S2(MX1-1)+FX1*(S2(MX1)-S2(MX1-1))
SX2      = S2(MX2-1)+FX2*(S2(MX2)-S2(MX2-1))

C CALCULATE LINEAR VARIATION OF CURVATURE BET JUNCTURE PTS
CX1      = CURV(MX1-1)+FX1*(CURV(MX1)-CURV(MX1-1))
CX2      = CURV(MX2-1)+FX2*(CURV(MX2)-CURV(MX2-1))
MX       = MX1
120 IF(MX.GE.MX2) GO TO 65
CURV(MX)=(CX1*(SX2-S2(MX))+CX2*(S2(MX)-SX1))/(SX2-SX1)
MX       = MX+1
GO TO 120

C INDEX TO THE NEXT STATION
140 L      = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 50

RETURN
END

```

269

```

*DECK SS5PTC
      SUBROUTINE SS5PTC(XX,YY,CURV)
*SS5PTC      SUPERSONIC 5-PT CURVATURE FORMULA      -SS5PTC-
      DIMENSION      XX(1),YY(1)

C      INPUT-
C      XX,YY = COORDINATES OF FIVE POINTS(I=1-5)

C      OUTPUT-
C      CURV = CURVATURE OF THE LAST POINT (I=5)

      COMMON /CSS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

      ALP = ATAN2(YY(5)-YY(1),XX(5)-XX(1))
      SN = SIN(ALP)
      CS = COS(ALP)
C      X(0) = 0.
      DO 60 I=1,4
      X(I) = (XX(I+1)-XX(1))*CS+(YY(I+1)-YY(1))*SN
60 Y(I) = (YY(I+1)-YY(1))*CS-(XX(I+1)-XX(1))*SN
      CALL SS5PT
      D2YDX2= Y(1)*A1+Y(2)*A2+Y(3)*A3+Y(4)*A4
      CURV = -D2YDX2
      RETURN
      END

```

270

*DECK STTOFI

SUBROUTINE STTOFI(L1,MD1)

*STTOFI ADJUST THE STATION-TABLE POINTERS
C TO THE FIELD-TABLE UPWARD BY MD1

-STTOFI-

C INPUT-

C L1 = FIRST STATION FOR WHICH POINTERS MUB(L),MLB(L) MUST BE A
C MD1 = INCREMENT TO BE ADDED TO MLB(L) AND MUB(L).
C MUB(L),MLB(L) POINT TO THE FIELD-TABLE

COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD

 DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
 EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)

C STATION TABLE

C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA

C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)

C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)

C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)

COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),S1LB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),S1UB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)

 LOGICAL PRIM

 INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB

 DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)

 EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

L = L1

MD = MD1

MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD

IF((MUB(L)-MLB(L)).LT.MAXOL) GO TO 60

CALL ERROR1

60 L = L+LNEXT(L)

IF(L.GE.LESTA) GO TO 900

MLB(L)= MLB(L)+MD

MUB(L)= MUB(L)+MD

GO TO 60

900 RETURN

END

OVERLAY(STC,4,0)

271

*DECK USECDM
BLOCK DATA USECDM
*USECDM REPLACE STCM USE CARDS
COMMON /CA2 / A2(730)
COMMON /CA2 / A2(768)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(768)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(768)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(768)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(768)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(768)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(768)
END

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*DECK ERRORM
 SUBROUTINE ERRORI
 C DUMPM F DUMP FOR STCM LINK

```

C  TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LHOU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*                LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*                MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*                LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LKD
      DIMENSION      LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE    (LIMITS,LHO)

C  STREAMLINE TABLE
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN

C  STATION TABLE
C  INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C  SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C  MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C  MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1              TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1              TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3              VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL      PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION    SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE  (SCHOKE,DWDV)
COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)
COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CDDS2 / DDS2
COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,PLB,PUB,WF,CHOKE,SUBSON, NK,PLBC,PUBC,
1          XCHOKE, TAREA,VMBC, WRQST,WCALC, QV(8),QVP(8),
*          JSUM,VMLBSQ
      LOGICAL      CHOKE,SUBSON
COMMON /CIDEX/ C1(5)
COMMON /CIDEXR/ C2(25)
COMMON /CPHI1 / PHI1(300)
COMMON /CR / R(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)
COMMON /CS2 / S2(300)
COMMON /CTABPR/ ITAB
COMMON /CTOLRL/ C3(12)
COMMON /CVM / VM(300)
COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

CALL TABPRT(3HCFB,L,33,4)
CALL TABPRT (5HCIDEX,C1,5,5)
CALL TABPRT (6HCIDEXR,C2,25,5)

```

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```

CALL TABPRT (6HCTOLRL,C3,6,6)
11TAB = LO
CALL TABPRT (6HSTATAB,X1,LESTA,5)
CALL JMSPRT
CALL TABPRT (2HS1,S1,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT (2HS2,S2,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT (1HZ,Z,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT (1HR,R,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT(4HCURV,CURV,NM,10)
CALL TABPRT (2HVM,VM,NM,10)

WRITE (6,1000)
DO 100 I=1,NM
  WRITE (6,1001) I,B(I),A2(I),A3(I),A4(I),A5(I),A6(I),A7(I),A8(I),
1      DS2(I),RHS(I)
100 CONTINUE
  WRITE (6,1002) DDS2
1000 FORMAT (4H1 M,11X,1HB,10X,2HA2,10X,2HA3,10X,2HA4,10X,2HA5,10X,
1      2HA6,10X,2HA7,10X,2HA8,9X,3HDS2,9X,3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H ,I3,8F12.3,2F12.6)
1002 FORMAT(///8H DS2MX=,F12.6)
  LSTOP = 5
  GO TO (999,999) , LSTOP
999 RETURN
END

```

275

*DECK MOEFF

SUBROUTINE MOEFF

*MOEFF MATRIX COEFFICIENT

-MCOEF-

C INPUT-

C W(J) = SL FLOW

C S1(M) = DISTANCE ALONG STREAMLINES

C B(M) = COEFFICIENT OF THE CURVATURE TERM

C STATION TABLE

C OUTPUT-

C A1(M),A2(M),...A8(M) = MATRIX COEFFICIENT ARRAYS M=1,NM

C STAR ARRANGEMENT IS -

				A8		
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6
				A7		

C NOTE - A4 IS ALWAYS NEGATIVE EXCEPT FOR THE FIRST OF DOUBLE POINT
C THEN A4(M)=1., A8(M)=-1.

COMMON /BENDIN/ NBCIN(2),ACF(2)

COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)

COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)

COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)

COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)

COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)

COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)

COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)

DIMENSION A0(300),A1(300)

EQUIVALENCE (A0,A6),(A1,A5)

COMMON /CATM / NX,XDIM,G(25)

COMMON /CB / B(300)

COMMON /CBITS / BITS,BLANK

COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)

COMMON /CCURV / CURV(300)

COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,DFB(30)

COMMON /CFFINC/ GFF(6)

COMMON /CFRFIN/ ATINF

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,MAJCTR,GREFIN

COMMON /CPI / P1,TWOPI,PIQ2,PIQ4,TODEG,TORAD

COMMON /CPRINT/ PRTE2,PRTB,PRTA,PREFIN,PREFN2,SSONIC,PDUM(10)

COMMON /CR / R(300)

COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1

1 ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS

INTEGER

SSFML

LOGICAL

SSEF,

SSDF,

SSDLE

C SSFML = SUPERSONIC CURVATURE FORMULA NUMBER

C SSEF = SUPERSONIC ENTERING FLOW, T OR F

C SSEANG= ENTERING FLOW ANGLE (DEGREES) FOR SSEF=T

C SSDF = SUPERSONIC DISCHARGE FLOW, T OR F

C SSFEND= SUPERSONIC BEAM DOWNSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1 FOR PARABOL

C SSFND1= SUPERSONIC BEAM UPSTREAM END CONDITION, =0,1, FOR PARABOLA

C SSDLE = SS FLOW BELOW AND AFT OF LE PT, T OR F

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```

C      A4FACT= CENTRAL POINT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENT FACTOR
C      BRLX  = B-RELAXATION FACTOR
C      CURRLX= CURVATURE RELAXATION FACTOR
COMMON /CVM   / VM(300)
COMMON /CXG   / XO,X(6)
COMMON /ALLCOM/ MACHA,PSA,TSA,PTA,TTA, AXIA,RGA,GAMA,
1          MACHC,PSC,TSC,PTC,TTT, AXIC,RGC,GAMC,
2          DAXIT,SCALEA,TTE,CHOTST
      REAL      MACHA(1),MACHC
      LOGICAL    AXIA,AXIC
      LOGICAL    CHOTST
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDU,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
*          LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
*          MO,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
*          LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRD
      DIMENSION  LIMITS(24)
      EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /SLTAB / W(128),X2(128),SLCHN(128)
      INTEGER SLCHN
C      STATION TABLE
C      INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C      SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C      MCL    = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C      MCL    = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOBAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1          TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1          TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3          VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
      LOGICAL    PRIM
      INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
      DIMENSION  SCHOKE(1)
      EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

      INTEGER    FIELD,FREE,FARFLD,PRES,OLBC
      LOGICAL    SLBDY,SUBDY

      DATA FIELD/5HFIELD/
      DATA FREE/4HFREE/, FARFLD/6HFARFLD/, PRES/4HPRES/, OLBC/4HOLBC/

C      BEGIN LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS
      L      = LO

C      BEGIN LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES
800 MA      = MLB(L)
      MB      = MUB(L)
      M      = MA
810 A2(M) = 0.
      A3(M) = 0.
      A4(M) = 0.
      A5(M) = 0.
      A6(M) = 0.
      A7(M) = 0.
      A8(M) = 0.
      MCENTR= M

C      INITIALIZE /CCUBE/ FOR CUFITR

```

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C1(1) = 0.
C1(2) = 0.
C2(1) = 0.
C2(2) = 0.

```

C CHECK FOR SPECIAL (FREE,PRES, OR FARFLD) BOUNDARY

```

SLBDY = .FALSE.
SUBDY = .FALSE.
IF(M.NE.MA) GO TO 824
IF(TYPEIB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
1 TYPEIB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR.
3 TYPEIB(L).EQ.FIELD .OR.
* TYPEIB(L).EQ.OLBC .OR.
2 TYPEIB(L).EQ.PRES) SLBDY=.TRUE.
IF(.NOT.SLBDY) GO TO 825
824 IF(M.NE.MB) GO TO 826
IF(TYPEUB(L).EQ.FREE .OR.
1 TYPEUB(L).EQ.FARFLD .OR.
3 TYPEUB(L).EQ.FIELD .OR.
4 TYPEUB(L).EQ.OLBC .OR.
2 TYPEUB(L).EQ.PRES) SUBDY=.TRUE.
IF(SUBDY) GO TO 826

```

C SOLID WALL BOUNDARY

```

825 A4(M) = -1.
GO TO 980

```

C INTERIOR POINT

C BUILD X-TABLE OF DISTANCES TO NEIGHBORING POINTS ALONG THE STREAMLINE
C POINTS WITH ISTAG=3 ARE TO BE OMITTED.
C SPECIAL END CONDITIONS ARE TO BE UTILIZED IF THE X-TABLE IS TERMINATED
C BY A STAGNATION POINT

```

826 CALL GETIX
JCENR= J
ISTAGC= ISTAG
X(4) = S1(M)
IC1 = 4
IC2 = 4
NBC(1)= 2
NBC(2)= 2
C2(1) = 0.
C2(2) = 0.
MDOWN = MD

```

```

831 M = MU
IF(M.EQ.0) GO TO 850
CALL GETIX
IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 831
X(3) = S1(M)
IC1 = 3
IF(ISTAG.NE.0) GO TO 850
IF( SSFML.LT.0 .AND. B(MCENTR).GE.0. .AND. PDUM(12).EQ.(-1.) )
1 GO TO 850

```

```

841 M = MU
IF(M.EQ.0) GO TO 850
CALL GETIX

```

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```

      IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 841
      X(2) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 2

846 IF( B(MCENTR).GT.0. ) GO TO 850
      IF(IABS(SSFML).EQ.1 ) GO TO 850
      M = MU
      IF(M.EQ.0) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 846
      X(1) = S1(M)
      IC1 = 1

848 IF( SSFML.NE.3 ) GO TO 850
      IC1 = 2
      M = MU
      IF( M.EQ.0 ) GO TO 850
      CALL GETIX
      IF( ISTAG.EQ.3 ) GO TO 848
      XO = S1(M)
      IC1 = 0

C   UPSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITION
850 IF(MU) 854,852,854
852 NBC(1)= NBCIN(1)
      FEND(1)=ACF(1)

C   DOWNSTREAM POINTS, BYPASS FOR SUPERSONIC FLOW
854 IF(B(MCENTR).LE.0.) GO TO 874
      MD = MDOWN
856 M = MD
      IF(M.EQ.0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
      IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 856
      X(5) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 5
      IF(ISTAG.NE.0) GO TO 865
      IF( SSFML.LT.0 .AND. PDUM(12).EQ.(-1.) ) GO TO 865

861 M = MD
      IF(M.EQ.0) GO TO 870
      CALL GETIX
C   IF(B(M).LE.0. .AND. B(MU).LE.0.) GO TO 874
      IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 861
      X(6) = S1(M)
      IC2 = 6

C   SPECIAL DOWNSTREAM END CONDITIONS FOR LEADING EDGE STAGNATION POINT
865 IF(ISTAG.NE.1) GO TO 870
      NBC(2)= 4
      C1(2) = CURV(M)
      FEND(2)=1.
      IF(IABS(PDUM(5)).GE.5.) FEND(2)=0.

C   DOWNSTREAM STREAMLINE END CONDITIONS
870 IF(MD) 878,872,878
872 NBC(2)= NBCIN(2)
      FEND(2)=ACF(2)

```

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GO TO 878

C BOUNDARY CONDITION ON 4-POINT SUPERSONIC BEAM-CURVATURE FORMULA

874 FEND(2)=SSFEND
FEND(1)=SSFEND1
NBC(2)= 0
NBC(1)= 0

C SUPERSONIC 5-PT FORMULA

IF(SSFML.NE.3 .OR. IC1.NE.0) GO TO 878
CALL SS5PT1(X0,G)
GO TO 900

C CALL CUBER TO OBTAIN SECOND ORDER DIFFERENCE FORMULA, D2(DN)/D(S1)2

C ANSWERS ARE STORED IN G(IG,JG), JG=1,IC2-IC1+1, IG=MID POINT

878 NIC = IC2-IC1+1
IF(ISTAGC.EQ.3) GO TO 880
IF(NIC.LE.2) GO TO 908
CALL CUBERS(X(IC1),NIC)
GO TO 900

C CALL CUFITR FOR INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS, DS2(3)=F(DS2(1),DS2(2),DS(4

C FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINT(ISTAG=3)

880 CALL CUFITR(X(IC1),NIC,5-IC1)

C****DEFINE ALL COEFFICIENTS OF THE EQUATION FOR FIELD POINT M

C IG = 4-IC1+1
C JG = IC-IC1+1
C IJG = (JG-1)*5 + IG
C IJG = CENTER POINT INDEX IN G-ARRAY
900 IJG = 25-IC1*6

IF(PDUM(5).LE.0.) GO TO 907
IF(ISTAGC.NE.3 .AND. PDUM(5).EQ.3.) GO TO 907
IF(PDUM(5).GE.4. .AND. NBC(2).NE.4) GO TO 907
WRITE (6,1907) JCENTR,MCENTR,IC1,IC2,IJG

1907 FORMAT(/,3H J=13,9H MCENTR=13,7H IC1=13,7H IC2=13,6H IJG=13)
CALL TABPRT(1HX,X(IC1),NIC,5)
CALL TABPRT(5HCCUBE,NBC,8,8)
CALL TABPRT(1HG,6,25,5)
907 CONTINUE

C CHECK FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINT OR SPECIAL BOUNDARY

908 IF(.NOT.SLBDY .AND. .NOT.SUBDY .AND. ISTAGC.NE.3) GO TO 910
M = MCENTR
GO TO 926

C FIRST POINT OF A DOUBLE SL, CHECK W(JCENTR+1)

910 M = MCENTR+1
CALL GETIX
IF(W(J).NE.0.) GO TO 915
M = MCENTR
J = JCENTR
GO TO 926

C POINTS 7, 8, AND 4

915 JP = J
MP = M
JM = JCENTR


```

M      = MCENTR-1
IF(W(JCENTR).NE.0.) GO TO 920
CALL GETIX
JM      = J
M      = MCENTR-2
920 CALL GETIX
MM1     = M
JM1     = J
M      = MCENTR
J      = JCENTR

A7(M) = 1./(W(JM)-W(JM1))
A8(M) = 1./(W(JP)-W(J))
A4(M) = -A7(M)-A8(M)
IF(.NOT.AX1A) GO TO 926
A4(M) = TWOPI*R(M)*A4(M)
A7(M) = TWOPI*R(MM1)*A7(M)
A8(M) = TWOPI*R(M+1)*A8(M)

C      POINTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, AND 6
926 IF(NIC.LE.2) GO TO 938
BUSE = RHOC*B(M)
IF(B(M).LT.0.) BUSE=RHOCSS*B(M)
IF(IC1.NE.0 ) GO TO 930
A0(M) = BUSE*G(5)
GO TO 931
930 GO TO (931,932,933,934),IC1
931 A1(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-15)
932 A2(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-10)
933 A3(M) = BUSE*G(IJG-5)
934 A4(M) = BUSE*G(IJG)+A4(M)
IF(IC2-5) 938,935,936
936 A6(M) = BUSE*G(IJG+10)
935 A5(M) = BUSE*G(IJG+5)

C      MODIFY INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS TO ACCOMMODATE DOUBLE STREAMLINE
C      MT      = TRUE POINT
C      MX      = DUMMY POINT
C      MX IS THE FIRST POINT, EXCEPT FOR CASC PROG WITH UPPER OLBC.
C      THEN MX IS THE SECOND POINT.
938 IF(W(J).NE.0. .OR. SLBDY) GO TO 940
MT      = M
MX      = M-1
IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.OLBC) GO TO 19392
MT      = M-1
MX      = M
19392 A2(MT)= A2(M)+A2(M-1)
A3(MT)= A3(M)+A3(M-1)
A4(MT)= A4(M)+A4(M-1)
A5(MT)= A5(M)+A5(M-1)
A6(MT)= A6(M)+A6(M-1)
IF(MX.NE.M) GO TO 19394
C      MX=M AND MT=M-1
A7(M-1)=A7(M)
A8(M-1)=A8(M)
RHSV = RHS(M-1)
RHS(M-1)=RHS(M)
A7(M) = -1.

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281

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      A8(M) = 0.
      RHS(M) = -RHSV
      GO TO 19396
19394 A7(MX) = 0.
      A8(MX) = -1.
19396 A2(MX) = 0.
      A3(MX) = 0.
      A4(MX) = 1.
      A5(MX) = 0.
      A6(MX) = 0.

C     FREE, PRESSURE AND FAR-FIELD BOUNDARIES
C     LOWER BOUNDARY
      940 IF(ISTAGC.EQ.3) GO TO 980
      IF(.NOT.SLBODY) GO TO 950
      IF(.NOT.AXIA) GO TO 942
      A4(M) = A4(M)-TWOPI*R(M)
      A8(M) = TWOPI*R(M+1)
      GO TO 980
      942 A4(M) = A4(M)-1.
      A8(M) = 1.
      IF(TYPELB(L).NE.FARFLD) GO TO 980
C     STAREA= STREAM TUBE AREA
      STAREA= R(M+1)-R(M)
      IF(AXIA) STAREA=PI*(R(M)+R(M+1))*STAREA
      945 CALL FFINC
      VQATSQ= VM(M)*VM(M)/(ATINF*ATINF)
      BETA = 1.-VQATSQ/(1.-.2*VQATSQ)
      IF(BETA.GT.0.) GO TO 947
      WRITE (6,1946) M
      CALL ERROR1
      1946 FORMAT(76H ***  SORRY - SUPERSONIC VELOCITY ENCOUNTERED ON FAR FIE
      ILO BOUNDARY AT POINT, 15, 9H (MCOEF))
      947 BETA = SQRT(BETA)
      BA = BETA*STAREA
      A2(M) = A2(M)-BA*GFF(2)
      A3(M) = A3(M)-BA*GFF(3)
      A4(M) = A4(M)-BA*GFF(4)
      A5(M) = A5(M)-BA*GFF(5)
      A6(M) = A6(M)-BA*GFF(6)
      GO TO 980
C     UPPER BOUNDARY
      950 IF(.NOT.SUBDY) GO TO 980
      IF(AXIA) GO TO 964
      A4(M) = A4(M)-1.
      A7(M) = 1.
      GO TO 966
      964 A4(M) = A4(M)-TWOPI*R(M)
      A7(M) = TWOPI*R(M-1)
      966 IF(TYPEUB(L).NE.FARFLD) GO TO 980
      STAREA= R(M)-R(M-1)
      IF(AXIA) STAREA=PI*(R(M)+R(M-1))*STAREA
      GO TO 945

      980 M = MCENTR+1
      IF(M.LE.MB) GO TO 810
C.....END LOOP ACROSS THE STREAMLINES

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C      INDEX TO NEXT STATION
      L      = L+LNEXT(L)
      IF(L.LT.LESTA) GO TO 800
C.....END LOOP THROUGH THE STATIONS

      IF(PDUM(3).EQ.0.) GO TO 990
      WRITE (6,1000)
      DO 100 I=1,NM
      WRITE (6,1001) I,B(I),A2(I),A3(I),A4(I),A5(I),A6(I),A7(I),A8(I),
1          RHS(I)
100 CONTINUE
990 RETURN
1000 FORMAT (4H1  M,11X,1HB,10X,2HA2,10X,2HA3,10X,2HA4,10X,2HA5,10X,
1          2HA6,10X,2HA7,10X,2HA8,21X,3HRHS)
1001 FORMAT (1H ,13,8F12.3,12X,F12.6)
      END

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*DECK ATDMRS
      SUBROUTINE ATDMRS
*ATDMRS      AUGMENTED TRIDIAGONAL MATRIX REDUCTION      -ATDMRS-
C            SMALL MATRIX VERSION

C      GIVEN THE MATRIX EQUATION  AX=BY,
C      FIND  G  SO THAT  X=GY,
C      NOTE  X  AND  Y  ARE VECTORS.

C      INPUT-
C      A      - TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF X
C      B      = TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX OF Y (STORED IN G-ARRAY)
C              (OTHER OFF-DIAGONAL ELEMENTS MUST BE INITIALIZED TO ZERO)
C      IDIM   - FIRST SUBSCRIPT DIMENSION OF MATRIX B AND G
C      N      - ORDER OF MATRICES

C      ORDER OF STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY-
C      A(2,1)  A(3,1)  (A(1,1))          B(1,1)  B(1,2)
C      A(1,2)  A(2,2)  A(3,2)          B(2,1)  B(2,2)  B(2,3)
C              A(1,3)  A(2,3)  A(3,3)          B(3,2)  B(3,3)  B(3,4)
C              (A(3,4)) A(1,4)  A(2,4)          B(4,3)  B(4,4)

C      OFF DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF B MUST BE SET TO ZERO

C      OUTPUT-
C      G      - INVERSE(A) * B

      COMMON /ERASE / A(3,100), DUM(500)
      COMMON /CATM / N,IDIM,G(25)

C*** FORWARD REDUCTION
      A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)
      G(1)  = G(1)/A(2,1)
      G(IDIM+1)=G(IDIM+1)/A(2,1)
      I      = 2

C      SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,1)
      A(1,1)= A(1,1)/A(2,1)
      QA2I  = 1./ (A(2,2)-A(1,2)*A(3,1))
      A(3,2)= QA2I*(A(3,2)-A(1,2)*A(1,1))
      GO TO 97

      90 QA2I  = 1./ (A(2,I)-A(1,I)*A(3,I-1))
      95 A(3,I)= QA2I*A(3,I)
      97 J      = 1
         IJ     = I
      120 G(IJ) = QA2I*(G(IJ)-A(1,I)*G(IJ-1))
         IF(J-I) 140,140,160
      140 IF(J-N) 150,160,160
      150 J      = J+1
         IJ     = IJ+IDIM
         GO TO 120
      160 IF(I-N) 170,180,170
      170 I      = I+1

C      SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(N,N-2) WHICH IS STORED IN A(3,N)
      IF(I-N) 90,172,172
      172 A(1,I)= A(1,I)-A(3,I)*A(3,I-2)

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```

      J      = 1
      IJ     = 1
178  G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,I)*G(IJ-2)
179  J      = J+1
      IJ     = IJ+IDIM
      IF(J-1)178,90,90

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C*** BACK SUBSTITUTION

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180  I      = I-1
C    IF(I) 900,900,190
190  J      = 1
      IJ     = I

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```

C      SPECIAL LOGIC FOR INCLUDING A(4,1) WHICH IS STORED IN A(1,1)
192  IF(I-1) 900,195,200
195  G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(1,1)*G(IJ+2)

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200  G(IJ) = G(IJ)-A(3,1)*G(IJ+1)
      IF(J.EQ.N) GO TO 180
      J      = J+1
      IJ     = IJ+IDIM
      GO TO 192

```

```

900  RETURN
      END

```

285

*DECK CUBE

SUBROUTINE CUBE(X,Y,NN,B)

*CUBE-- FIT A SERIES OF CUBICS TO POINTS

-CUBE-

* END CONDITIONS ARE ARBITRARY

DIMENSION X(10),Y(10),B(10)

C ON ENTRY -

C X,Y = LISTS OF COORDINATES

C N = NO. OF POINTS (N.GE.2)

C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY - IN COMMON/CCUBE/ -

C NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)

C = 0, 1, OR 2

C YP(L) = FIRST DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=1

C YPP(L)= SECOND DERIVATIVE IF NBC(L)=2

C ON RETURN-

C B(I) = FIRST DERIVATIVE AT POINT I (I=1,N)

COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),YP(2),YPP(2),FEND(2)

COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB

COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266),DRASE(2)

LOGICAL PARAB

C INITIALIZE

N = NN

IA = 2

IB = N-1

DX1 = X(2)-X(1)

DY1 = Y(2)-Y(1)

DXN = X(N)-X(N-1)

DYN = Y(N)-Y(N-1)

C NOTE -DXN- IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N-1) INTERVAL. DXNMI WOULD BE
C MORE PRECISE SYMBOL.

C A STRAIGHT LINE IS USED FOR N=2 IF NBC(1)=NBC(2)=0

NBCS = NBC(1)+NBC(2)

IF(N.GT.2 .OR. NBCS.GT.0) GO TO 80

B(1) = (Y(2)-Y(1))/(X(2)-X(1))

B(2) = B(1)

GO TO 900

C CHECK IF PARABOLA (F=0) SHOULD BE USED

80 PARAB = (N.EQ.2 .AND. (NBC(1)*NBC(2)).EQ.0) .OR.

1 (N.EQ.3 .AND. NBCS.EQ.0)

C NBC=01, Y AND YP SPECIFIED

C LEFT END

110 IF(NBC(1).NE.01) GO TO 120

A(2,1)= 1.

A(3,1)= 0.

B(1) = YP(1)

C RIGHT END

120 IF(NBC(2).NE.01) GO TO 210

A(1,N)= 0.

A(2,N)= 1.

286

B(N) = YP(2)

C NBC=02, Y AND YPP SPECIFIED
C LEFT END

210 IF(NBC(1).NE.02) GO TO 220

A(2,1)= 4.

A(3,1)= 2.

B(1) = 6.*DY1/DX1 - YPP(1)*DX1

C RIGHT END

220 IF(NBC(2).NE.02) GO TO 310

A(1,N)= 2.

A(2,N)= 4.

B(N) = YPP(2)*DXN + 6.*DYN/DXN

C NBC=0, YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)

C LEFT END

310 IF(NBC(1).NE.0) GO TO 320

A(2,1)= 1.

A(3,1)= 1.

B(1) = 2.*DY1/DX1

IF(PARAB) GO TO 320

DX2 = X(3)-X(2)

DY2 = Y(3)-Y(2)

DX1DX2= DX1/DX2

A(2,1)= A(2,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2

A(3,1)= A(3,1) + FEND(1)*DX1DX2*(2.+DX1DX2)

B(1) = B(1) + FEND(1)*(3.*DY1+DY2*DX1DX2*DX1DX2)/DX2

C RIGHT END

320 IF(NBC(2).NE.0) GO TO 500

A(1,N)= 1.

A(2,N)= 1.

B(N) = 2.*DYN/DXN

IF(PARAB) GO TO 500

DXM = X(N-1)-X(N-2)

DYM = Y(N-1)-Y(N-2)

DXNDXM= DXN/DXM

A(1,N)= A(1,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM*(2.+DXNDXM)

A(2,N)= A(2,N) + FEND(2)*DXNDXM

B(N) = B(N) + FEND(2)*(3.*DYN+DYM*DXNDXM*DXNDXM)/DXM

500 CALL CUBICS(X,Y,B)

900 RETURN

END

287

*DECK CCUBE

BLOCK DATA CUBEBK

*CCUBE- DATA FOR /CCUBE /

-CCUBE-

COMMON /CCUBE / NHC(2),YP(2),YPP(2),FEND(2)

DATA NHC,YP,YPP,IEND/2*0,6*0./

END

286

*DECK CUBERS

SUBROUTINE CUBERS(X,NN)

*CUBERS YPP IN TERMS OF Y
C FOR CUBIC SPLINE EQUATIONS

-CUBERS-

C SPECIAL SMALL MATRIX VERSION WITH END CONDITIONS FOR -STC

DIMENSION X(10)

C ON ENTRY -

C X = LIST OF DISTANCES

C NN = NO. OF POINTS (N.GE.3)

C ALSO DEFINED ON ENTRY - IN COMMON/CCUBE/ -

C NBC(L)= BOUNDARY CONDITION INDICATOR FOR LEFT(L=1) AND RIGHT(L=2)

C = 0 IF FEND(L) IS SPECIFIED

C = 1 FOR YP(L)=0.

C = 2 FOR YPP(L)=0.

C = 4 FOR YP(L)=-C1(L)*Y(L) AND YPPP(L)=FEND(L)*YPPP(NEXT

C FEND(L)= END/NEXT TO END VALUE OF YPPP IF NBC(L)=0

C ON RETURN-

C G(I,J)- MATRIX DEFINED BY C=GY WHERE C IS A VECTOR OF SECOND DER

COMMON /CATM / N,IDIM,B(5,5)

COMMON /CCUBE / NBC(2),C1(2),C2(2),FEND(2)

COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266),DRASE(2)

C****DEFINE COEFFICIENT MATRICIES -A- AND -B-, WHERE A*YPP=B*Y

C INITIALIZE

N = NN

F1 = FEND(1)

F2 = FEND(2)

IF(N-3) 60,65,70

60 CALL ERROR1

65 F1 = 0.

F2 = 0.

70 CALL SETM(2,0., A,15, B,25)

DX1 = X(2)-X(1)

DX2 = X(3)-X(2)

DXM = X(N-1)-X(N-2)

DXN = X(N)-X(N-1)

C NOTE -DXN- IS THE DELTA X FOR THE (N-1) INTERVAL. DXNM1 WOULD BE

C MORE PRECISE SYMBOL.

IA = 2

IB = N-1

C NBC=01, YP=0.

C LEFT END

110 IF(NBC(1).NE.01) GO TO 120

A(2,1)= DX1+DX1

A(3,1)= DX1

B(1,2)= 6./DX1

B(1,1)= -B(1,2)

C RIGHT END

120 IF(NBC(2).NE.01) GO TO 210

A(1,N)= DXN

289

```

A(2,N) = DXN+DXN
B(N,N-1) = 6./DXN
B(N,N) = -B(N,N-1)

```

```

C   NBC=02,   YPP=0.
C   LEFT END
210 IF(NBC(1).NE.02) GO TO 220
    A(2,1) = 1.
C   RIGHT END
220 IF(NBC(2).NE.02) GO TO 310
    A(2,N) = 1.

```

```

C   NBC=0,   YPPP = F * YPPP(OF ADJACENT INTERVAL)
C   LEFT END
310 IF(NBC(1).NE.0) GO TO 320
    A(1,1) = F1*DX1
    A(2,1) = DX2
    A(3,1) = -DX2-A(1,1)
C   RIGHT END
320 IF(NBC(2).NE.0) GO TO 410
    A(3,N) = F2*DXN
    A(2,N) = DXM
    A(1,N) = -DXM-A(3,N)

```

```

C   NBC=04,   YP=C1*Y   AND   YPPP=F*YPPP(NEXT TO END)
C   LEFT END
410 IF(NBC(1).NE.04) GO TO 420
    CALL ERROR1
C   RIGHT END
420 IF(NBC(2).NE.04) GO TO 500
    A(2,N) = 1.
    IB      = N-2
    ADXN     = C1(2)*DXN
    C1PAD    = 1.+ADXN
    A(1,N-1) = DXM + F2*DXN*DXN/DXM*(3.+ADXN)/C1PAD
    A(2,N-1) = A(1,N-1)+DXM+3.*DXN*(2.+ADXN)/C1PAD
    B(N-1,N-2) = 6./DXM
    B(N-1,N-1) = -6.*(1./DXM+C1(2)/C1PAD)

```

```

C   CURIC RECURSION FORMULA BASED ON MATCHING   YP   AND   YPP
500 IF(IB.LT.1A) GO TO 600
    DO 550 I=1A,IB
    A(1,I) = X(I)-X(I-1)
    A(3,I) = X(I+1)-X(I)
    A(2,I) = 2.*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))
    B(I,I-1) = 6./A(1,I)
    B(I,I+1) = 6./A(3,I)
550 B(I,I) = -B(I,I-1)-B(I,I+1)

```

```

C***DETERMINATION OF -G- BY MATRIX REDUCTION,   YPP=G*Y
600 IDIM   = 5
    CALL ATDMRS

900 RETURN
END

```

290

*DECK CUBICS

SUBROUTINE CUBICS(X,Y,B)

*CUBICS SERIES OF CUBICS FIT TO COORDINATE POINTS -CUBICS-
DIMENSION X(100), Y(100), B(100)

C INPUT-

C X(I),Y(I)

C A(1,I),A(2,I),A(3,I),B(I) I=1,(IA-1) AND I=(IB+1),N (I.E. B.C

C IA,IB RANGE IN WHICH THE COEFFICIENT MATRIX AND CONSTANT VECTOR
C BE DEFINED BY EQUATIONS FOR MATCHING YP AND YPP.

C 1,N RANGE OF X,Y, AND B

C OUTPUT

C B(I) SLOPE AT X(I)

COMMON /CCUBIC/ N,IA,IB

COMMON /ERASE / A(3,266), DRASE(2)

C SET UP TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENT MATRIX A AND VECTOR B. ORDER OF
C STORAGE IS ILLUSTRATED BY -

A(2,1)	A(3,1)			B(1)
A(1,2)	A(2,2)	A(3,2)		B(2)
	A(1,3)	A(2,3)	A(3,3)	B(3)
		A(1,4)	A(2,4)	B(4)

C I = POINTS AT WHICH YP AND YPP ARE MATCHED

C IA,IB = LIMITS OF I

IF(1B.LT.1A) GO TO 100

DO 70 I=1A,1B

A(1,I)= X(I+1)-X(I)

A(3,I)= X(I)-X(I-1)

A(2,I)= 2.*(A(1,I)+A(3,I))

70 B(I) = 3.*((Y(I+1)-Y(I))*A(3,I)/A(1,I)+(Y(I)-Y(I-1))*A(1,I)/A(3,I))
1)

C ROUTINE TDSEQ - TRIDIAGONAL SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS

C SOLUTION TO AX=B. ON RETURN SOLUTION VECTOR X IS STORED IN B.

100 A(3,1)= A(3,1)/A(2,1)

B(1) = B(1)/A(2,1)

DO 150 I=2,N

A(2,I)= A(2,I)-A(1,I)*A(3,I-1)

A(3,I)= A(3,I)/A(2,I)

150 B(I) = (B(I)-A(1,I)*B(I-1)) / A(2,I)

I = N

200 I = I-1

IF(I.LE.0) GO TO 900

B(I) = B(I)-A(3,I)*B(I+1)

GO TO 200

900 RETURN

END

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C4

```

*DECK CUFIT
      SUBROUTINE CUFIT(X,Y,NPTS, NEW, XC,YC,NXC,ND, B)
*CUFIT-                                     -CUFIT-
C      INTEGRATE, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES, 1ST, OR, 2ND DERIVAT
C      BY A CUBIC SPLINE CURVE FIT

      LOGICAL                                NEW
      DIMENSION X(10),Y(10), XC(10),YC(10), B(10)
C      NOTE. THE DIMENSION -10- DOES NOT NEED TO AGREE WITH THE CALLING

C      INPUT-
C      X, Y      PTS. ON CURVE
C      NPTS      NO. OF X
C      NEW       =1 (.TRUE.) TO FIT CURVE, =0 (.FALSE.) TO USE LAST FIT
C      XC        LIST OF X AT WHICH CALC TO BE DONE
C      YC(1)     INTEGRATION CONSTANT IF ND=-1
C      NXC       NO. OF XC
C      ND        =0 TO GET COORD, =1 OR 2 TO GET 1ST OR SECOND DERIV.
C              =-1 FOR INTEGRATION
C      OUTPUT
C      YC        COORDINATE OR DERIVATIVE AT XC      OR
C              YC(IC)= INTEGRAL(Y*DX) FROM XC(1) TO XC(IC) WHERE IC=2,NXC
C      B(1)      FIRST DERIVAT AT POINT I (I=1,N)

C      NOTES-
C      -X- MAY BE IN EITHER ASCENDING OR DESCENDING ORDER.
C      FOR INTEGRATION -XC- MUST BE IN THE SAME ORDER AS -X-. FOR INTERP
C      NO SPECIAL ORDER IS REQUIRED.

      LOGICAL WITHIN

C      FIT THE CUBIC SPLINE
      IF(.NOT.NEW) GO TO 100
      CALL CUBE(X,Y,NPTS, B)

C      INTERPOLATE
100  I      = 1
      DO 150 IC=1,NXC

C      LOCATE APPROPRIATE INTERVAL
      WITHIN=.FALSE.
      NCOUNT=NPTS
      N      = NCOUNT-1
101  NCOUNT=NCOUNT-1
      IF(NCOUNT.EQ.0) GO TO 120

      F      = (XC(IC)-X(I)) / (X(I+1)-X(I))
      IF(F.GE.0.) GO TO 110

C      F.LT.0.
      IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 125
      IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 120
      I      = I-1
      GO TO 101

110  IF(F.LE.1.) GO TO 125

```

```

C      F.GT.1.0
      IF(I.EQ.N) GO TO 125
      IF(ND.EQ.(-1)) GO TO 126
112 I      = I+1
      GO TO 101

120 CALL ERROR1

C      PRELIMINARY CALCULATIONS FOR INTERPOLATION OR INTEGRATION
125 WITHIN=.TRUE.
126 DX      = X(I+1)-X(I)
      DY      = Y(I+1)-Y(I)
      D      = (B(I)+B(I+1)-2.*DY/DX)/(DX*DX)
      C      = (3.*DY/DX-(2.*B(I)+B(I+1)))/DX
      XD      = XC(IC)-X(I)
      L      = ND+2
      GO TO (130,140,141,142),L

C      ND=-1, INTEGRATE
130 IF(.NOT.WITHIN) XD=DX
      S1      = (Y(I) + (B(I)/2. + (C/3. + D/4.*XD)*XD)*XD)
      IF(WITHIN) GO TO 135
C      -I- IS BEING INCREMENTED TO FIND APPROPRIATE INTERVAL. HENCE,
C      CUMULATE THE INTEGRAL OF THE ITH INTERVAL.
      SA      = SA + S1
      GO TO 112
C      APPROPRIATE INTERVAL FOUND.  X(I)-XC(IC)-X(I+1)
135 IF(IC.EQ.1) SA=YC(IC)-S1
      IF(IC.NE.1) YC(IC)=SA+S1
      GO TO 150

C      ND=0, INTERPOLATE FOR COORDINATES
140 YC(IC)= Y(I) + (B(I) + (C + D*XD)*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C      ND=1, FIRST DERIVATIVE
141 YC(IC)= B(I) + (2.*C + 3.*D*XD)*XD
      GO TO 150

C      ND=2, SECOND DERIVATIVE
142 YC(IC)= 2.*C + 6.*D*XD

150 CONTINUE

      RETURN
      END

```

```

*DECK CUFITR
      SUBROUTINE CUFITR(X,NIC,IMID)
*CUFITR      TEMPORARY ROUTINE FOR
C            DETERMINING INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C            FOR INFIELD BOUNDARY POINTS
C            WHICH TERMINATE -PARTIAL ORTHOGONALS-

      DIMENSION X(4)

      COMMON /CATM / NX,XDIM,G(5,5)
      DIMENSION      Y(4),B(4)

      X3      = X(IMID)

C      SHIFT X-ELEMENTS ABOVE -IMID- TO THE LEFT
      NMOVE = NIC-IMID
      CALL MOVE(1,X(IMID+1),X(IMID),NMOVE,1)

      NI = NIC - 1
      DO 60 I=1,NI
      DO 50 II=1,NI
50  Y(II) = 0.
      Y(I)  = 1.
60  CALL CUFIT(X,Y,NIC-1, .TRUE., X3,G(IMID,I),1,0,B)

C      SHIFT G(IMID,I) TO THE RIGHT FOR I.GT.IMID
      I      = NI
70  G(IMID,I+1) = G(IMID,I)
      I      = I-1
      IF(1.GE.IMID) GO TO 70
      G(IMID,IMID)=-1.
      RETURN
      END

```

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*DECK FFINC

SUBROUTINE FFINC

CFFINC INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS ON FAR FIELD BOUNDARY

-FFINC-

COMMON /CFB / L,MA,MB,DFB(30)

COMMON /CFFINC/ GFF(6)

COMMON /CFRFIN/ DM(4),ZDN1,ZDN25

COMMON /CIDEX / M,J,MU,MD,ISTAG

COMMON /CS1 / S1(300)

COMMON /CZ / Z(300)

C

1 M = MB

CALL GETIX

QDS1 = 2./(S1(MD)-S1(MU))

C COMPUTE INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS

GFF(2)= 0.

GFF(6)= 0.

IF(MU.EQ.0 .OR. MD.EQ.0) GO TO 20

GFF(3)= -.865*QDS1

GFF(4)= -2.*GFF(3)

GFF(5)= GFF(3)

GO TO 2

20 GFF(3)= 0.

GFF(5)=0.

IF(MD.EQ.0) GO TO 25

DS1 = S1(MD)-S1(M)

GFF(5)= -.865/DS1

ZL = Z(M)-ZDN1

RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2

GFF(4)= GFF(5)*(RATIO-2.)

GO TO 2

25 DS1 = S1(M)-S1(MU)

GFF(3)= -.865/DS1

ZL = ZDN25-Z(M)

RATIO = ((ZL-DS1)/ZL)**2

GFF(4)= GFF(3)*(RATIO-2.)

2 RETURN

END

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*DECK IAD

SUBROUTINE IAD

*IAD IMPLICIT ALTERNATING DIRECTION ROUTINE--STC

-IAD-

C INPUT
C MIB,MUB,LO,LNEXT---STATION TABLE
C B(M) = INDICATOR (B.GI.O--SUBSONIC) (B.LE.O -- SUPERSONIC)
C A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,A6,A7,A8 = INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS
C RHS(M) = RIGHT HAND SIDES OF MATRIX EQUATION
C A4(M) = 1. FOR FIRST POINT OF DOUBLE STREAMLINE
C IADM = -1 LINE RELAXATION ALONG STREAMLINE
C IADM = 0 ALTERNATING ORTHOGONAL, STREAMLINE RELAXATION
C IADM = 1 LINE RELAXATION ALONG ORTHOGONAL

COMMON /CB / B(300)
COMMON /CDS2 / DS2(300)
COMMON /CRHS / RHS(300)
COMMON /CA2 / A2(300)
COMMON /CA3 / A3(300)
COMMON /CA4 / A4(300)
COMMON /CA5 / A5(300)
COMMON /CA6 / A6(300)
COMMON /CA7 / A7(300)
COMMON /CA8 / A8(300)
DIMENSION A1(300),A0(300)
EQUIVALENCE (A1,A5),(A0,A6)
COMMON /CDDS2 / DDS2
COMMON /CIADIN/ RHOBAS,RHUAMP,IADM
COMMON /CLBL / LBL,LSS(2),LBLDUM(5)
LOGICAL LRL
COMMON /CMAXIT/ MAXIT,NREFIN,DUMIT(2)
COMMON /CPI / PI,DUMPI(5)
COMMON /CTOLRL/ TOLRL,MAXSWP,CLEN,DS2MX,TOLES2,NSWP,DTOLRL(6),
* SGIMIN,TOLINK

C STATION TABLE
C INDEX- L=LO,LESTA
C SCHOKE= STATION CHOKE INDICATOR (ADJWF,BRHS,WRIOUT)
C MCL = SHARP CORNER INDICATOR (BLDTBS)
C MCL = FIELD INDEX OF CONTROL STREAMLINE (PTMOVE,FLOHAL)
COMMON /CHDATA/ X1(1),LNEXT(1),MLB(1),MUB(1),PRIM(1),
1 TYPELB(1),NAMELB(1),ILB(1),FLB(1),SILB(1),
1 TYPEUB(1),NAMEUB(1),IUB(1),FUB(1),SIUB(1),
3 VMB(1),DWDV(1), X2CL(1),VCL(1),MCL(481)
LOGICAL PRIM
INTEGER TYPELB,TYPEUB
DIMENSION SCHOKE(1)
EQUIVALENCE (SCHOKE,DWDV)

C TABLE OF INDEX LIMITS
COMMON /IXORIG/ LHO,LHE, LBDO,LBDE, LTO,LTE, LWO,LWE, LFO,LFE,
* LO,LESTA, LDUM(8),
* MD,NM, NJ,NFCOLS, MAXNJ,MAXOL,MAXNM,MAXLE,
* LEO,LEE, LRO,LRE,LRO
DIMENSION LIMITS(24)
EQUIVALENCE (LIMITS,LHO)
COMMON /CM / JMS(300)
COMMON /CIDEX / MM2,JS,M1,MDN,ISTAG
COMMON /CIDEXR/ M,MJ1(4),M3,MJ2(4),M5,MJ4(4),M2,MJ5(4),M6,MJ6(4)
COMMON /ERASE2/ AA4(128),AA8(128),BB(128),A41(128),A42(128),
* MSAVE(128),DRASE(732)


```

COMMON /CPRINT/ PDUM(6),PRT(20)
COMMON /CSS / SSFML,SSEF,SSEANG,SSDF,SSFEND,SSFND1
1      ,SSDLE,A4FACT,BRLX,CURRLX,TSIC,RHOC,RHOCSS
      INTEGER      SSFML
      LOGICAL      SSEF,      SSDF,      SSDLE

```

```

C      INITIALIZE DS2 TO 0., NSWP=0
      CALL SETM(1,0.,DS2,NM)
      NSWP = 0
      ASSIGN 235 TO LGO
      ALIM = SQRT( FLOAT(NM) )
      LIMSWP= MAXSWP-IFIX(ALIM)-2
      FNM = 1./ALIM
      CLENX = 4.*SG1MIN
      ITYPE = IADM+2
      XXK = 0.
      RHO = RHOBAS

```

```

C      LOOP TO SWEEP THROUGH STATIONS
      LSTART= LO
      LEND = LESTA
      IF( .NOT.LBL ) GO TO 1

```

```

      IF( LSS(2).EQ.0 .OR. LSS(2).LT.LSS(1) ) RETURN
C      SET LIMITS FOR LINE BY LINE SUPERSONIC SOLUTION

```

```

      ITYPE = 2
      LSTART= LSS(1)
      LEND = LSS(2)+1
1     L = LSTART
      DS2MX = 0.
      DDS2 = 0.
      IF( RHOAMP.EQ.0. ) GO TO 1111

```

```

C      COMPUTE RHO --ITERATION FACTOR
      XXK = XXK+1.
      IF( XXK.GE.ALIM ) XXK=1.
      TSIN = SIN(.5*XXK*PI*FNM)
      RHO = RHOBAS+2.*RHOAMP*TSIN**2

```

```

1111 RHO1 = 1.-RHO
      GO TO (200,2,2) , ITYPE

```

```

C      LOOP ACROSS STREAMLINES

```

```

2     MA = MLB(L)
      MB = MUB(L)
      IF(NSWP.GE.LIMSWP) PDUM(3)=1.
      M = MA
3     K = 0
4     K = K+1

```

```

C      BUILD COEFFICIENT TABLES FOR TDSEQ ON ORTHOGONAL

```

```

C      GET M2,M3,M5,M6 INDICES

```

```

      CALL GETRLX

```

```

C      CALCULATE MODIFIED RIGHT HAND SIDES

```

```

      IF( B(M).LE.0. ) GO TO 20

```

```

C      SUBSONIC BRANCH

```

```

10     AA41 = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))

```

```

      AA42 = A4(M)-AA41

```

```

      BB(K) = RHS(M)-(A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RHO1*AA41*DS2(M))

```

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```

*          +A5(M)*DS2(M5)+A6(M)*DS2(M6))
AA4K  = AA42+RHO*AA41
GO TO 30

```

```

C    SUPERSONIC BRANCH      -----GLT INDEX-- M1
C    SPECIAL 5 POINT CUBIC-- SSFML=3, PICK UP A0
20 M1  = M2
21 MM2  = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1.EQ.0 ) M1=M
    IF( ISTAG.EQ.3 ) GO TO 21
    MISAV = M1
25 MM2  = M1
    CALL GETIX
    IF( M1.EQ.0 ) M1=M
    IF( ISTAG.EQ.3 ) GO TO 25
    MO    = M1
    MI    = MISAV
    AA41  = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M)+A0(M))
    AA42  = A4(M)-AA41
    BB(K) = RHS(M)-(A1(M)*DS2(M1)+A2(M)*DS2(M2)+A3(M)*DS2(M3)+RHO1*
*          AA41*DS2(M) +A0(M)*DS2(M0))
    AA4K  = AA42+RHO*AA41
    IF(SSFML.EQ.3) GO TO 29

```

```

C    TRIDIAGONAL DECOMPOSITION
C    IF A6(M)=0, ADJUST LOCALLY TO RHO=1
30 IF( A6(M).NE.0. ) GO TO 31
29 BB(K) = BB(K)+RHO1*AA41*DS2(M)
    AA4K  = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
31 IF( K.GE.2 ) GO TO 50
    AA8(K)= A8(M)/AA4K
    BB(K) = BB(K)/AA4K
    GO TO 61

```

```

C    FORWARD DECOMPOSITION
C    SPECIAL LOGIC FOR 2-ND OF DOUBLE POINTS
50 IF(A4(M).NE.1.) GO TO 51
    GO TO 60
51 IF(A4(M-1).NE.1.) GO TO 60
    IF( B(M).LE.0. ) GO TO 52
    AA41  = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
    GO TO 53
52 AA41  = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A1(M))
53 AA42  = A4(M)-AA41
    AA4K  = AA42+RHO*AA41
    IF( A6(M).EQ.0. .OR. (B(M).LE.0. .AND. SSFML.EQ.3 ) )
*AA4K  = AA4K+RHO1*AA41
    AA4K  = 1./((AA4K+A7(M)*AA8(K-2)*AA8(K-1)))
    AA8(K)= A8(M)*AA4K
    BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*(BB(K-2)-AA8(K-2)*BB(K-1)))*AA4K
    GO TO 61
60 AA4K  = 1./((AA4K-A7(M)*AA8(K-1)))
    AA8(K)= A8(M)*AA4K
    BB(K) = (BB(K)-A7(M)*BB(K-1))*AA4K
61 IF( M.GE.MB ) GO TO 62
    M    = M+1
    GO TO 4

```

298

DS2(M)= BB(K)

C BACK SUBSTITUTION

70 M = M-1
K = K-1
IF(M.LT.MA) GO TO 100
BB(K) = BB(K)-AA8(K)*BB(K+1)

C CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX

62 DDS2 = AMAX1(DDS2,ABS(BB(K)-DS2(M)))
DS2(M)= BB(K)
DS2MX = AMAX1(DS2MX,ABS(DDS2(M)))
GO TO 70

C INDEX TO NEXT STATION

100 IF(DS2MX.GT.CLENX) CALL ERROR1
L = L+LNEXT(L)
IF(L.LT.LEND) GO TO 2

C INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER

NSWP = NSWP+1
IF(PDUM(3).NE.0.) CALL TABPRT(5HDS2-A,DS2,NM,NJ)
IF(PDUM(3).NE.0.) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,DS2MX
999 FORMAT(/6X,5HDDS2=,1PE16.8,6X,6HDS2MX=,E16.8//)
IF(IADM.EQ.1 .OR. LBL) GO TO 321

C LOOP TO SWEEP CROSS-STREAM ALONG STREAMLINES

C NOTE*** ISTAG=3 POINTS ARE SKIPPED

200 J2 =NJ
DS2MX = 0.
DDS2 = 0.
202 M = MBEGIN(J2)

C CONSTRUCT MATRIX COEFFICIENTS ALONG STREAMLINE

K = 0
203 K = K+1

C GET INDICES M2,M3,M5,M6

205 MSAVE(K)= M
CALL GETRLX

C IF B(M).LE.0.--(SUPERSONIC-- SUBTRACT A1*DS2(M1) FROM BB

C IF SSFML.EQ.3 ALSO SUBTRACT A0*DS2(M0) FROM BB

A41K = -(A2(M)+A3(M)+A5(M)+A6(M))
IF(B(M).LE.0.) A41K=A41K+A5(M)+A6(M)
A42K = A4(M)-A41K
AA4K = A41K+RHO*A42K
MDB = M-1
IF(A4(M-1).EQ.1.) MDB=M-2
BB(K) = RHS(M)-(A7(M)*DS2(MDB)+RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)
* +A8(M)*DS2(M+1))

IF(B(M).GT.0.) GO TO 206

M1 = M2

2051 MM2 = M1

CALL GETIX

IF(M1.EQ.0) M1=M

IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 2051

M1SAV = M1

2052 MM2 = M1

CALL GETIX

IF(M1.EQ.0) M1=M

IF(ISTAG.EQ.3) GO TO 2052

299

```

M0      = M1
M1      = M1SAV
BB(K)   = BB(K)-A1(M)*DS2(M1)-A2(M)*DS2(M0)

```

C PENTA-DIAGONAL MATRIX-- DECOMPOSITION

C ADJUST TO RHO=1 IF A7(M)=0.

```

206 IF( A7(M).NE.0. ) GO TO 207
    BB(K) = BB(K)+RHO1*A42K*DS2(M)
    AA4K  = AA4K+RHO1*A42K
207 IF( K.GT.2 ) GO TO 220
    GO TO (208,210) , K
208 CM      = 1./AA4K
    A41(K) = A5(M)*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. ) A41(K)=0.
    A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. .AND. SSFML.EQ.3 ) A42(K)=0.
    BB(K)  = BB(K)*CM
    GO TO 225
210 CM      = 1./((AA4K-A3(M)*A41(K-1)))
    A41(K) = (A5(M)-A3(M)*A42(K-1))*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. ) A41(K)=A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
    A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. .AND. SSFML.EQ.3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
    BB(K)  = (BB(K)-A3(M)*BB(K-1))*CM
    GO TO 225
220 CMA      = A3(M)-A2(M)*A41(K-2)
    CM      = 1./((AA4K-A2(M)*A42(K-2)-CMA*A41(K-1)))
    A41(K) = (A5(M)-CMA*A42(K-1))*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. ) A41(K)=A41(K)-A5(M)*CM
    A42(K) = A6(M)*CM
    IF( B(M).LE.0. .AND. SSFML.EQ.3 ) A42(K) = A42(K)-A6(M)*CM
    BB(K)  = (BB(K)-A2(M)*BB(K-2)-CMA*BB(K-1))*CM
225 IF( M5.EQ.M ) GO TO 230
    M      = M5
    GO TO 203

```

C BACK-SUBSTITUTION LOOP

```

230 ASSIGN 231 TO JGO
    GO TO 250
231 K      = K-1
    ASSIGN 240 TO JGO
    BB(K)  = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)
    M      = MSAVE(K)
    GO TO 250
240 K      = K-1
    M      = MSAVE(K)
    IF( K.LT.1 ) GO TO 300
    BB(K)  = BB(K)-A41(K)*BB(K+1)-A42(K)*BB(K+2)

```

C CALCULATE DDS2,DS2MX

```

250 DDS2 = AMAX1(DDS2,ABS(BB(K)-DS2(M)) )
    DS2(M) = BB(K)
    DS2MX = AMAX1(DS2MX,ABS(DS2(M)) )
    GO TO JGO , (231,240)
300 IF( DS2MX.GT.CLENX ) CALL ERROR1
    J2      = J2-1
    IF( J2.GE.1 ) GO TO 202

```

IF(PDUM(3).NE.0.) CALL TABPRT(5HDS2-B,DS2,NM,NJ)
IF(PDUM(3).NE.0.) WRITE (6,999) DDS2,DS2MX

C INCREMENT SWEEP COUNTER

320 NSWP = NSWP+1

C STREAMLINE SWEEP COMPLETE-- CHECK CONVERGENCE

321 IF(DDS2.LE.TOLRL*DS2MX) GO TO 900

IF(NSWP.LE.MAXSWP) GO TO 1

ASSIGN 234 TO LGO

900 IF(PRT(2).EQ.0.) GO TO 902

CALL TABPRT(5HDS2-F,DS2,NM,NJ)

902 GO TO LGO , (234,235)

234 CALL ERROR1

235 RETURN

END

```

*DECK SS5PTI
SUBROUTINE SS5PTI(XX,G)
*SS5PTI      SUPERSONIC 5-PT INFLUENCE COEFFICIENTS      -SS5PTI-
      DIMENSION      XX(5),G(25)

C      INPUT-
C      XX      = STREAMWISE DISTANCE OF FOUR POINTS, XX(1),...X(4)

C      OUTPUT-
C      G      = CHANGE IN SECOND DERIVATIVE, D2YDX2, PER UNIT CHANGE IN
C              YY(0),...Y(4)

      COMMON /CSS5PT/ X(4),Y(4), X21,X31,X32,X41,X42,X43, A0,A1,A2,A3,A4

C      X(0) = 0.
      DO 65 I=1,4
65  X(I) = XX(I+1)-XX(1)
      CALL SS5PT
      G(5) = A0
      G(10) = A1
      G(15) = A2
      G(20) = A3
      G(25) = A4
      RETURN
      END

```